

TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO.

No. 29.—1916.

I ASSENT,

[L.S.]

J. R. CHANCELLOR,  
*Governor.*

21st November, 1916.

AN ORDINANCE to amend the Law relating to Indictments in Criminal Cases, and matters incidental or similar thereto.

[1st January, 1917.]

**B**E it enacted by the Governor of Trinidad and Tobago with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof as follows:—

Short Title.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Indictments Ordinance, 1916.

Interpretation.

2. In this Ordinance, unless the context otherwise requires:—

“Court” means the Supreme Court of Trinidad and Tobago, or a Judge thereof.

Rules as to indictmen

3. The rules contained in the First Schedule to this Ordinance with respect to indictments shall have effect as if enacted in this Ordinance, but those rules may be added to, varied, or annulled by further rules made by the rule committee under this Ordinance.

4.—(1.) There shall be established for the purposes of this Ordinance a rule committee consisting of the Chief Justice, the First Puisne Judge, and the Attorney-General. Powers of rule committee.

(2.) The rule committee shall have power from time to time to make rules varying or annulling the rules contained in the First Schedule to this Ordinance and to make further rules with respect to the matters dealt with in those rules, and those rules shall have effect subject to any modifications or additions so made.

(3.)—(a.) Any rules made by the rule committee shall not have any force or effect until they have been approved by the Legislative Council, and when so approved shall have the same force and effect as if they were contained in an Ordinance, and may be disallowed by His Majesty in the same manner and with the same consequences as in the case of an Ordinance.

(b.) Any such rules approved as aforesaid shall, subject to disallowance by His Majesty, come into operation on the day appointed in such rules in that behalf, or if no day is so appointed, on such day as the Governor by proclamation in the *Royal Gazette* appoints.

(c.) Disallowance by His Majesty shall take effect upon and from the day on which the proclamation notifying the same is published in the *Royal Gazette*, but shall not affect any proceedings taken before such publication.

5.—(1.) Every indictment shall contain, and shall be sufficient if it contains, a statement of the specific offence or offences with which the accused person is charged, together with such particulars as may be necessary for giving reasonable information as to the nature of the charge. General provisions as to indictments.

(2.) Notwithstanding any rule of law or practice, an indictment shall, subject to the provisions of this Ordinance, not be open to objection in respect of its form or contents if it is framed in accordance with the rules under this Ordinance.

Joinder of charges in the same indictment.

6. Subject to the provisions of the rules under this Ordinance, charges for more than one felony or for more than one misdemeanour, and charges for both felonies and misdemeanours, may be joined in the same indictment.

Orders for amendment of indictment, separate trial, and postponement of trial.

7.—(1.) Where, before trial, or at any stage of a trial, it appears to the court that the indictment is defective, the court shall make such order for the amendment of the indictment as the court thinks necessary to meet the circumstances of the case, unless, having regard to the merits of the case, the required amendments cannot be made without injustice.

(2.) Where an indictment is so amended, a note of the order for amendment shall be endorsed on the indictment, and the indictment shall be treated for the purposes of the trial and for the purposes of all proceedings in connection therewith as if it had been originally presented in the amended form.

(3.) Where, before trial, or at any stage of a trial, the court is of opinion that a person accused may be prejudiced or embarrassed in his defence by reason of being charged with more than one offence in the same indictment, or that for any other reason it is desirable to direct that the person should be tried separately for any one or more offences charged in an indictment, the court may order a separate trial of any count or counts of such indictment.

(4.) Where, before trial, or at any stage of a trial, the court is of opinion that the postponement of the trial of a person accused is expedient as a consequence of the exercise of any power of the court under this Ordinance to amend an indictment or to order a separate trial of a count, the court shall make such order as to the postponement of the trial as appears necessary.

(5.) Where an order of the court is made under this section for a separate trial or for the postponement of a trial--

- (a.) if such an order is made during a trial the court may order that the jury are to be discharged from giving a verdict on the count or counts the trial of which is postponed or on the indictment, as the case may be; and
- (b.) the procedure on the separate trial of a count shall be the same in all respects as if the count had been presented in a separate indictment, and the procedure on the postponed trial shall be the same in all respects (if the jury has been discharged) as if the trial had not commenced; and
- (c.) the court may make such order as to admitting the accused person to bail, and as to the enlargement of recognizances and otherwise as the court thinks fit.

