
Fifth Session Second Parliament Republic of Trinidad
and Tobago



REPUBLIC OF TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO

Act No. 20 of 1986

[L.S.].

AN ACT to regularise the tenure of State Lands by certain persons in wrongful possession thereof; to establish a Tribunal to hear and determine applications by such persons for regularisation of such tenure and for connected purposes.

[Assented to 29th August, 1986]

ENACTED by the Parliament of Trinidad and Tobago as **Enactment** follows:—

1. This Act may be cited as the Regularisation of Tenure **Short title** (State Lands) Act, 1986.

Interpretation

2. In this Act—

“appointed date” means the 2nd day of December, 1977;

Chap. 18:01

“citizen of Trinidad and Tobago” means a person described in section 2 of the Immigration Act;

“Minister” means the Minister to whom responsibility for State Lands has been assigned;

Chap. 33:01

“National Housing Authority” means the Authority established by section 3(1) of the Housing Act;

“resident” means a person described in section 5(1) of the Immigration Act;

“squatter” means a person who on the appointed date was in possession of State Lands without probable claim or pretence of title thereto and the expression “squat” shall be construed accordingly;

“State agency or authority” means any Ministry, agency or authority of the State;

“State Lands” means those lands the right of ownership of which is vested in the State;

“Tribunal” means the Regularisation of Tenure (State Lands) Tribunal established by section 4.

Application of the Act

3. (1) This Act applies to any squatter who, being a citizen of Trinidad and Tobago or a resident thereof, had erected or was on the appointed date in the process of erecting on State Lands any structure for use as a dwelling house.

(2) Where a squatter to whom this Act applies dies before the commencement of this Act, his next-of-kin or where there is no next-of-kin, any person who establishes to the satisfaction of the Tribunal a legal, equitable or moral claim to such squatter’s real or personal estate, and who is in actual occupation of a structure for use as a dwelling house erected on State Lands and previously occupied by the said squatter shall, subject to this Act, be eligible for such rights as are conferred by this Act on a squatter to whom the Act applies.

- (3) This Act does not apply—
- (a) to a squatter who has, by reason other than death, before the commencement of this Act, ceased to be in possession of State Lands;
 - (b) to a squatter who on the appointed date had not erected nor was in the course of erecting on State Lands a structure for use as a dwelling house;
 - (c) to a squatter who at the commencement of this Act is seised or possessed of any freehold or leasehold interest in land on which he has in his own right erected a dwelling house;
 - (d) to a person who without probable claim or pretence of title thereto is in possession of a housing unit erected by the National Housing Authority or by any State agency or authority.

PART I

ESTABLISHMENT OF TRIBUNAL

4. There is hereby established the Regularisation of Tenure (State Lands) Tribunal for the purpose of exercising such powers and performing such duties as are conferred upon it by this Act. Establishment of Tribunal

5. (1) The Tribunal shall consist of five members who shall be appointed by the President as follows— Composition of Tribunal

- (a) three members from among persons appearing to him to be qualified by reason of having experience and shown capacity in matters relating to land conservation, land valuation, law, agriculture, town and country planning and economics;
- (b) two members representative of the general public.

(2) The President may appoint as chairman a member who is a barrister or solicitor of the Supreme Court in either case of not less than five years standing.

6. (1) A member shall, subject to subsection (2), hold office for such period, being not more than five years, as the President shall specify at the time of appointment. Appointment and termination of office of members

(2) A member may at any time resign his office by instrument in writing addressed to the Chairman who shall forthwith cause it to be forwarded to the Minister to be submitted to the President.

(3) The appointment of any person as a member and the termination of office of any person whether by death, resignation, revocation, effluxion of time or otherwise shall be notified in the *Gazette*.

(4) Every member appointed under this section or under section 7 shall make and subscribe an oath before the President that he will faithfully, and to the best of his ability discharge the trust and perform the duties devolving upon him as such member.

Temporary
appointments

7. (1) If a member is unable to act by reason of illness or other cause, the President may appoint a person to act as a member of the Tribunal in his stead for that occasion or until the termination of the disability.

