

## CHAPTER 31. No. 14.

## SHOP (HOURS OF OPENING AND EMPLOYMENT).

Ordinances  
Ch.31. No.14  
-1940.  
No. 27-1942.  
" 21-1950.

AN ORDINANCE RELATING TO THE OPENING HOURS OF SHOPS, AND OF PREMISES LICENSED FOR THE SALE OF INTOXICATING LIQUORS, TO PROVIDE FOR THE LIMITATION OF THE HOURS OF EMPLOYMENT IN RESPECT OF CERTAIN TRADES, AND FOR THE SUPPLY OF SEATS FOR FEMALE SHOP ASSISTANTS.

Commence-  
ment.

[16th January, 1938.]

Short title.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Shop (Hours of Opening and Employment) Ordinance.

Interpre-  
tation.  
Ord. 27-  
1942, s. 2.

2. In this Ordinance unless the context otherwise requires—

“controlled business” means any one or more of the following trades or businesses, namely, any retail trade or business (including retail sales by auction but not including the sale of programmes and catalogues and other similar sales at theatres and places of amusement), the sale of intoxicating liquor under licence, the business of a pawnbroker, barber, hair-dresser, wholesale provision shop, refreshment house, restaurant, dairy shop, parlour or cook shop;

“employee” means a person employed in or about any shop, but shall not include—

(a) the owner registered under the Registration of Business Names Ordinance;

(b) the owner of any business not so registered as aforesaid;

(c) the directors and secretary of a company or

corporation when such a company or corporation is the owner of the business, provided that such directors and secretary are by a Shop Order specifically permitted to be in attendance in the shop, subject nevertheless to the conditions under which such permission is granted;

(d) the agent of the owner and the manager of the business carried on in the shop;

(e) any licensed druggist or assistant druggist in a drug shop;

(f) any member of the owner's immediate family, when such member is by a Shop Order specifically permitted to be employed or to be in attendance in the shop, subject nevertheless to the conditions under which such permission is granted:

Provided that in respect of categories (b), (d) and (f) only two such persons shall be excluded from being an employee in any single shop;

"immediate family" of the owner in reference to employment in a shop includes the owner's child, father, mother, brother, sister, as well as his wife, or her husband, as the case may be, and provided such person is maintained by and resides with such owner;

"Inspector" means a person appointed as such under section 3;

"shop" means all directly inter-connected premises or contiguous places used by any person for—

(a) exposing goods for sale as part of any controlled business carried on by him; or

(b) the storage, preparation, processing or manufacture of goods, some or all of which are ordinarily disposed of in the course of any controlled business carried on by him; or

(c) any other purpose of a controlled business carried on by him,

or, where part only of any premises or places are so used, means that part:

Provided that the term "shop" shall not include any market lawfully held, or any bazaar for charitable or public purposes, or any separate room or workshop used exclusively for the storage, preparation, pro-

cessing or manufacture of goods which are of a description ordinarily disposed of in substantial quantities otherwise than in the course of controlled business.

Appoint-  
ment of  
Inspectors.

Ord. 27-  
1942, s. 3.

3. The Governor may appoint one or more persons to be Inspectors for the purposes of this Ordinance.

Powers and  
duties of  
Inspectors  
and members  
of the Police  
Force.

Ord. 27-  
1942, s. 3.

4. (1) For the purpose of ascertaining whether the provisions of this Ordinance or of any Shop Order are being, or have been, duly observed and obeyed, any Inspector and any member of the Police Force not below the rank of subordinate police officer shall have the right to enter any premises or places which are, or which he may have grounds for suspecting to be, a shop at any time when such premises or places are open for business, and to require admission to any such premises or places, whether open for business or not, at any time when he has grounds for suspecting that any provision of this Ordinance or of a Shop Order is being, or has recently been, contravened therein, and to inspect such premises or places and to examine any person employed in or about such premises or places and to require production to him of any books or documents relating to the subject matter of the investigation.