(6.) Any power of the court under this section shall be in addition to and not in derogation of any other power of the court for the same or similar purposes.

8.—(1.) Nothing in this Ordinance or the rules there-<sup>Savings.</sup> under shall affect the law or practice relating to the jurisdiction of a court or the place where an accused person can be tried, nor prejudice or diminish in any respect the obligation to establish by evidence according to law any acts, omissions, or intentions which are legally necessary to constitute the offence with which the person accused is charged, nor otherwise affect the laws of evidence in criminal cases.

(2.) The provisions of this Ordinance relating to indictments shall apply to criminal informations in the Supreme Court and inquisitions, and also to any plea, replication or other criminal pleading, with such modifications as may be made by rules under this Ordinance. <sup>Application to Criminal informations &c.</sup>

Repeal.

9. The enactments specified in the Second Schedule to this Ordinance are hereby repealed to the extent mentioned in the third column of that schedule.

Commence-  
ment.

10. This Ordinance shall commence on the First day of January, 1917, but shall not apply to indictments in the case of persons committed for trial before that date, or to the trial of any such person.

Passed in Council this Third day of November, in the year of Our Lord one thousand nine hundred and sixteen.

J. M. FARFAN,  
*Acting Clerk of the Council.*

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## SCHEDULES.

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### FIRST SCHEDULE.

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#### RULES.

1.—(1.) An indictment may be either written or printed, or partly written and partly printed. Material, &c.  
for indict-  
ments.

(2.) Figures and abbreviations may be used in an indictment for expressing anything which is commonly expressed thereby.

2.—(1.) The commencement of the indictment shall be in the following form :— Commence-  
ment of the  
indictment.

THE KING v. A. B.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO.

Port-of-Spain (or San Fernando or Scarborough, as the case may be.)

INDICTMENT BY THE ATTORNEY-GENERAL

(or INDICTMENT BY C.D. ADMITTED TO PROSECUTE PRIVATELY.)

A. B. is charged with the following offence [offences] :—

(2.) In the case of a Criminal Information the words "Criminal Information by the Attorney-General" shall be substituted for the words "Indictment by the Attorney-General."

3. Charges for any offences, whether felonies or misdemeanours, may be joined in the same indictment if those charges are founded on the same facts, or form or are a part of a series of offences of the same or a similar character. Joining of  
charges in one  
indictment.

4.—(1.) A description of the offence charged in an indictment, or where more than one offence is charged in an indictment, of each offence so charged, shall be set out in the indictment in a separate paragraph called a count. Mode in which  
offences are to  
be charged.

(2.) A count of an indictment shall commence with a statement of the offence charged, called the statement of offence.

(3.) The statement of offence shall describe the offence shortly in ordinary language, avoiding as far as possible the use of technical terms, and without necessarily stating all the essential elements of the offence, and if the offence charged is one created by Ordinance or Statute of the Imperial Parliament, shall contain a reference to the section of the Ordinance or statute creating the offence.

(4.) After the statement of the offence, particulars of such offence shall be set out in ordinary language, in which the use of technical terms shall not be necessary :

Provided that where any rule of law or any Ordinance or statute limits the particulars of an offence which are required to be given in an indictment, nothing in this rule shall require any more particulars to be given than those so required.

(5.) The forms set out in the appendix to these rules, or forms conforming thereto as nearly as may be shall be used in cases to which they are applicable, and in other cases forms to the like effect or conforming thereto as nearly as may be shall be used, the statement of offence and the particulars of offence being varied according to the circumstances in each case.

(6.) Where an indictment contains more than one count, the counts shall be numbered consecutively.

Provisions as to statutory offences.

5.—(1.) Where an enactment constituting an offence states the offence to be the doing or the omission to do any one of any different acts in the alternative, or the doing or the omission to do any act in any one of any different capacities, or with any one of any different intentions, or states any part of the offence in the alternative, the acts, omissions, capacities, or intentions, or other matters stated in the alternative in the enactment, may be stated in the alternative in the count charging the offence.

(2.) It shall not be necessary, in any count charging a statutory offence, to negative any exception or exemption from or qualification to the operation of the Ordinance or statute creating the offence.

