

TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO.

Explosives.

No. 15.—1907.

25th March.

AN ORDINANCE relating to Gunpowder and other Explosive Substances.

H. G. Jackson
Governor.
8th April, 1907.

BE it enacted by the Governor of Trinidad and Tobago with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof as follows:—

Preliminary.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Explosives Short title. Ordinance, 1907.

2. In this Ordinance unless the context otherwise requires Interpretation.

“Explosive” means gunpowder, nitro-glycerine, dynamite, gun-cotton, blasting powders, fulminate of mercury or of other metals, coloured fires, and every other substance, whether similar to those above mentioned or not, used or manufactured with a view to produce a practical effect by explosion or a pyrotechnic effect; and includes fog-signals, fireworks, fuzes, rockets, percussion caps, detonators, cartridges, ammunition of all descriptions, and every adaptation or preparation of an explosive as above defined;

“Safety Cartridge” means cartridges for small arms, of which the case can be extracted from the small arm after firing, and which are so closed as to prevent any explosion in one cartridge being communicated to the other cartridges:

“Vessel” includes any ship, boat and any other description of vessel used in navigation, whether propelled by oars, sails, steam or by any other method :

“Vehicle” includes any waggon, cart, truck, barrow, tray, or other receptacle used or intended to be used for conveying goods or passengers by land :

“Magazine” means a magazine duly appointed under this Ordinance :

“Permit” means a permit granted under this Ordinance :

“Certificate” means a certificate granted under this Ordinance :

“Prescribed” means prescribed by regulations made by the Governor in Executive Council :

“Wholesale dealer” and “retail dealer” mean respectively a licensed wholesale dealer and a licensed retail dealer in explosives :

“Dealer in safety cartridges” means a licensed dealer in safety cartridges :

“Inspector of Constabulary” includes the Inspector-General of Constabulary, the Deputy Inspector-General of Constabulary and any Inspector or Sub-Inspector of Constabulary :

“Constable” includes any member of the Constabulary Force and of the Rural Constabulary.

PART I.

GUNPOWDER.

Appointment
of Magazines.

3. The Governor in Executive Council may from time to time appoint any place or vessel to be a magazine for the reception of gunpowder, and notice of such appointment shall be given by Proclamation published in the *Royal Gazette*.

Such proclamation and appointment must, unless the magazine be a floating magazine, define the land forming the site of such magazine; and the land so defined, with every building thereon, for whatever purpose used or intended, shall be deemed to constitute a magazine.

Production of a copy of the *Royal Gazette* containing such proclamation shall be *prima facie* evidence of the issue of such proclamation.

Each such magazine shall be under the charge of such person as the Governor may appoint for that purpose.

4.—(1.) In every magazine the following general rules shall be observed:— General rules
for Magazines.

- (a.) Every building in which gunpowder is kept shall be used only for the keeping of gunpowder and receptacles for gunpowder or tools or implements for work connected with the keeping of such gunpowder;
- (b.) The interior of every such building and all benches, shelves and fittings in such building other than machinery shall be so constructed or so lined or covered as to prevent the exposure of any iron or steel and the detaching of any grit, iron, steel or similar substance in such manner, as to come into contact with the gunpowder, and such interior benches, shelves and fittings shall be kept free from grit and otherwise clean;
- (c.) Charcoal, whether ground or otherwise, and oiled cotton, oiled rags and oiled waste, and any articles whatever liable to spontaneous ignition, shall not be taken into any such building;
- (d.) No repairs shall be done to or in any part of such building except in accordance with the directions of the Governor;
- (e.) All tools and implements used in any repairs to or in any such building shall be made only of wood or copper or brass or some soft metal or material, or shall be covered with some safe and suitable material;

- (*f.*) Every person entering into any such building shall wear clothes without pockets, and shoes (if any) without any iron or steel therein, and no person shall introduce into any such building any lucifer matches or any artificial light (except luminous surfaces incapable of producing ignition) or any substance or article likely to cause explosion or fire, or any iron, steel, or grit ;
- (*g.*) No person shall smoke in any part of a magazine except in such part, if any, as may be allowed by the Governor ;
- (*h.*) Any vehicle in which gunpowder is conveyed to or from any magazine shall be constructed without any exposed iron or steel in the interior thereof, and shall contain only the gunpowder and shall be closed or otherwise properly covered over ; and the gunpowder shall be so conveyed with all due diligence and with such precautions and in such manner as will sufficiently guard against any accidental ignition ;
- (*i.*) No person under the age of sixteen years shall be employed in or enter any building containing gunpowder except in the presence and under the supervision of some competent older person.

(2.) The Governor may from time to time by regulations make, alter, or revoke such modifications in the foregoing general rules as may appear to him to be necessary for adapting the same to any floating magazine, and such modifications shall have effect as if they were contained in this section.