(2) If any person wilfully delays or obstructs an Inspector or a member of the Police Force in the exercise of any powers conferred by this section, or fails to give information properly requested, or to produce books or documents properly called for, in exercise of such powers, or prevents or attempts to prevent any person from appearing before or being examined by an Inspector or member of the Police Force, or conceals or attempts to conceal any person with the same object, he shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine of two hundred and forty dollars.

Power to  
make Shop  
Orders  
limiting the  
opening  
hours of  
shops and  
hours of em-  
ployment  
therein.

Ch.31. No.14  
-1940, s. 3.

5. (1) The Governor in Council may, if he thinks fit, make an order (in this Ordinance referred to as a "Shop Order") fixing the hours (in this Ordinance referred to as the "opening hours") on the several days of the week, including Sundays and public holidays, during which,

either throughout the whole Colony or in any specified area of the Colony, all shops or shops of any specified class may be opened for serving customers.

(2) The Governor in Council may, if he thinks fit, by a Shop Order limit the number of hours during which employees may remain or be employed in any shop or store or place of trade or business, whether wholesale or retail, to which this Ordinance shall, by such order, be declared to be applicable.

(3) The provisions of any Shop Order made under this Ordinance may be varied from time to time or revoked by a subsequent order.

(4) A Shop Order made under this Ordinance shall have no force or effect until it has been approved by the Legislative Council.

6. (1) Any Shop Order under this Ordinance may make provision for the hours of employment fixed by such Order being extended on such occasions and for such purposes and to such extent as may be specified in such Order.

Hours fixed  
by Order  
may be  
extended.  
Ch.31. No.14  
-1940, s. 4.  
Ord. 27-  
1942, s. 4.

(2) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Ordinance contained, it shall be lawful for the Governor in his discretion to authorise, by notice published in a daily newspaper published in the Colony, the extension on special occasions of the time during which any licensed premises mentioned in such notice may be kept open. Such extension shall be granted when the Governor is satisfied that it will be for the general public convenience and will not injuriously affect public order.

7. (1) A Shop Order may limit to any extent the opening hours of, or may absolutely prohibit the opening of, a shop on Sundays and public holidays (in this Ordinance referred to as closed days).

Number of  
opening  
hours.  
Ch.31. No.14  
-1940, s. 5.

(2) Save as aforesaid the opening hours fixed by a Shop Order for any week day shall be not less than—

(a) ten hours on one specified day to be designated as a late closing day;

(b) four hours on one specified day to be designated as an early closing day;

(c) eight hours on other week days to be designated as ordinary closing days.

(3) The opening hours fixed by any Shop Order may from time to time be shortened (but not further than as provided in subsection (2) hereof) or extended for any specific day or period.

Hours of  
employment  
outside  
opening  
hours.

Ch.31. No.14  
-1940, s. 6.

8. A Shop Order may prohibit or restrict the employment in or about any shop outside opening hours of any person who has been employed in or about any shop during opening hours, and may impose conditions on such employment.

Shops carry-  
ing on more  
trades than  
one.

Ch.31. No.14  
-1940, s. 7.

9. Where more trades or businesses than one are carried on in the same shop, and any of those trades or businesses is of such a nature that, if it was the only trade or business carried on in the shop the Shop Order would not apply to the shop, such shop may be open outside the opening hours for the purposes of that trade or business alone, but on such terms and under such conditions as may be specified in the Shop Order.

Places other  
than shops.

Ch.31. No.14  
-1940, s. 8.

10. (1) If any person shall sell or expose or offer for sale in any place other than a shop any goods at any time or on any day during which the sale of goods of a like description is prohibited by any Shop Order, he shall be liable, on summary conviction, to a fine of two hundred and forty dollars: Provided that nothing in this section shall be deemed to prohibit a private sale by a person not engaged in the sale of goods as a trade or business.

(2) Any goods exposed for sale in contravention of subsection (1) of this section shall be forfeited and may be seized by any constable and dealt with in like manner as uncustomed goods seized by an officer of Customs in accordance with the provisions of the customs laws as defined in section 2 of the Customs Ordinance.

11. For the purpose of effectively controlling the opening hours of shops, and the hours of employment therein, a Shop Order may—

Restrictions  
of Shop  
Order.

Ch.31. No.14  
-1940, s. 9.