Description of property.

6.—(1.) The description of property in a count in an indictment shall be in ordinary language and such as to indicate with reasonable clearness the property referred to, and if the property is so described it shall not be necessary (except when required for the purpose of describing an offence depending on any special ownership of property or special value of property) to name the person to whom the property belongs or the value of the property.

(2.) Where property is vested in more than one person, and the owners of the property are referred to in an indictment, it shall be sufficient to describe the property as owned by one of those persons by name with others, and if the persons owning the property are a body of persons with a collective name, such as "Inhabitants," "Trustees," "Commissioners," or "Club" or other such name, it shall be sufficient to use the collective name without naming any individual.

Description of persons.

7. The description or designation in an indictment of the accused person, or of any other person to whom reference is made therein, shall be such as is reasonably sufficient to identify him, without necessarily stating his correct name, or his abode, style, degree, or occupation; and if, owing to the name of the person not being known, or for any other reason, it is impracticable to give such a description or designation, such description or designation shall be given as is reasonably practicable in the circumstances, or such person may be described as "a person unknown."

Description of document.

8. Where it is necessary to refer to any document or instrument in an indictment, it shall be sufficient to describe it by any name or designation by which it is usually known, or by the purport thereof, without setting out any copy thereof.

General rule as to description.

9. Subject to any other provisions of these rules, it shall be sufficient to describe any place, time, thing, matter, act, or omission whatsoever to which it is necessary to refer in any indictment, in ordinary language in such a manner as to indicate with reasonable clearness the place, time, thing, matter, act or omission referred to.

Statement of intent.

10. It shall not be necessary in stating any intent to defraud, deceive or injure to state an intent to defraud, deceive or injure any particular person where the enactment creating the offence does not make an intent to defraud, deceive or injure a particular person an essential ingredient of the offence.

11. Any charge of a previous conviction of an offence shall be charged at the end of the indictment by means of a statement that the person accused has been previously convicted of that offence at a certain time and place without stating the particulars of the offence. Charge of previous convictions, &c.

12.—(1.) All indictments shall, subject to the provisions hereinafter appearing, be signed by the Attorney-General. Signing indictments.

(2.) In cases in which under any existing Ordinance any party injured or complaining is admitted to prosecute privately, the indictment shall be signed by such party and not by the Attorney-General.

(3.) The Registrar shall not receive an indictment from any private prosecutor unless the indictment has thereon endorsed a certificate by the Attorney-General to the effect that he has seen such indictment and declines to prosecute at the public instance for the offence therein set forth, and unless such prosecutor has entered into a recognisance in the sum of £50, together with one surety to be approved by the Registrar in the like sum, to prosecute the said indictment to conclusion at the time at which the accused shall be required to appear and pay such costs as may be ordered by the Court.

13. Every indictment shall be filed in Court.

Indictments to be filed in Court.

14.—(1.) Any person committed for trial may by notice addressed to the Registrar, and left at the office of the Registrar of the Court four clear days at least before the trial of any indictment filed against him, require that a copy of such indictment be served upon him at a place specified in such notice being within three miles of the Court House in Port-of-Spain, and thereupon it shall be the duty of the Registrar to serve such copy by delivering the same at the place specified in the notice, either to the prisoner personally, or if the prisoner be not there, to any person willing to accept such service on behalf of the prisoner, or if no such person can be found, by leaving the same between the hours of nine o'clock in the morning and four o'clock in the afternoon at the place aforesaid. Copy of indictment.

(2.) When the person desirous of giving such notice is a prisoner in the Royal Gaol, it shall be the duty of the Keeper of the Royal Gaol to assist him to prepare such notice, and to cause the same to be left at the Registrar's office as soon as practicable.

(3.) With reference to the service of any copy of an indictment, the Marshal shall be aiding and assisting to the Registrar.

(4.) If upon the arraignment of any accused person it appears to the Court that notice according to these Rules requiring the service of a copy of the indictment was given, and that such copy was not served according to this Ordinance in pursuance of such notice, such accused person shall on application by himself or on his behalf, be entitled as of right to have the trial of the indictment postponed to the next Criminal Sessions held in the town in which he is arraigned.