(2) The President may fix the remuneration of a person so appointed, and any person so appointed may complete any unfinished business of the tribunal in which he has taken part notwithstanding the resumption of duty of the member in whose place he was appointed under this section.

Termination of
appointments

8. The President may terminate the appointment of a member or any person appointed under section 7(1) for any good or sufficient cause, and in particular, if such member or other person—

- (a) becomes of unsound mind or incapable of carrying out his duties;
- (b) becomes bankrupt or compounds with his creditors;
- (c) is convicted of any offence;
- (d) is guilty of misconduct in relation to his duties;
- (e) is absent, except on leave granted by the Tribunal, from all meetings of the Tribunal held during two consecutive months or during any three months in any period of twelve months;
- (f) fails to carry out any of the duties or functions conferred or imposed on him under this Act.

9. A member shall be paid such remuneration and allowances in respect of his office as the President may determine from time to time.

Remuneration of members, etc.

10. The Tribunal may appoint on such terms and conditions as the Minister may approve a Secretary and such other officers and employees as it may consider necessary for the due and efficient exercise and performance of its functions under this Act.

Appointment of staff

11. (1) A public officer may, with the approval of the Tribunal and of the appropriate Service Commission, be transferred from any branch of the public service to the service of the Tribunal and an officer in the service of the Tribunal may with the approval of the appropriate Service Commission be transferred to any branch of the public service.

Transfer and secondment of staff

(2) A public officer may, with the approval of the Tribunal and of the appropriate Service Commission, be transferred on secondment to the service of the Tribunal, and an officer in the service of the Tribunal may, with the approval of the appropriate Service Commission, be transferred on secondment to any branch of the public service.

(3) The period of transfer on secondment shall not in any case exceed three years.

(4) A transfer whether on secondment or otherwise under this section shall be on such terms that may be acceptable to the President, the appropriate Commission and the officer concerned and the pension or superannuation rights accruing to the officer at the time of his transfer shall be preserved.

12. The President shall, in accordance with the provisions of the Pensions Extension Act, provide for the application of the Pensions Act to such officers in the service of the Tribunal as he may consider fit and proper.

Pension of officers and employees Chap. 23:53

PART II

JURISDICTION OF TRIBUNAL

13. The Tribunal shall have and exercise jurisdiction—

Jurisdiction of Tribunal

- (a) to hear and determine applications by persons who allege that they are squatters to whom this Act applies;

- (b) to hear and determine objections, disputes and challenges arising out of applications by persons who allege that they are squatters to whom this Act applies;
- (c) to make such declarations as the merits of each application may require;
- (d) to determine in each application the area of land in respect of which a declaration may be made;
- (e) generally to give all such directions and do all such things as are necessary or expedient for the expeditious hearing and determination of any application.

Hearing of
matters before
the Tribunal

14. (1) The Tribunal shall expeditiously hear and inquire into and investigate every application which is before it and in particular shall hear, receive and consider statements, arguments and evidence made and presented—

- (a) by or on behalf of any applicant;
- (b) on behalf of the Minister;
- (c) on behalf of any other Minister, agency or authority of the State;
- (d) by or on behalf of any person who objects to the grant of an application.

(2) The Tribunal shall determine the periods that are reasonably necessary for the fair and adequate presentation of the matter by the respective parties thereto, and the Tribunal may require those matters to be presented within the periods so determined.

(3) The Tribunal may require evidence or arguments to be presented in writing and may decide the matters upon which it will hear oral evidence or arguments.

(4) All matters brought before the Tribunal shall be determined by a majority of the members thereof.

Determinations
of Tribunal
to be final

15. No determination of the Tribunal in any matter brought before it—

- (a) shall be challenged, appealed against, reviewed, quashed or called in question in any Court on any account whatever;
- (b) shall be subject to prohibition, mandamus or injunction in any Court on any account whatever.

16. Every party to a matter shall be entitled to appear ^{Appearances} at the hearing thereon and may be represented by counsel or solicitor or any other person who in the opinion of the Tribunal is competent to assist such person in the presentation of the matter.