(3.) In the event of any breach by any act or default of any of the foregoing general rules or of the regulations, the person committing such breach shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding twenty pounds : and moreover, where such breach was not committed by the person having the charge of the magazine, such person shall, nevertheless, be liable to a penalty not exceeding ten pounds unless he proves to the satisfaction of the Stipendiary Justice of the Peace by whom the case is heard that such breach happened without any negligence or failure in duty on his part.

5. The person having the charge of any magazine may, with the sanction of the Governor, make special rules for the regulation of the persons employed in or about such magazine with a view to secure therein the observance of this Ordinance and any regulations made thereunder, and the safety and proper discipline of the said persons and the safety of the public. Special rules
for magazines.

There may be annexed to any breach of any special rule made in pursuance of this section such penalty not exceeding five pounds for each offence as may be deemed just.

Storage.

6.—(1.) Any gunpowder lawfully imported into this Colony shall be taken to a magazine provided by the Government, and may there remain without payment of rent or other charge for any period not exceeding eighteen months. Storage.

(2.) If any gunpowder remains in such magazine beyond the said period of eighteen months, rent shall be paid in respect thereof at the prescribed rate, which shall not exceed twopence per pound per month. Such rent shall accrue due from day to day, and shall be paid on the last day of successive periods of six months, the first of which periods shall commence at the expiration of the before-mentioned period of eighteen months, or shall be paid in case any such gunpowder is removed or sold during any of the said periods of six months at the time of such removal or sale, and no gunpowder shall be removed until all rent and other charges due in respect thereof are paid.

(3.) Where six months' rent in respect of any gunpowder is in arrear and unpaid, such gunpowder may be sold by the person in charge of the magazine in such manner and subject to such conditions as he thinks fit. Out of the purchase money arising from such sale such person shall, in the first place, pay the charges and expenses of and incident to the sale, and in the next place all rent due in respect of the gunpowder up to the time of sale, and the surplus (if any) he shall pay to the owner of the gunpowder on demand if such demand is made at any time during the day of sale, but if demand is not made as aforesaid, he shall pay such surplus to the Receiver-General, who shall hold the same in trust for the owner, his executors, administrators or assigns: Provided that at the expiration of two years from

the time of sale such surplus, if not applied for by some person or persons lawfully entitled thereto, shall be forfeited to His Majesty for the public use of the Colony and the rights of all other persons therein or thereto shall be extinguished.

Importation, &c.

Only dealer
may import.

7. No person other than a wholesale dealer shall import gunpowder into the Colony.

Any person contravening the provisions of this section shall on conviction be liable to a penalty not exceeding fifty pounds.

Regulations
as to
importation,
exportation
and tranship-
ment.

8.—(1.) The Governor may from time to time make, alter, and revoke regulations as to the having or keeping and as to the unloading and conveyance within the waters of this Colony of gunpowder, and as to the landing of gunpowder and the subsequent conveyance thereof to a magazine, and as to the conveyance of gunpowder for exportation from a magazine to any wharf or shipping place and the subsequent conveyance and loading thereof within the waters of the Colony, and as to the transhipping of gunpowder within such waters, and in particular regulations declaring or regulating all or any of the following matters, that is to say:—

- (a.) The notice or warning to be given by vessels having on board, or conveying, loading, or unloading gunpowder;
- (b.) The navigation and place of mooring of such vessels;
- (c.) Subject in cases in which the general rules with respect to packing in this Ordinance contained are applicable to such general rules, the mode of stowing and keeping gunpowder on board any such vessel, and of giving notice by brands, labels, or otherwise of the nature of the package containing the gunpowder;
- (d.) The description, construction, fitting up, and licensing of the vessels or vehicles to be used for the conveyance of gunpowder, and the licensing and dress of the persons having charge thereof;

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- (e.) Prohibiting or subjecting to conditions and restrictions the keeping or conveyance of gunpowder with any explosive or any other articles or substances, or in passenger vessels, trains or vehicles ;
 - (f.) The places and times at which gunpowder is to be loaded or unloaded, and the quantity to be loaded or unloaded or conveyed at one time or in one vessel or vehicle ;
 - (g.) The mode of and the precautions to be observed in conveying any gunpowder, and the loading or unloading any vessel, or vehicle conveying gunpowder, and the time during which gunpowder may be kept during such conveyance, loading, or unloading.
 - (h.) The times at which lights or fires are to be allowed or not allowed on board such vessels, as before mentioned, or at which a constable or other officer is to be on board them ;
 - (i.) The publication and supply of copies of the regulations ;
 - (j.) Enforcing the observance of this Ordinance ; and
 - (k.) Generally for protecting, whether by means similar to those above mentioned or not, persons and property from danger.