15. Except as in these Rules otherwise provided, these Rules shall apply to criminal informations in the Court and also to any plea replication or other pleading relating thereto. Application to informations, etc.

16. The Interpretation Ordinance, 1912, applies for the interpretation of these rules as it applies for the interpretation of an Ordinance. Interpretation Ordinance, 1912.

17. These rules may be cited as the Indictment rules, 1916, and these rules, together with any rules made under Section 4 of this Ordinance may be cited together by such collective title as may be prescribed by the last-mentioned rules. Short Title.

## APPENDIX TO RULES.

## FORMS OF INDICTMENT.

1.

## STATEMENT OF OFFENCE.

Murder.

*A.B.*, on thePARTICULARS OF OFFENCE.  
day of  
, murdered *J.S.*

, in the County of

2.

## STATEMENT OF OFFENCE.

Accessory after the fact to murder.

*A.B.*, well knowing that *H.C.*, had murdered *C.C.*, did on the  
day of and on other days thereafter, in the County of  
said *H.C.* receive, comfort, harbour, assist and maintain the

## PARTICULARS OF OFFENCE.

3.

## STATEMENT OF OFFENCE.

Manslaughter.

*A.B.*, on thePARTICULARS OF OFFENCE.  
day of  
, unlawfully killed *J.S.*

, in the County of

4.

## STATEMENT OF OFFENCE.

Rape.

*A.B.*, on thePARTICULARS OF OFFENCE.  
day of  
, had carnal knowledge of *E.F.* without her consent.

, in the County of

5.

*First Count.*

## STATEMENT OF OFFENCE.

Wounding with intent, contrary to Section 14 of the Offences against the Person Ordinance, No. 14.

*A.B.*, on the day of  
, wounded *C.D.*, with intent to do him grievous bodily  
harm, or to maim, disfigure, or disable him, or to resist the lawful apprehension  
of him the said *A.B.*

## PARTICULARS OF OFFENCE.

, in the County of

*Second Count.*

## STATEMENT OF OFFENCE.

Wounding, contrary to Section 16 of the Offences against the Person Ordinance, No. 14.

*A.B.*, on thePARTICULARS OF OFFENCE.  
day of  
, maliciously wounded *C.D.*

, in the County of

6.

## STATEMENT OF OFFENCE.

Larceny, contrary to Section 39 of the Larceny Ordinance, No. 15.

*A.B.*, on the day of  
, being clerk or servant to *M.N.*, stole from the said  
*M.N.* ten yards of cloth.

## PARTICULARS OF OFFENCE.

, in the County of

## 7.

## STATEMENT OF OFFENCE.

Robbery with violence, contrary to Section 8 of the Larceny Ordinance, No. 15.

## PARTICULARS OF OFFENCE.

*A.B.*, on the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, in the County of \_\_\_\_\_, robbed *C.D.* of a watch, and at the time of or immediately before or immediately after such robbery did use personal violence to the said *C.D.*

## 8.

*First Count.*

## STATEMENT OF OFFENCE.

Larceny.

## PARTICULARS OF OFFENCE.

*A.B.*, on the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, in the County of \_\_\_\_\_ stole a bag, the property of *C.D.*

*Second Count.*

## STATEMENT OF OFFENCE.

Receiving stolen goods, contrary to Section 58 of the Larceny Ordinance, No. 15.

## PARTICULARS OF OFFENCE.

*A.B.*, on the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, in the County of \_\_\_\_\_, did receive a bag, the property of *C.D.*, knowing the same to have been stolen.

*A.B.* has been previously convicted of felony, to wit, burglary, on the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_ at \_\_\_\_\_

## 9.

## STATEMENT OF OFFENCE.

Breaking into dwelling house and larceny, contrary to Section 26 of the Larceny Ordinance, No. 15.

## PARTICULARS OF OFFENCE.

*A.B.*, on the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, in the County of \_\_\_\_\_, did break and enter the dwelling-house of *C.D.* with intent to steal therein, and did steal therein one watch, the property of *S.T.*

## 10.

## STATEMENT OF OFFENCE.

Sending threatening letter, contrary to Section 13 of the Larceny Ordinance, No. 15.