17. (1) Subject to this section, for the purposes of ^{Power to summon witnesses, production of document} dealing with any matter brought before it, the Tribunal shall have all such powers as are vested in the High Court of Justice on the occasion of an action, to enforce the attendance of witnesses and examine them on oath, affirmation or otherwise, to compel the production of documents and to enforce its orders.

(2) A summons signed by the secretary to the Tribunal shall have the same force and effect as any formal process capable of being issued in any action taken in the High Court for enforcing the attendance of witnesses and compelling the production of documents.

PART III

APPLICATIONS FOR DECLARATIONS

18. (1) A squatter may by application in the prescribed ^{Application for declaration} form claim from the Tribunal a declaration that he is eligible for the grant of a lease of State Lands in respect of which the application is made.

(2) The Tribunal on receipt of the application referred to in subsection (1) shall cause notice of it to be published by means of advertisement in a newspaper circulating in Trinidad and Tobago and shall send a copy of such notice to the Minister.

(3) A notice required by subsection (2) shall set out the application and also that any person who desires to object to the grant of such application may within twenty-eight days after the publication of the advertisement file an objection to such application with the Tribunal.

(4) The costs of the advertisement required by subsection (2) shall be defrayed by the squatter.

(5) In this Part, the expression "squatter" includes the next-of-kin or a person who has a legal, equitable or moral claim to the estate of a deceased squatter.

Procedure where
no objection filed

19. Where no objection is filed pursuant to subsection (3) of section 18, the Tribunal shall inform the applicant of that fact and shall fix a date on which it will hear the application and determine whether it should declare that the applicant is eligible for the grant of a lease of State Lands in respect of which the application is made.

Procedure where
objection filed

20. (1) Where an objection is filed pursuant to subsection (3) of section 18, the Tribunal shall cause a copy thereof to be served upon the applicant, the Minister and such other persons as it considers interested in the objection accompanied by a notice to answer the said objection in writing within such time as may be specified by the Tribunal in such notice.

(2) The Tribunal shall fix a date for the hearing and determination of the application and shall notify the applicant and such other persons as it considers necessary of such date.

Declaration by
Tribunal—terms
of lease
lease—renewal
of lease

21. (1) The Tribunal shall, where it is satisfied that an applicant is a squatter to whom this Act applies and that the lands in respect of which the application has been made are of a suitable area and location, declare that the applicant is eligible for the grant to him of a lease of such lands.

(2) For the purposes of this Act the lease shall be a lease for a term of thirty years renewable by the lessee for a further period of thirty years.

(3) At least six months before the expiration of the original term of the lease, the lessee may by written notice addressed to and served on the Commissioner of State Lands exercise the right of renewal conferred by subsection (2). Upon the service of such notice the lease shall be deemed to be renewed on the same terms and conditions as the original term of the lease excluding the rent reserved which shall be fixed by order of the President.

(4) There shall be a premium payable in consideration for the grant of such lease calculated at the rate of twenty-five cents for each square foot of the lands in respect of which an application has been made.

(5) The rent reserved in respect of such lands shall be in the sum of one dollar for each year of the term of the lease. The total amount of the rent reserved for the

entire period of the original term of thirty years shall be paid by the lessee to the Chief State Solicitor in advance on the date of the commencement of such term.

22. (1) Where the Tribunal is satisfied that an applicant is either—

(a) a squatter to whom the Act applies; or

(b) the next-of-kin or a person who has a legal, equitable or moral claim to the estate of such a squatter,

Tribunal
dissatisfied
with area
and/location
of land

but is not satisfied that the lands in respect of which the application is made are for any reason suitable, it may at its discretion either dismiss the application or order that the applicant be eligible for resettlement on other State Lands and for the grant of a lease in respect thereof on the same terms as a lease granted under section 21.

(2) Where an order is made under subsection (1), the Tribunal shall cause any Ministry that is concerned with the State Lands the subject matter of the application to be notified.

(3) Nothing contained in subsection (1) shall be construed as conferring on an applicant any right to compensation for any loss which he may incur as a result of an order made by the Tribunal under the said subsection.