(2.) The penalties to be annexed to any breach or attempt to commit any breach of any such regulations may be all or any of the following penalties, and may be imposed on such persons and graduated in such manner as may be deemed just, according to the gravity of the offence, and according as it may be a first or second or other subsequent offence, that is to say, pecuniary penalties not exceeding twenty-five pounds for each offence, and five pounds for each day during which the offence continues, and forfeiture of all or any part of the gunpowder in respect of which, or found in the vessel or vehicle in respect of which, the breach of regulation has taken place.

(3.) In the event of any breach of a regulation under this section in the case of any vessel, vehicle, or gunpowder, whether there has or has not been any conviction for such breach, it shall be lawful for any Harbour-master, Assistant Harbour-master, officer or person named in the regulations, or any person acting under the orders of such Harbour-master, Assistant Harbour-master, officer or person to cause such vessel, vehicle, or gunpowder, at the expense of the owner thereof, to be removed to such place or otherwise dealt with in such manner as may be in conformity with the regulations, and all expenses incurred in such removal may be recovered in the same manner as a penalty under this section.

(4.) Any person resisting such Harbour-master, Assistant Harbour-master, officer or person, in such removal, shall be liable to the same penalties as a person is liable to for obstructing a constable in the execution of his duty.

Amount in
possession.

9.—(1.) Except gunpowder in the course of removal under and according to a permit, a wholesale dealer shall not have in his possession or custody for any purpose whatsoever more than one hundred and eighty pounds of gunpowder.

(2.) Except gunpowder in the course of removal under and according to a permit, a retail dealer shall not have in his possession or custody for any purpose whatsoever more than thirty pounds of gunpowder.

(3.) Except gunpowder in the course of removal under and according to a permit or certificate, no person other than a wholesale dealer or a retail dealer shall have in his possession or custody for any purpose whatsoever more than ten pounds of gunpowder.

(4.) This section shall not apply to gunpowder in any vessel or magazine or in the course of conveyance according to regulations made under this Ordinance from or to any vessel, wharf, landing place or shipping place, or to gunpowder kept or used for mining or quarrying purposes under a special permit from the Inspector-General of Constabulary or the Director of Public Works.

(5.) Every person who contravenes the provisions of this section shall, on being convicted thereof be liable to a penalty not exceeding fifty pounds.

Sale.

10. No person other than a wholesale or retail dealer Dealer only may sell. shall sell gunpowder or offer or expose the same for sale.

Every person who contravenes the provision of this section shall, on being convicted thereof, be liable to a penalty not exceeding fifty pounds.

11.—(1.) Every person who desires to sell gunpowder by License to sell by wholesale. wholesale shall take out a license for that purpose.

(2.) No such license shall be issued unless the Inspector-General of Constabulary certifies in writing that there are on the premises in respect of which the application for the license is made a sufficient fire proof vault or other place which is capable of safely storing one hundred and eighty pounds of gunpowder and a strong and suitable metal case lined with wood which is capable of containing thirty pounds of gunpowder.

(3.) Every such fire proof vault or other place and every such metal case shall have the word "Gunpowder" painted or otherwise legibly marked on the door thereof.

(4.) Every wholesale dealer shall keep all gunpowder on his premises in such vault or other place and in such metal case as aforesaid, provided that no more than one hundred and eighty pounds of gunpowder shall be kept in such vault or other place and not more than thirty pounds of gunpowder shall be kept in such metal case.

(5.) There shall be paid for every such license annually the sum of two pounds.

(6.) Every person who contravenes this section on being convicted of such contravention shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding Fifty pounds.

License to sell
by retail.

12.—(1.) Every person who desires to sell gunpowder by retail shall unless he is a wholesale dealer take out a license for that purpose.

(2.) No such license shall be issued unless the Inspector-General of Constabulary certifies in writing that the applicant for such license has provided himself with a strong and suitable metal case lined with wood which is capable of containing thirty pounds of gunpowder, is furnished with a lock and key and with handles for convenience of removal and has the word "Gunpowder" painted or otherwise legibly marked thereon.

(3.) Every such metal case shall be kept in such place as the Inspector-General shall appoint.

(4.) It shall not be lawful for a retail dealer to sell gunpowder at any one time in any greater quantity than thirty pounds.

(5.) Every retail dealer shall affix in some conspicuous place on the front of his licensed premises a board whereon shall be painted or otherwise legibly marked his name and the words "licensed retailer of explosives."

(6.) There shall be paid for every such license annually the sum of one pound.

(7.) Every person who contravenes the provisions of this section shall on being convicted of such contravention be liable to a penalty not exceeding twenty-five pounds.

Form of
license.

13.—(1.) Every license issued under this Ordinance shall be issued and signed by the Stipendiary Justice of the Peace of the district within which the premises in respect of which such license is applied for are situate. Every such license shall be in such form and shall contain such particulars as the Inspector-General of Constabulary shall from time to time think fit.

(2.) Every such license shall expire on the 31st day of March next after it is granted.