(a) define and classify shops and determine the kind of merchandise which may be sold therein;

(b) determine the persons who may or may not be employed therein;

(c) impose restrictions to be observed in order that such shops may fall within one or other of the specified classes and to ensure their closing during prohibited hours and the observance of the law by owners and other persons in charge of or in attendance in such shop;

(d) require the issue of licences in order to enable any shop to remain open for serving customers or to enable the carrying on of any retail trade or business in any place not being a shop, and for such other purposes and subject to such conditions as may be prescribed in the order, and provide for the cancellation of such licences, and designate the person or persons who shall act as Licensing Authority for the purposes hereof;

(e) require the payment of such fees as shall be fixed in respect of a licence, but not exceeding five dollars per annum for any one licence;

(f) exempt shops from the operation of the Order, either absolutely or subject to any conditions;

(g) permit a shop to be opened outside the opening hours for any purpose specified in the Order;

(h) authorise sales or transactions outside the opening hours for any purpose specified in the Order or of any specified thing or in any circumstances specified in the Order; and

(i) contain any incidental, supplemental, or consequential provisions which may appear necessary or proper.

12. Nothing in any Shop Order shall—

(a) affect the power of a Magistrate or two Justices of the Peace under section 55 of the Liquor Licences

Saving of  
certain  
provisions  
relating to  
Liquor  
Licences.

Ch.31. No.14  
-1940, s. 10.

Ordinance to order the closing of licensed premises;  
or

(b) affect the power of granting special licences conferred by section 37 of the Liquor Licences Ordinance.

Penalty for  
breach of  
hours of  
employment.  
Ch.31. No.14  
-1940, s. 11.  
Ord. 21-  
1950.

13. (1) If any person is employed in any shop or store or place of trade or business, in respect of which a Shop Order under this Ordinance is in force, for longer than the time fixed by such Order, then the person or persons in whose name such shop, store, or place of trade or business is carried on, and any other person or persons actually in charge of such shop, store, or place, shall each be liable, on summary conviction, to a fine of two hundred and forty dollars, for a first offence and five hundred dollars for any subsequent offence.

Penalty for  
breach of  
closing  
Order.

(2) If, outside the opening hours fixed by any Shop Order, any shop to which the Order applies is opened or kept open except as permitted by the Shop Order, or if, except as aforesaid, any sale or transaction is effected or attempted to be effected in any such shop, or if with respect to any such shop there is any contravention of the provisions or conditions of any Shop Order, the person or persons in whose name such shop is carried on and any other person or persons actually in charge of such shop shall each be liable, on summary conviction, to a fine of two hundred and forty dollars.

(3) But nothing in this Ordinance or any Shop Order shall render any person liable to a penalty by reason only that a transaction with a person in a shop at the end of the opening hours is commenced or completed after the end of the opening hours with reference to any article not being intoxicating liquor.

(4) If any sale or transaction or part of any sale or transaction in the course of the controlled business carried on in a shop is effected or attempted to be effected in any part of the premises, including in the case of licensed premises the unlicensed part of such premises, such sale or transaction or part of such sale or transaction shall be deemed to have been effected or attempted to be effected in such shop.

14. If at any time outside the opening hours fixed by a Shop Order any person is found on premises licensed under the Liquor Licences Ordinance (other than premises for which a hotel or special hotel licence is in force), or in any out-house or building in the same curtilage and occupied therewith, or in any other shop premises to which the Order applies, then, unless the Magistrate is satisfied that such person was an inmate, servant, or *bonâ fide* friend entertained at the expense of the licensed occupier, or that otherwise his presence was not in contravention of the law, the holder of the licence or the owner of the shop and any other person or persons actually in charge of such shop shall each be liable, on summary conviction, to a fine of one hundred dollars and the person so found shall be liable, on summary conviction, to a fine of twenty-four dollars.

Penalty where a person is found on shop premises after closing hours  
Ch.31. No.14  
-1940, s. 12.