23. (1) Where the Tribunal is not satisfied that the applicant is either—

(a) a squatter to whom this Act applies; or

(b) the next-of-kin or a person who has a legal, equitable or moral claim to the estate of such squatter,

Power of Tribunal
to dismiss/strike
out application

the Tribunal shall dismiss the application.

(2) The Tribunal shall, where it is satisfied that it has made a declaration that an applicant is eligible for the grant of a lease of State Lands under this Act, strike out any other application made by the same applicant in respect of other State Lands and may order the applicant to pay the costs of such application as the circumstances of the case may require.

(3) Where at the hearing of an application under section 18(1) the Tribunal is satisfied that the applicant is the owner in his own right of a dwelling house other

than that erected upon the State Lands in respect of which a declaration is being sought under the said subsection, it shall dismiss the application.

Lands to be surveyed

24. (1) In any case where the Tribunal declares that an applicant is eligible for the grant of a lease of State Lands under this Act, the Tribunal shall inform the applicant and shall at the expense of the applicant cause the land described in the application to be surveyed by a licensed surveyor.

(2) On the completion of the survey a plan of the land surveyed shall be prepared on which the bearings and lengths of all the boundaries shall be shown as well as the area of the land and such plan shall be approved by the Director of Surveys.

(3) Every original deed of lease of State Lands granted under this Act shall have drawn on or attached to it the plan prepared in pursuance of subsection (2); and every copy of such deed shall have drawn on it or attached to it a copy of such plan.

Execution of lease by Commissioner of State Lands Chap. 57:01 Ch. 27. No. 11 (Laws of Trinidad and Tobago 1950)

25. (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in the State Lands Act or the Real Property Act, it shall be lawful for the Commissioner of State Lands, in every case where the Tribunal has declared that a squatter is eligible for the grant of a lease of State Lands under this Act, on behalf of the State to grant such a lease on such terms and conditions as the Tribunal shall in each case specify, but subject in all cases to the provisions of section 21(2), (4) and (5) and of section 24(3).

(2) The Commissioner of State Lands shall in each case cause the Chief State Solicitor to prepare the requisite deed of lease for execution by himself and by the person to whom the lease has been granted under subsection (1).

(3) Upon the payment by the lessee to the Chief State Solicitor of the total amount of the premium set out in the deed of lease, the total amount of rent reserved for the period of the original term, the cost of advertisement of the application and of the survey of the lands the subject-matter of the lease and of all fees payable for and relating to the preparation and registration of the said deed of lease including any stamp duty chargeable, the said deed of lease shall be executed by the Commissioner of Lands and the lessee and shall be registered by the Registrar General on its being tendered to him for that purpose.

(4) Every deed of lease executed and registered in accordance with the provisions of subsection (3) shall be received both at law and in equity as evidence of the particulars therein set forth and shall be conclusive evidence that the person named as lessee therein is entitled to such land for the estate or interest therein specified.

PART IV

GENERAL

26. (1) The Minister may make regulations— Regulations

- (a) prescribing the manner and the form in which applications may be made to the Tribunal under this Act;
- (b) prescribing the manner and the form in which objections to applications may be made to the Tribunal under this Act;
- (c) prescribing anything required or authorised to be prescribed by this Act;
- (d) generally, for carrying out the provisions of the Act.

(2) Until regulations are made by the Minister under subsection (1) the Regulations contained in the First Schedule shall be deemed to have been made under this Act and to be in force.

27. Any person who wilfully furnishes any information to the Tribunal which is false in any particular is liable on summary conviction to a fine of five thousand dollars. Giving false information

THE SCHEDULE

(Section 26)

THE REGULARISATION OF TENURE (STATE LANDS) REGULATIONS, 1986

1. These Regulations may be cited as the Regularisation of Tenure (State Lands) Regulations, 1986. Short title

2. In these Regulations—

“applicant” means a person who makes an application under section 18 of the Act; Interpretation

“Secretary” means the Secretary to the Tribunal appointed under section 10 of the Act.