14. The occupier of any unlicensed premises on which gunpowder is sold or offered for sale, or if such premises are occupied by more than one person every occupier thereof, shall be guilty of an offence, and on being convicted thereof be liable to a penalty not exceeding thirty pounds unless he proves to the satisfaction of the Stipendiary Justice of the Peace by whom the case is heard that he had no notice of such sale or offering or exposing for sale, or that having such notice he took all reasonable means to prevent such sale or offering or exposing for sale and as soon as he reasonably could gave information thereof to a member of the Constabulary Force.

Occupier of
unlicensed
premises.

15. Every person who—

Unlawful sale.

- (1.) Not being a wholesale dealer or a retail dealer sells gunpowder or offers or exposes the same for sale, or
- (2.) Being a wholesale dealer or a retail dealer sells gunpowder or offers or exposes the same for sale on any premises other than those mentioned in his license

shall on being convicted thereof be liable to a penalty not exceeding fifty pounds.

16. Every wholesale dealer or retail dealer shall keep on his licensed premises a book to be called 'The Gunpowder Receipt Book' according to the form A in the Schedule to this Ordinance, and another Book to be called 'The Gunpowder Delivery Book' in the form marked B in the said Schedule, and he shall immediately on the receipt or delivery of any gunpowder make the proper entries in the said books according to the said forms.

Books to be
kept.

Every wholesale dealer or retail dealer who shall omit to make any such entry or shall make any entry which shall be false in any particular shall on being convicted thereof be liable to a penalty not exceeding fifty pounds.

17. Gunpowder shall not be sold to any child apparently under the age of sixteen years, whether for his own use or the use of any other person. Any person who sells gunpowder contrary to this section shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding five pounds.

Prohibition of
sale to
children.

18.—(1.) All gunpowder exceeding one pound in weight, when publicly exposed for sale or sold, shall be in a substantial

Package for
sale.

case, canister, or other package, made and closed so as to prevent the gunpowder from escaping, and in every case the outermost package containing such gunpowder shall have affixed the word "Gunpowder," in conspicuous characters, by means of a brand, or securely attached label, or other mark.

(2.) If any gunpowder is sold or exposed for sale in contravention of this section, the person selling or exposing for sale the same shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding five pounds: and all or any part of the gunpowder so exposed for sale shall be forfeited.

Removal.

Removal. 19. No gunpowder shall be removed or conveyed except according to this Ordinance or the regulations made thereunder.

Removal of over five pounds. 20. No quantity of gunpowder exceeding five pounds shall be removed or conveyed except under and according to a permit granted by an Inspector of Constabulary or a certificate issued by a wholesale dealer or a retail dealer; Provided that this section shall not apply to gunpowder in the course of conveyance according to regulations made under this Ordinance from or to a magazine, or any vessel, wharf, landing place, or shipping place.

Penalty on illegal removal. 21. Any person removing or conveying any gunpowder contrary to this Ordinance or to the regulations made hereunder or aiding or assisting in such removal or conveyance, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding fifty pounds, and any gunpowder removed or conveyed or being removed or conveyed contrary to this Ordinance shall be forfeited.

Application for a permit for removal. 22. A permit for the removal of any gunpowder may be granted by an Inspector of Constabulary to any person being apparently above the age of sixteen years upon an application in writing. Such application shall state the quantity of gunpowder intended to be removed, the places to which and the persons to whom it is to be distributed, the quantities to be left at each destination, the hours within which and the route by which the removal is intended to be effected and the place or places if any, where such gunpowder or any part thereof, is intended to be deposited until the removal and distribution is completed.

23. Subject to the provisions of this Ordinance, an Inspector of Constabulary shall within twenty-four hours, exclusive of Sundays and public holidays, after an application for a permit has been left at his office, grant a permit specifying the total quantity allowed to be removed, the places to which and the persons to whom the parcels making up such total quantity are to be distributed, the hours within which and the route by which the removal may be effected, and the place or places, if any, where the gunpowder or any part thereof may be deposited until the removal and distribution is completed. Provided that

- (1.) No permit shall authorise the having on the same premises or in the same vehicle more than one thousand pounds of gunpowder, and
- (2.) An Inspector of Constabulary, if upon application for a permit he is satisfied that a permit according to the application cannot consistently with public safety be granted, may postpone, or absolutely refuse the grant of such permit or may grant the same with any variations from the application and subject to any conditions which he considers proper for the protection of the public.

24. A certificate for the removal of any quantity of gunpowder exceeding five pounds and not exceeding twenty pounds from the licensed premises of any wholesale dealer or retail dealer may be granted by such wholesale dealer or retail dealer to any person apparently above the age of sixteen years. Such certificate shall state the quantity of gunpowder intended to be removed, the places to which and the persons to whom it is to be delivered and the hours within which and the route by which the removal is intended to be effected. Certificate for removal.