15. Any constable may demand the name and address of any person found on any licensed premises or any shop during the period during which they are required to be closed, and, if he has reasonable ground to suppose that the name or address given is false, may require evidence of the correctness of such name and address, and may, if such person fail upon such demand to give his name or address, or evidence of the correctness of the name or address so given, apprehend him without warrant, and carry him as soon as practicable before a Magistrate. Any person required by a constable under this section to give his name and address, who fails to give the same, or gives a false name or address, or gives false evidence with respect to such name or address, shall be liable, on summary conviction, to a fine of twenty-four dollars.

Name and address of person found on shop premises to be given to constable.  
Ch.31. No.14  
-1940, s. 13.

16. In any prosecution against the owner or person in charge of a shop for permitting any employee to remain or be employed in such shop for a longer period than is permitted by law, if the defendant claims that the person alleged to be an employee is not an employee, the onus of proving that such person is not an employee shall lie on the defendant.

Onus of proof.  
Ch.31. No.14  
-1940, s. 14.

17. (1) In all rooms of a shop where female shop assistants are employed the occupier of the shop shall provide seats behind the counter, or in such other position as may be

Seats for female shop assistants.  
Ord. 27-  
1942, s. 5.  
Ch.31. No.14  
-1940, s. 15.

suitable for the purpose, and such seats shall be in the proportion of not less than one seat to every three female shop assistants employed in each room, with a minimum of one seat in each room.

Notice.

(2) It shall be the duty of the occupier of the shop to permit the female shop assistants so employed to make reasonable use of such seats, and the occupier shall post in a conspicuous position in the shop a notice in the words following:—

"NOTICE is hereby given that seats are provided in this shop for Female Shop Assistants, and that these Assistants are intended to make reasonable use of the seats."

Penalty.

(3) Any person failing to comply with the provisions of this section shall be liable, on summary conviction, for a first offence to a fine of twenty-four dollars, and for any subsequent offence to a fine of fifty dollars.

Shop Order  
Schedule.  
Ch.31. No.14  
-1940, s. 16.

18. The Shop Order contained in the Schedule to this Ordinance shall be in force until varied or revoked.

#### SCHEDULE.

##### Shop Order.

(Section 18.)

Short title.

1. This Order may be cited as the Shop Order, 1938.

Definitions.

Ord. 27-  
1942, s. 6.

2. For the purposes of this Order the following words and expressions shall, unless the context otherwise requires, have the meanings hereinafter assigned to them:—

"closed day" means Sunday, Good Friday, Christmas Day and any day appointed or declared to be a public holiday under the Public Holidays Ordinance;

"early closing day" means such day in every week as is specified in the First Schedule hereto for the early closing of any specified class or classes of shops in any specified area of the Colony;

"late closing day" means such day in every week as is specified in the First Schedule hereto for the late closing of any specified class or classes of shops in any specified area of the Colony;

"ordinary closing day" means week days not being a closed day, an early closing day, or a late closing day;

"Ordinance" means the Shop (Hours of Opening and Employment) Ordinance or any Ordinance amending or replacing the same;

"cook shop" means any shop in which is sold only food cooked on the premises;

1st Schedule.

"general shop" means a shop in which are sold or exposed for sale any merchandise other than spirits, wine and beer, tobacco, cigars, cigarettes, drugs, groceries and provisions, confectionery, fruits and vegetables, motor spirits and lubricants;

"grocery" means a shop (other than a wholesale provision shop) in which are sold or exposed for sale groceries and provisions, including tobacco, cigars, cigarettes, confectionery, fruits, vegetables and other goods ordinarily sold in grocery and provision shops; and grocery shops include the shops heretofore known as retail provision shops;

"parlour" means a shop in which are sold or exposed for sale only the articles of merchandise enumerated in the Second Schedule hereto; such shop shall be the only shop, room or place used by the owner of the business for the purpose of storing and selling such merchandise; such shop shall be the only shop of any kind established on premises rated as one lot, unless the Commissioner of Police, in his absolute discretion, grants exemption in writing from compliance with this restriction; such shop shall have no means of internal communication with any other part of the premises, unless such other part is used solely as a residence by the owner of the shop, and shall not be adjacent to premises licensed for the sale of intoxicating liquor;

2nd  
Schedule.

"scheduled area" means one of the areas described in the Third Schedule hereto or any area added to such Schedule by order of the Governor;

3rd  
Schedule.