Functions of
the Secretary

3. (1) The Secretary shall keep in the head-office of the Tribunal suitable books of record in which he shall enter a true copy of every order, directive, declaration or other determination of the Tribunal and every document that the Tribunal may require to be entered therein and such entry shall constitute and be the original record of such order, directive, declaration or other determination.

(2) It is the duty of the Secretary—

- (a) to keep a record of all proceedings before the Tribunal;
- (b) to have the custody and care of all records and documents belonging or appertaining to, or filed in the office of the Tribunal;
- (c) to have every declaration or determination of the Tribunal drawn pursuant to the directive of the Tribunal and filed in the office of the Tribunal;
- (d) to perform such other duties and functions as may be imposed upon by or under these Regulations.

Application to
Tribunal for
declarations of
entitlement
Form A

4. (1) An application to the Tribunal under section 18(1) for a declaration that the applicant is eligible for a lease of State Lands shall be in the form set out as Form A in the Appendix.

(2) Where an application is made by the next-of-kin or by a person who has a legal, equitable or moral claim to the estate of a squatter who has died before the commencement of the Act, the application shall be in the form set out as Form B in the Appendix.

Form B

Objection to
application
Form C

5. An objection under section 18(3) to an application shall be in the form set out as Form C in the Appendix.

Notice of
advertisement
Form D

6. The form of the notice of advertisement of an application for a declaration under section 18(1) of the Act shall be as set out as Form D in the Appendix.

Filing of
documents

7. (1) Any document required or authorised under these Regulations to be filed with the Tribunal shall be delivered at the head-office of the Tribunal.

(2) A party filing with the Tribunal any application, notice or other document shall deliver at the head-office of the Tribunal, in addition to the original, five copies of such application, notice or other document, or such other number of copies as the Tribunal or the Chairman may direct.

Service of
documents

8. Every notice, summons or other document required by the Act or these Regulations to be served on any person may be served—

- (a) personally;
- (b) by delivering at such address as a party may give to the Secretary as an address for service; or
- (c) by registered post addressed to the persons at his last known place of abode or business.

Notice of hearing

9. Subject to the directions of the Tribunal or of the Chairman, the Secretary shall give to the applicant or objector and to other interested

parties at least seven clear days notice of the time and place of hearing of the application and the notice shall be in the form set out as Form E in the Appendix. Form E

10. Notice of hearing of applications shall be posted on an official notice board in the head-office of the Tribunal. Official notice board

11. (1) Where it is intended to sue out a subpoena, a praecipe for that purpose in the form set out as Form F in the Appendix shall be filed with the Tribunal. Witness summons
Form F

(2) The writ of subpoena *ad testificandum* shall be in the form set out as Form G in the Appendix. Form G

(3) The writ of subpoena *duces tecum* shall be in the form set out as Form H in the Appendix. Form H

12. On the hearing of an application, evidence may be given by affidavit, but the Tribunal may, on the application of any party, order the attendance for cross-examination of the person making any such affidavit, and where after such an order has been made the person does not attend, the affidavit shall not be used as evidence except by special leave of the Tribunal or with the consent of the parties. Evidence by
affidavit

13. The Tribunal may, after being satisfied that a party to a matter before it has been duly notified or is otherwise aware of the date fixed for the hearing of such matter, proceed to hear and determine the matter in his absence. Ex parte
hearing

14. (1) Every judgment, order or other determination of the Tribunal shall be reduced to writing and embodied in a declaration or order and such declaration or order shall bear the date of its making and shall be signed by the Secretary. Judgment and
orders

(2) The original of every declaration or order shall be kept by the Secretary with the record of the proceedings in which the judgment is given or the order or other determination is made.

(3) Where a declaration or order as drawn up does not accurately represent the decision of the Tribunal, the Secretary shall on the direction of the Chairman draw up the declaration or order to conform with the judgment, order or other determination of the Tribunal and the declaration or order when so drawn up shall supersede and replace for all purposes the declaration or order previously drawn up.