25. Every wholesale dealer or retail dealer in gunpowder shall on a request in writing obtain from the Inspector-General of Constabulary a certificate book containing the prescribed forms of certificate and counterfoils, for which he shall give a receipt. Certificate book.

Use and return
of certificates.

26.—(1.) Every wholesale or retail dealer shall enter in one of such certificates and in its counterfoil the prescribed particulars, before sending out, delivering or permitting the removal from his premises of any quantities of gunpowder exceeding five pounds, and shall deliver the certificate with the gunpowder to the person named in the certificate.

(2.) He shall use the certificates in the order in which they are numbered in the certificate book.

(3.) He shall keep the certificate book in his licensed premises open to inspection by any constable and shall allow any constable to examine the same and take any extract therefrom.

(4.) He shall return the certificate book when it is exhausted or on request to the Inspector-General of Constabulary, who shall give a receipt for it.

Absence of or
improper
certificate.

27. Any wholesale dealer or retail dealer who sends out or delivers or suffers to be removed from his licensed premises any quantity of gunpowder required to be accompanied by a certificate without a certificate or accompanied by an inaccurate certificate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding ten pounds.

Illegal use of
certificate.

28. Any wholesale dealer or retail dealer who uses or suffers to be used any certificate taken from his certificate book except for the removal of gunpowder from his own licensed premises, or delivers or parts with any form of certificate without filling it up as required by this Ordinance shall be guilty of an offence and be liable to a penalty not exceeding ten pounds.

Non-compliance with
terms of
certificate.

29. Any person to whom a certificate for the removal of gunpowder is granted who fails to comply with the terms prescribed on such certificate shall be guilty of an offence and be liable to a penalty not exceeding ten pounds.

General rules
as to removal
within the
Colony.

30. When any gunpowder is removed or conveyed from place to place in this Colony, either wholly by land or partly by land and partly by water, the following general rules as to packing and other things shall be observed :

- (1.) The gunpowder if not exceeding thirty pounds in quantity shall be contained in a substantial case, bag, canister or other package made and closed so as to prevent the gunpowder from escaping ; and
- (2.) The gunpowder if exceeding thirty pounds in quantity shall be divided into parcels, each of which shall comprise not more than five pounds, and be contained in a substantial case, bag, canister, or other package made and closed so as to prevent the gunpowder from escaping ; and
- (3.) The interior of every package shall be kept free from grit and otherwise clean ; and
- (4.) Every package when actually used for the package of gunpowder shall not be used for any other purpose ; and
- (5.) There shall not be any iron or steel in the construction of any package unless the same is effectively covered with tin, zinc, or other material ; and
- (6.) On the outside of every package there shall be affixed the word " Gunpowder " in conspicuous characters by means of a brand or securely attached label or other mark ; and
- (7.) The gunpowder shall be in the charge and under the custody of some male person above the age of sixteen years, who, when the quantity of gunpowder exceeds five pounds shall have the permit for its removal in his possession, and shall produce and show such permit to anyone who demands to see it.

In the event of any breach, by any act or default, of any general rule in this section, the gunpowder in respect of which the breach is committed shall be forfeited and the person committing such breach shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding fifty pounds.

The Governor may from time to time make, alter, and revoke rules rescinding, altering, or adding to the general rules contained in this section, and the rules so made by the Governor shall have the same effect as if they were enacted in this section.

PART II.

SAFETY CARTRIDGES.

Importation. 31. No person other than a wholesale dealer or a retail dealer shall import safety cartridges into this Colony. Provided that this enactment shall not apply to a person importing safety cartridges for his own use.

Every person who contravenes the provisions of this section shall, on being convicted thereof, be liable to a penalty not exceeding fifty pounds.

Sale. 32. No person other than a wholesale dealer or a retail dealer shall sell safety cartridges or shall offer or expose the same for sale.

Every person who contravenes the provisions of this section shall on being convicted thereof be liable to a penalty not exceeding twenty-five Pounds.

Storage. 33. No dealer in safety cartridges shall keep safety cartridges in any vault or safe where gunpowder is kept.

Every person who contravenes the provisions of this section shall on being convicted thereof be liable to a penalty not exceeding twenty-five pounds.

Books to be kept. 34. Every wholesale dealer or retail dealer who shall deal in safety cartridges shall keep on his licensed premises a book to be called the Cartridge Receipt Book according to the form C in the Schedule to this Ordinance, and another book to be called the Cartridge Delivery Book in the form marked D in the said Schedule, and he shall immediately on the receipt or delivery of any safety cartridges make the proper entries in the said books according to the said forms.

Every dealer in safety cartridges who shall omit to make any such entry or shall make any entry which shall be false in any particular shall on being convicted thereof be liable to a penalty not exceeding twenty-five pounds.