"spirit retailer's shop" means premises in respect of which a spirit retailer's licence under the Liquor Licences Ordinance is in force;

"wine retailer's shop" means premises in respect of which a wine retailer's licence granted under the provisions of the Liquor Licences Ordinance is in force:

Subject to any further provisions contained in this Order "dairy shop," "refreshment house," and "restaurant" mean places or premises in which only meals, light refreshments, cigars, cigarettes, confectionery and matches are sold for consumption either on or off the premises; and "restaurant" also includes any premises licensed as a restaurant under the Liquor Licences Ordinance.

3. The hours during which the several shops of the classes specified in the First Schedule hereto may remain open for serving customers shall be as respectively set out in the said Schedule, subject nevertheless to the exceptions and conditions contained in this Order.

Opening and  
closing  
hours.

1st Schedule.

4. Except as hereinafter specially provided, no shop shall open on closed days.

Closed days.

5. The following acts and transactions shall be exempt, to the extent herein indicated and no further, from the provisions of this Order in respect of closed days or of hours of opening and closing:—

Exemptions.

(a) the sale at any time and on any day of any provisions, stores, coals, or other supplies for the use of any vessel anchored in the

harbours of Port-of-Spain, San Fernando, Brighton or Scarborough, on the written order of the Captain or Chief Officer or the local agent of such vessel, and subject to compliance with the Customs Laws;

(b) the sale at any time and on any day of any article required for the burial of the dead or for any sick person or animal when the seller thereof has reasonable ground for believing such article to be required for any of those purposes;

(c) the sale of dairy produce or ice and the delivery of yeast for baking purposes at any time and on any day;

(d) the sale of bread, fresh meat, fresh fish, fresh fruit or fresh vegetables, until 9 a.m. on any closed day and at any hour on any other day;

(e) the delivery between 6 a.m. and 9 a.m. from a grocery on any day when such grocery is required to be closed of any goods of the kind described in the definition of "grocery" contained in paragraph 2 of this Order; such delivery to be made at the premises of the persons who have ordered the goods;

(f) the making at any time, except on closed days, of articles of clothing, boots and shoes to order, in shops where no other trade or business is carried on;

(g) the sale at any time and on any day of any newspaper published in the Colony;

(h) the sale at any time and on any day at petrol filling stations, motor vehicle and repair service stations, or motor vehicle spare parts shops, of petroleum products, lubricants and accessories required for the urgent repair of, or immediate use in, any vehicle;

(i) the sale at any time and on any day in San Fernando of oilfield supplies urgently required by persons operating for oil;

(j) the exercise in their shops at any time and on any day, not being a closed day, of their profession or calling by opticians, barbers, hairdressers, manicurists, and beauty specialists: Provided that no article be sold outside the opening hours prescribed for such shops;

(k) the sale at any time and on any day in any cookshop of food cooked therein;

(l) demonstrations at any time and on any day by motor dealers: Provided that the place of business is closed as required by any Shop Order in force;

(m) the sawing, milling and moulding of lumber or timber in a timber yard at any time, except on closed days, and the transport of lumber or timber in, or in connection with a timber yard.

Sale of medicine, etc., for infants and the sick from drug shop.

6. At any time outside the opening hours prescribed for drug shops (including closed days) prescriptions may be made up and the same and also any drugs, infants' requisites and articles required for sick persons and animals may be sold. Licensed druggists, assistant druggists and porters attached to dispensing departments may be employed in a drug shop at all times for the foregoing purposes.

7. (1) Any person who is employed in or about a general shop or a wholesale provision shop during opening hours may be employed in or about such shop for not more than half an hour immediately after the closing of the shop: Provided that the manager of any department of any such shop may be employed in the shop for not more than one hour immediately after the closing hour.

Employment outside of opening hours in general shops and wholesale provision shops.  
General shops from 11th to 24th December

(2) Between the 11th and the 24th of December (both days inclusive) any person employed in or about any general shop during opening hours may be employed in or about such shop for not more than one hour immediately after the closing of the shop.