15. A party to any matter in which a declaration or order is made or given shall be entitled on application to the Secretary to a free certified copy thereof. Free certified
copy of
declaration
or order

16. A certified copy of an order, declaration or judgment shall on production be received in any proceedings before the Tribunal and shall be admissible evidence of the matters recorded therein. Certified copy
of declaration,
order or judgment
receivable in
evidence

17. A person who contravenes any of the provisions of these Regulations is guilty of an offence and liable on summary conviction to a fine of five hundred dollars. Penalty for
breach of
Regulations

THE APPENDIX

[Regulation 4(1)]

FORM A

FORM OF APPLICATION FOR DECLARATION BY SQUATTER

TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO

To the Regularisation of Tenure (State Lands) Tribunal:

I, of
 (name of applicant) (address of applicant)

apply for a declaration under section 18(1) of the Regularisation of Tenure (State Lands) Act, 1986 that I am eligible to have executed in my favour a lease of the State Lands more particularly described hereunder for a term of thirty years with an option for renewal for a further thirty years.

I am a citizen */resident* of Trinidad and Tobago.

On the 2nd day of December, 1977, I was a squatter on State Lands situate at consisting of
 (address of State Lands) (here insert area of State Lands)

bounded on the North by on the East by
 on the South by and on the West by
 (Here insert rough sketch or plan of lands)

On the said 2nd day of December, 1977, I had erected*/was in the process of erecting*/on the said lands a structure in the nature of a dwelling house.

I am in actual occupation of the structure erected upon the said lands.

Dated this day of , 19

.....
 Signature of Applicant

*Delete whichever is inapplicable.

FORM B

[Regulation 4(2)]

FORM OF APPLICATION FOR DECLARATION BY NEXT-OF-KIN/PERSON WITH LEGAL, MORAL OR EQUITABLE CLAIM TO ESTATE OF SQUATTER

TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO

To the Regularisation of Tenure (State Lands) Tribunal:

I, of
 (name of applicant) (address of applicant)

apply for a declaration under section 18(1) of the Regularisation of Tenure (State Lands) Act that I am entitled to have executed in my favour a lease of the lands more particularly described hereunder for a term of thirty years with an option for renewal for a further thirty years.

I am next-of-kin*/entitled to claim the estate of*/.....

late of
 (name of deceased Squatter) (address of deceased Squatter)

The said died on the day of
 (deceased Squatter)
 19.....

FORM D

(Regulation 6)

NOTICE OF ADVERTISEMENT OF APPLICATION

TAKE NOTICE THAT.....of.....
(name of applicant) (address of applicant)

has made the following application to the Regularisation of Tenure (State Lands) Tribunal for a declaration that he is eligible to have executed in his favour a lease for a term of thirty (30) years with an option for renewal for a further thirty (30) years:

"I am a citizen */resident* of Trinidad and Tobago.

On the 2nd day of December, 1977, I was a squatter on State Lands situate at.....consisting of.....
(address of State Lands) (here insert area of lands)
bounded on the North by.....on the East by.....
on the South by.....on the West by.....
(Here insert rough sketch of lands)

On the said 2nd day of December, 1977, I had erected on*/was in the process of erecting*/on the said lands
(Here describe structure)

I am in actual occupation of the structure erected upon the said lands."

Any person who desires to object to the grant of the declaration hereinabove referred to shall do so on or before the day of19.....

Dated this day of , 19

(Signed)
Secretary, Regularisation of Tenure
(State Lands) Tribunal

*Delete where not applicable.

FORM E

(Regulation 9)

NOTICE OF HEARING

TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO

No. of 19.....

BEFORE THE REGULARISATION OF TENURE (STATE LANDS) TRIBUNAL

BETWEEN

.....(Applicant)

AND

.....(Respondent)

Take Notice that the above-named Tribunal will hold a hearing at
.....on the day of
..... 19..... at in the
forenoon on an applicant filed by on
..... and objected to by*
on the day of 19.....

You are hereby requested to attend the above hearing when evidence in the above matter will be heard by the Tribunal.

Dated this day of , 19

.....
Secretary

*Delete where no objection to application.