PART III.

EXPLOSIVES GENERALLY.

35. Every person importing into the Colony any description of explosive other than gunpowder and safety cartridges shall store the same on importation in some building or place to be provided by such importer and approved by the Governor.

Importation
and storage.

Subject to the provisions contained in this Part the provisions of Part I as to the importation, sale and removal of gunpowder shall apply to every other description of explosive in the same manner as if those provisions were herein re-enacted with the substitution of that description of explosive for gunpowder, subject nevertheless in the case of any prescribed explosive to any prescribed modifications.

36. The Governor in Executive Council may from time to time by Order to be published in the *Royal Gazette* prohibit absolutely or subject to conditions or restrictions, the manufacture, keeping, importation, conveyance and sale or any of them of any explosive which is of so dangerous a character that in the judgment of the Governor in Executive Council it is expedient for the public safety to make such order.

Prohibition of
manufacture,
importation,
sale, etc.

37. If any explosive is manufactured in contravention of any such Order, all or any part or ingredient of such explosive which may be found either in or about any place, or in the possession or under the control of any person convicted under this section, may be forfeited, together with all machinery, implements, and utensils used in such manufacture; and the person so manufacturing shall be guilty of a misdemeanour and be liable to a penalty not exceeding Five Hundred Pounds or to be imprisoned with or without hard labour for any term not exceeding ten years.

Contravening
Order as to
manufacture.

38. If any explosive is imported, kept, conveyed, or sold in contravention of any such Order—

Contravening
Order as to
importation,
etc.

- (1.) All or any part of such explosive may be forfeited; and

- (2.) Every person concerned in importing or bringing into this Colony or the waters thereof any such explosive, whether the same be unshipped or not, and every person who unships or conveys or is in any way concerned in the unshipping or conveying of any such explosive or who knowingly harbours, keeps, or conceals, or knowingly permits or suffers or causes or procures to be harboured, kept, or concealed any such explosive, or to whose possession any such explosive knowingly comes shall be guilty of a misdemeanour and liable to a penalty not exceeding Five Hundred Pounds and to be imprisoned with or without hard labour for any term not exceeding ten years: Provided that this section shall not extend to any such explosive imported or unshipped under and according to a license granted by the Governor.

PART IV.

MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS.

Power to
search for
explosive.

39.—(1.) Where any officer of Customs or constable has reasonable cause to believe that any offence has been or is being committed with respect to an explosive in any place (whether a building or not, or a vessel or vehicle), or that any explosive is in any such place in contravention of any order of the Governor, or that the terms and conditions of any such Order are not duly observed in any such place, such officer or constable may apply to a Stipendiary or other Justice of the Peace for a warrant (which warrant such Justice shall grant, upon reasonable ground being assigned upon oath) to search the said place and every part thereof, and on obtaining such warrant and on producing the same, if demanded, such officer or constable may enter at any time, and, if need be, by force and as well on Sundays as on other days, the said place and every part thereof, and examine the same and search for explosives therein, and take samples of any explosive and ingredient of an explosive therein, and any substance reasonably supposed to be an ingredient of an explosive which may be found therein.

(2.) Every person who, by himself or by any other person, fails to admit into any place occupied by or under the control of such person any officer or constable demanding to enter in pursuance of this section, or in any way obstructs such officer or constable in the execution of his duty under this section, shall, on being convicted, be liable to a penalty not exceeding fifty pounds, and shall also be liable to forfeit all explosives and ingredients thereof which are, at the time of the offence, in his possession or under his control at the said place.

40. Where any officer or constable as aforesaid has reasonable cause to believe that any explosive, or ingredient of an explosive, or substance found by him is liable to be forfeited under this Ordinance, he may seize and detain the same until a Stipendiary Justice of the Peace has determined whether the same is or is not so liable to be forfeited, and with respect thereto, the following provisions shall have effect:—

Seizure and detention of explosive liable to forfeiture.

- (1.) The officer or constable seizing may either require the occupier of the place in which it was seized (whether a building or not, or a vessel or vehicle), to detain the same in such place or in any place under the control of such occupier, or may remove it in such manner and to such place as will, in his opinion, least endanger the public safety, and there detain it, and may, where the matter is urgent and fraught with serious public danger, if authorized in writing by the Collector of Customs, a Justice of the Peace, or an Officer of Constabulary, cause the same to be destroyed or otherwise rendered harmless; but before destroying or rendering harmless the same, he shall take and keep a sample thereof, and shall, if required, give a portion of the sample to the person owning the explosive or having the same under his control at the time of the seizure; and any such occupier who, by himself or by any other person, fails to keep the same when he is required in pursuance of this section to detain it, and any such occupier or other person who,

except with the authority of the officer or constable seizing the same, or of the Collector of Customs, or an Officer of Constabulary, or, in case of emergency, for the purpose of preventing explosion or fire, removes, alters, or in any way tampers or deals with the same while so detained shall, on being convicted, be liable to a penalty not exceeding fifty pounds, and shall also be liable to forfeit all explosives and ingredients thereof which are, at the time of the offence, in his possession or under his control at the said place ;