(3) Porters may be employed in any general shop or wholesale provision shop for not more than half an hour immediately before the opening hour for the purpose of opening and cleaning the premises, under the supervision of the person in charge of the shop or other person deputed by him.

Porters.

(4) Any person who is employed in or about any spirit retailer's shop during opening hours may be employed in or about that shop for not more than half an hour immediately after the closing hour for the purpose of cleaning and closing such shop.

In spirit shops.

(5) Every director and secretary of a company or corporation may attend at all times in any shop owned by such company or corporation, provided that not more than two such directors may so attend for the purpose of serving customers during opening hours.

Directors and secretary of a company

(6) Except as expressly permitted by the Ordinance, or any Shop Order, no employee shall be or remain in or about any shop on closed days, or outside of opening hours on any other day.

Attendance of employees in shops.

8. For the purposes of an annual stock-taking any person employed in or about any general shop, wholesale provision shop, or grocery, may be employed after the closing hour for not more than two hours on each of eight consecutive ordinary closing days or for not more than four hours on each of four consecutive ordinary closing days, at any time of the year, on the written licence of the Commissioner of Police previously had and obtained and subject to such conditions as the Commissioner may require.

Annual stock-taking.

9. Where different trades or businesses in respect of which different times for opening and closing apply, are carried on in the same premises, such premises shall be opened at the latest hour and closed at the earliest hour applicable to any such trade or business, unless means are provided to the satisfaction of the Commissioner of Police for the adequate partition or division of the premises into separate and distinct shops so as to ensure the effective closing of each trade or business outside of the relevant opening hours fixed for such trade or business: Provided that nothing in this paragraph shall apply to any transactions under paragraph 6 of this Order relating to drug shops.

Opening and closing times when different trades are carried on in same premises.

10. In scheduled areas no employee shall be employed in or about any one or more shops on any day for more than  $4\frac{1}{2}$  consecutive hours calculated from the time of commencing duty, without an interval of at least three-quarters of an hour for mealtime, rest or relaxation before

Hours of employment.

the next spell of duty, nor for any subsequent period of more than 3 hours without an additional interval of at least a quarter of an hour for the aforesaid purposes, nor for any aggregate period, excluding meal or rest intervals, exceeding 45 hours in any one week: Provided that such aggregate period shall be extended by an additional period equal to the number of opening hours by which the time of opening is extended under the provisions of section 6 of this Ordinance, or by the number of hours occupied in stock-taking in accordance with paragraph 8 of this Order: Provided further that for each additional hour or part thereof beyond 45 hours in any one week exclusive of meal and rest intervals an employee shall be paid at the rate of time-and-a-half of his or her average hourly earnings for that week or at the rate of not less than 30c. per hour, whichever is the greater.

List of persons employed in certain shops to be posted up.

11. (1) In scheduled areas the owner or person in charge of a shop shall have posted in a conspicuous position in the shop a list signed by him showing the opening and closing hours of the shop and the names, addresses and hours of employment of every employee in such shop, and also a similar list of such members of the owner's family (stating the precise relationship) who attend on customers therein; and he shall not knowingly cause or suffer or permit any employee to work in the shop outside of the hours of employment indicated in such list, nor to work in more than one shop, nor shall he knowingly employ any such employee who works as an employee in any other shop on the same day.

(2) The owner or person in charge of a shop in a scheduled area shall at the request of an Inspector or any member of the Police Force not below the rank of subordinate police officer, produce the list mentioned in the next preceding sub-paragraph and afford him every facility for verifying the correctness of the particulars therein contained.

Nature of opening hours, etc., to be given to Commissioner of Police.

12. The owner or person in charge of any shop, wherever situated, shall send a written notification to the Commissioner of Police of the opening and closing hours of such shop, and the hours so notified shall thereafter remain unchanged for at least three months and may only be changed at the expiration of the first three-monthly period or of any subsequent three-monthly period after written notice given to the Commissioner of Police at least 15 days before the expiration of the three-monthly period at the end of which the change is to take place.