FORM F

[Regulation 11(1)]

(Praecipe of Subpoena)

REGULARISATION OF TENURE (STATE LANDS) TRIBUNAL

Seal writ of subpoena

on behalf of the directed to

Returnable

Dated this day of 19.....

.....
*Signature of applicant/respondent
or his solicitor or agent*

TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO

FORM G

[Regulation 11(2)]

(SUBPOENA AD TESTIFICANDUM)

REGULARISATION OF TENURE (STATE LANDS) TRIBUNAL

To

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.

GREETINGS:

You are hereby commanded that, all excuses ceasing, you and each of you do personally appear before the

REGULARISATION OF TENURE (STATE LANDS) TRIBUNAL

at on the day of at o'clock in the noon, to testify the truth according to your knowledge in a matter pending before the above-named Tribunal, where is applicant and is respondent, on the part of and herein fail not at your peril.

Witness the Chairman of the said Tribunal, at the day of in the year of Our Lord one thousand nine hundred and

Secretary

TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO

[Regulation 11(3)]

FORM H

(SUBPOENA DUCES TECUM)

REGULARISATION OF TENURE (STATE LANDS) TRIBUNAL

To

- 1.
2.
3.

GREETINGS:

You are hereby commanded that, all excuses ceasing, you and each of you do personally be and personally appear before the

REGULARISATION OF TENURE (STATE LANDS) TRIBUNAL

at on the day of 19..... at o'clock in the noon, to testify the truth according to your knowledge in a matter pending before the above-named Tribunal, wherein is applicant and is respondent, on the part of and that you bring with you and then and there produce and show all and singular, that things which you know, or which the said paper writing doth import of, in or concerning the present matter now pending before the said Tribunal, and herein fail not at your peril.

Witness the Chairman of the said Tribunal, at
the day of in the year of Our
Lord one thousand nine hundred and

.....
Secretary

Passed in the House of Representatives this 20th day
of June, 1986.

J. E. CARTER
Clerk of the House

Passed in the Senate this 12th day of August, 1986.

M. CARRINGTON
Acting Clerk of the Senate

Senate amendments agreed to by the House of
Representatives on Friday, 15th August, 1986.

J. E. CARTER
Clerk of the House

Q. Now, you're going to tell me that the defendant was not the person who was shot, is that right?

A. Yes, that's right. I'm not sure I can identify the person who was shot. I'm not sure I can identify the person who was shot.

Q. Now, you're going to tell me that the defendant was not the person who was shot, is that right?

A. Yes, that's right. I'm not sure I can identify the person who was shot. I'm not sure I can identify the person who was shot.

Q. Now, you're going to tell me that the defendant was not the person who was shot, is that right?

A. Yes, that's right. I'm not sure I can identify the person who was shot. I'm not sure I can identify the person who was shot.

Q. Now, you're going to tell me that the defendant was not the person who was shot, is that right?

A. Yes, that's right. I'm not sure I can identify the person who was shot. I'm not sure I can identify the person who was shot.

Q. Now, you're going to tell me that the defendant was not the person who was shot, is that right?

A. Yes, that's right. I'm not sure I can identify the person who was shot. I'm not sure I can identify the person who was shot.

Q. Now, you're going to tell me that the defendant was not the person who was shot, is that right?

A. Yes, that's right. I'm not sure I can identify the person who was shot. I'm not sure I can identify the person who was shot.

Q. Now, you're going to tell me that the defendant was not the person who was shot, is that right?

A. Yes, that's right. I'm not sure I can identify the person who was shot. I'm not sure I can identify the person who was shot.

Arrangement of Sections

PART I

PRELIMINARY

Section

1. Short Title and Commencement
2. Interpretation
3. Establishment of Law Association

PART II

LAW ASSOCIATION

4. Council to manage affairs of Association
5. Purpose of Law Association
6. Practitioner members
7. Non-practitioner members
8. Honorary members
9. Privileges of membership
10. Expulsion and suspensions of rights and privileges
11. Termination of membership
12. Annual subscription to Association

PART III

MEMBERSHIP OF LEGAL PROFESSION

Enrolment, Admission, Status

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