- (2.) The proceedings before the Stipendiary Justice of the Peace for determining whether the same is or is not liable to forfeiture shall be commenced as soon as practicable after the seizure ;
- (3.) The receptacles containing the same may be seized, detained, and removed in like manner as the contents thereof ;
- (4.) The officer or constable seizing the same may use, for the purposes of the removal and detention thereof, any vessel or vehicle in which the same was seized, and any tug, tender, engine, tackle, beasts, and accoutrements belonging to or drawing, or provided for drawing, such vessel or vehicle, and shall pay to the owner a reasonable compensation for such use, to be determined, in case of dispute, by a Stipendiary Justice of the Peace, and to be recovered in like manner as any penalty under this Ordinance ;
- (5.) The same shall, so far as practicable, be kept and conveyed in accordance with this Ordinance, and with all due precaution to prevent accidents, but the person seizing, removing, detaining, keeping or conveying the same shall not be liable to any penalty, punishment or forfeiture under this or any other Ordinance, or to any damages for keeping or conveying the same, so that he uses all such due precautions as aforesaid ; and

- (6.) The officer or constable seizing or dealing with the same in pursuance of this section shall not be liable to damages or otherwise in respect of such seizure or dealing or any act incidental to or consequential thereon, unless it is proved that he made such seizure without reasonable cause or that he caused damage to the article seized by some wilful neglect or default.

41.—(1.) The Collector of Customs, any Inspector of Constabulary, and any officer appointed by the Governor for the purposes of this Ordinance, or of any rules or regulations or Order of the Governor made under this Ordinance, may, for the purpose of ascertaining whether the provisions of this Ordinance or of such rules or regulations, or the terms and conditions of any such Order, with respect to the conveyance, loading, unloading and importation of an explosive are complied with, enter, inspect, and examine at any time and as well on Sundays as on other days, the wharf, vehicle, or vessel of any carrier or other person who conveys goods for hire, or of the occupier of any factory, warehouse, or store, or of the importer of any explosive, on or in which wharf, vehicle, or vessel he has reasonable cause to suppose an explosive to be for the purpose or in course of conveyance, but so as not to unnecessarily obstruct the work or business of any such carrier, person, occupier or importer. Inspection of wharf, vehicle, etc.

(2.) Any such officer if he finds any offence being committed against this Ordinance, or against any rules or regulations or order of the Governor made under this Ordinance, on or in any such wharf, vehicle, or vessel, or on any public wharf, may seize and detain or remove the said vehicle, or vessel, or the explosive, in such manner and with such precautions as may appear to him to be necessary to prevent any danger to the public, and may seize and detain the said explosive, as if it were liable to forfeiture.

(3.) Any such officer, and any officer of Customs, or constable, who has reasonable cause to believe that any offence against this Ordinance, or against any rules or regulations or Order of the Governor made under this

Ordinance, is being committed in respect of any vehicle or any vessel conveying, loading, or unloading any explosive, and that the case is one of emergency, and that the delay in obtaining a warrant will be likely to endanger life, may stop, and enter, inspect, and examine, such vehicle or vessel, and, by detention or removal thereof or otherwise, take such precautions as may be reasonably necessary for preventing such danger, in like manner as if such explosive was liable to forfeiture.

(4.) Every such officer or constable shall, for all the purposes of this section, have the same powers and be in the same position as if he were authorized by a search warrant granted under this Ordinance, and every person who fails to admit or obstructs such officer or constable shall be liable to the same penalty as a person who fails to admit or obstructs an officer or constable so authorized as aforesaid.

Payment for
sample.

42. Where any officer or constable in pursuance of this Ordinance takes a sample of any explosive, ingredient, or substance, he shall pay for or tender payment for the same to such an amount as he considers to be the market value thereof, and the occupier of the place in which, or the owner of the bulk from which, the sample was taken may recover any excess of the real value over the amount so paid or tendered from the officer or constable taking the sample, as a debt in the District or Petty Civil Court within the jurisdiction of which the sample was taken.

Power to
arrest
offenders.

43. Any person who is found committing any act for which he is liable to a penalty under this Ordinance or under any regulations made thereunder and which tends to cause explosion or fire in or about any house, store, railway, harbour, or wharf, or in or about any sugar, cocoa, or coffee plantation, or any building thereon, or in or about any vehicle, or vessel, may be apprehended without a warrant by any constable, or by the occupier or the agent or servant, or other person authorised by the occupier of such house, store, plantation, or building, or by any person employed on the railway, or by any officer of Customs, or by any Harbour-Master, Assistant Harbour-Master, or person authorized by any Harbour-Master or Assistant Harbour-Master, and be removed from the place at which he was

arrested and conveyed as soon as conveniently may be before a Stipendiary Justice of the Peace to be dealt with according to law.