#### FIRST SCHEDULE.

1. Subject to the provisions of the following paragraphs of this First Schedule, the opening hours for shops of the classes specified in this paragraph shall be:—

In scheduled areas—

- (a) Spirit Retailers' Shops and Thursday (early closing day)  
 Wine Retailers' Shops... 8 a.m.-1 p.m. Other week  
 days 8 a.m.-8 p.m.

(b) Groceries ... .. Thursday (early closing day)  
6.30 a.m.-1 p.m. Other  
week days 6.30 a.m.-8 p.m.

(c) Drug Stores ... .. Every week day 7 a.m.-  
9 p.m.

Provided that no goods, other than drugs, infants' requisites and articles required for sick persons and animals, shall be sold outside the opening hours for general shops.

(d) All other shops except parlours and shops mentioned in paragraph 3 of this First Schedule. Saturday 8 a.m.-12 noon.  
Other week days 8 a.m.-8 p.m.

In areas outside scheduled areas—

(a) All shops other than drug stores, parlours, and shops mentioned in paragraph 3 of this First Schedule. Saturday (late closing day) 6.30 a.m.-8 p.m. Thursday (early closing day) 6.30 a.m.-1 p.m. Other week days 6.30 a.m.-7 p.m.

(b) Drug Stores ... .. Every week day 7 a.m.-  
9 p.m.

Provided that no goods, other than drugs, infants' requisites, and articles required for sick persons and animals, shall be sold after the closing hours for general shops.

2. When any public holiday, within the meaning of the Public Holidays Ordinance as from time to time amended falls on the day following an early closing day, then such early closing day may be regarded as an ordinary closing day.

3. Restaurants, refreshment houses and dairy shops may remain open for serving customers between the hours of 5.30 a.m. and 11.30 p.m. on any day including a closed day: Provided that on closed days and after 7 p.m. on other days such shops may sell only food for consumption on or off the premises and the following articles, namely, non-alcoholic beverages, cigarettes, cigars, confectionery, and matches: Provided further that restaurants licensed under the Liquor Licences Ordinance, may also sell intoxicating liquors according to the terms of such licence.

4. A barber or hair-dresser may attend on a customer on a closed day only at the customer's own residence.

5. The opening hours for parlours shall be those fixed in the Second Schedule to this Order: Provided that outside the opening hours for groceries as set out in the First Schedule to this Order, none of the articles set out in the Second Schedule to this Order shall be sold in the original container except aerated waters, cigarettes, confectionery, ice cream, matches, milk (condensed) and milk (fresh).

**SECOND SCHEDULE.**

Parlours may remain open for serving customers between the hours of 6 a.m. and 11 p.m. on every day including closed days for the sale of the following articles only, namely:—

Aerated waters	Cocoa	Milk (condensed)
Arrowroot	Coffee	Milk (fresh)
Biscuits	Confectionery	Oil (coconut—raw or refined)
Bread	Cooked food	Pepper
Cakes	Fruits	Salt
Candles	Ice	Sugar (local)
Cheese	Ice cream	Tea
Cigarettes	Matches	Vinegar
Cigars		

**THIRD SCHEDULE.****Scheduled Areas**

- (a) The City of Port-of-Spain including any area within one mile of the boundaries thereof.
- (b) The Boroughs of San Fernando and Arima.
- (c) Any area lying within half-a-mile of that portion of the Eastern Main Road which extends from the City limits of Port-of-Spain and the Borough limits of Arima.
- (d) The area lying within a radius of one mile of the Magistrate's Court, Sangre Grande.
- (e) The area lying within a radius of one mile of the Magistrate's Court, Couva.
- (f) The area lying within a radius of one mile of the Magistrate's Court Chaguanas.
- (g) The area lying within a radius of one mile of the Magistrate's Court, Princes Town.
- (h) The area lying within a radius of one mile of the Magistrate's Court, Cedros.
- (i) The area lying within a radius of one mile of the Magistrate's Court, Siparia.
- (j) The area lying within a radius of one mile of the Magistrate's Court, Rio Claro.
- (k) The area lying within a radius of one mile of the Police Station, Point Fortin.
- (l) The area lying within a radius of one mile of the Administrative Offices, Scarborough.
- (m) The area lying within a radius of one mile of the Magistrate's Court, Roxborough.