44. When a carrier or owner or master of a vessel is prevented from complying with this Ordinance or any regulation made thereunder by the wilful act, neglect, or default of the consignor or consignee of the explosive or other person, or by the improper refusal of the consignee or other person to accept delivery of the explosive, such consignor, consignee, or other person who is guilty of such wilful act, neglect, default, or refusal shall be liable to the same penalty to which the carrier, owner or master is liable for a breach of this Ordinance, and his conviction shall exempt the carrier, owner, or master from any penalty or forfeiture under this Ordinance, or under such regulation.

Exemption in certain cases of carriers and owners and masters of ships.

45. Every regulation or order made by the Governor under this Ordinance shall be published in the *Royal Gazette*. Production of a copy of the *Royal Gazette* purporting to contain any such regulation or order shall be *prima facie* evidence of the due making and tenor of such regulation or order.

Publication of regulations.

46. Every act or default in respect of which a penalty not exceeding fifty pounds is imposed by this Ordinance, shall constitute an offence punishable on summary conviction by a Stipendiary Justice of the Peace, and the provisions of the Summary Conviction Offences Procedure Ordinance No. 1, shall apply to such offences:

Recovery of penalties.

Provided that the person on whom the penalty is imposed shall, in default of payment thereof, be liable to imprisonment as follows and not otherwise, that is to say:—

- (1.) If the penalty does not exceed five pounds, to imprisonment with or without hard labour for a term not exceeding one month;
- (2.) If the penalty exceeds five pounds but does not exceed ten pounds, to imprisonment with or without hard labour for any term not exceeding two months;
- (3.) If the penalty exceeds ten pounds but does not exceed twenty-five pounds, to imprisonment with or without hard labour for any term not exceeding three months; and

(4.) If the penalty exceeds twenty-five pounds, to imprisonment with or without hard labour for any term not exceeding six months.

Power in certain cases to award imprisonment unconditionally.

47. Where any person is guilty of an offence under this Ordinance or any regulations or rules made thereunder which in the opinion of the Stipendiary Justice of the Peace who tries the case was reasonably calculated to endanger the safety of or cause serious personal injury to any person or to cause a dangerous accident, and was committed wilfully by the personal act, personal default, or personal negligence of the person accused, such person shall be liable, if the Stipendiary Justice of the Peace is of opinion that a pecuniary penalty will not meet the circumstances of the case, to imprisonment with or without hard labour for any term not exceeding six months.

Limitation of actions.

48. All actions or other proceedings for anything done under this Ordinance, shall be commenced within four months after the matter complained of was done and not later, and notice in writing of such action or other proceeding, and the cause thereof, shall be given to the defendant one month at least before the commencement of such action or proceeding.

Appropriation of moneys.

49. All moneys received under this Ordinance whether by way of penalty or otherwise shall be paid to the Receiver-General for the use of the Colony.

Exemption.

50. Nothing contained in this Ordinance shall apply to any explosive the property of His Majesty and held for the purposes of any of His Majesty's Naval, Military, or Local Forces, or held for the public service of this Colony.

Repeal.

Saving.

51. The Explosives Ordinance (No. 113) is hereby repealed: Provided that such repeal shall not affect anything done or any right accrued, or liability, penalty or forfeiture incurred before the commencement of this Ordinance, or any remedy or proceedings in respect of any such right, liability, penalty or forfeiture.

Passed in Council this Twenty-fifth day of March, in the year of Our Lord one thousand nine hundred and seven.

Alfred Gault

Acting Clerk of the Council.

No.

Explosives.

1907.

SCHEDULE.

FORM A.

THE GUNPOWDER RECEIPT BOOK.

Date of Receipt.	Name of person or firm from whom received ; or if imported, name of person or firm from whom and of ship by which imported.	Number and description of packages.	Quantity.

FORM B.

THE GUNPOWDER DELIVERY BOOK.

Date of Delivery.	Name and address of person or firm to whom sold or to whom delivery is to be made.	Name and address of carrier or person to whom delivered.	Number and description of packages.	Quantity.

No. .

Explosives.

1907.

FORM C.

CARTRIDGE RECEIPT BOOK.

Date of Receipt.	Name and address of person or firm from whom received or imported.	Name and line of ship by which imported.	Number and description of packages.	Nature, calibre and description of Cartridges.	Number of Cartridges of each kind.

FORM D.

CARTRIDGE DELIVERY BOOK.

Date of Delivery.	Name and address of person or firm to whom sold or to whom delivery is to be made.	Name and address of carrier or person to whom delivered.	Nature, calibre and description of Cartridges.	Number of Cartridges of each kind.