## PARTICULARS OF OFFENCE.

*A.B.*, on the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, in the County of \_\_\_\_\_, sent, delivered or uttered to or caused to be received by *C.D.*, a letter accusing or threatening to accuse the said *C.D.* of an infamous crime with intent to extort money from the said *C. D.*

## 11.

## STATEMENT OF OFFENCE.

Obtaining goods by false pretences, contrary to Section 57 of the Larceny Ordinance, No. 15.

## PARTICULARS OF OFFENCE.

*A.B.*, on the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, in the County of \_\_\_\_\_, with intent to defraud, obtained from *S.P.* five yards of cloth by falsely pretending that he, the said *A.B.*, was a servant to *J.S.*, and that he, the said *A.B.*, had then been sent by the said *J.S.*, to *S.P.* for the said cloth, and that he, the said *A.B.*, was then authorised by the said *J.S.* to receive the said cloth on behalf of the said *J.S.*

## 12.

## STATEMENT OF OFFENCE.

Conspiracy to Defraud.

## PARTICULARS OF OFFENCE.

*A.B.* and *C.D.* on divers days between the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, in the County of \_\_\_\_\_ and the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, conspired together and with other persons unknown to defraud such persons as should thereafter be induced to part with money to the said *A.B.* and *C.D.*, by false representations that *A.B.* and *C.D.* were then carrying on a genuine business as jewellers at \_\_\_\_\_ and that they were then willing and prepared to supply articles of jewellery to such persons.

## 13.

*First Count.*

## STATEMENT OF OFFENCE.

Arson, contrary to Section 3 of the Malicious Injury to Property Ordinance, No. 16.

## PARTICULARS OF OFFENCE.

*A.B.*, on the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, in the County of \_\_\_\_\_, maliciously set fire to a dwelling-house, one *F.G.* being therein.

*Second Count.*

## STATEMENT OF OFFENCE.

Arson, contrary to Section 4 of the Malicious Injury to Property Ordinance, No. 15.

## PARTICULARS OF OFFENCE.

*A.B.*, on the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, in the County of \_\_\_\_\_, maliciously set fire to a house with intent to injure or defraud.

## 14.

## STATEMENT OF OFFENCES.

*A.B.*, arson, contrary to Section 4 of the Malicious Injury to Property Ordinance, No. 15.

*C.D.*, accessory before the fact to same offence.

## PARTICULARS OF OFFENCES.

*A.B.*, on the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, in the County of \_\_\_\_\_, maliciously set fire to a house with intent to injure or defraud.  
*C.D.*, on the same day, in the County of \_\_\_\_\_ did counsel, procure, and command the said *A.B.* to commit the said offence.

## 15.

*First Count.*

## STATEMENT OF OFFENCE.

Offence under Section 4 of the Railways and Telegraphs Offences Ordinance, No. 21.

## PARTICULARS OF OFFENCE.

*A.B.*, on the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, in the County of \_\_\_\_\_, displaced a sleeper belonging to the Trinidad Government Railway with intent to obstruct, upset, overthrow, injure, or destroy any engine, tender, carriage or truck using the said railway.

*Second Count.*

## STATEMENT OF OFFENCE.

Obstructing railway, contrary to Section 4 of the Railways and Telegraphs Offences Ordinance, No. 21.

## PARTICULARS OF OFFENCE.

*A.B.*, on the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, in the County of \_\_\_\_\_, by unlawfully displacing a sleeper belonging to the Trinidad Government Railway did obstruct or cause to be obstructed an engine or carriage using the said railway.

## 16.

## STATEMENT OF OFFENCE.

Damaging trees, contrary to Section 20 of the Malicious Injury to Property Ordinance, No. 16.

*A.B.*, on the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, in the County of \_\_\_\_\_, maliciously damaged a \_\_\_\_\_ tree there growing.

## PARTICULARS OF OFFENCE.

## 17.

*First Count.*

## STATEMENT OF OFFENCE.

Forgery, contrary to Section 2 of the Forgery Ordinance, No. 17.

## PARTICULARS OF OFFENCE

*A.B.*, on the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, in the County of \_\_\_\_\_, with intent to defraud, forged a certain will purporting to be the will of *C.D.*

*Second Count.*

## STATEMENT OF OFFENCE.

Uttering forged document, contrary to Section 2 of the Forgery Ordinance, No. 17.

## PARTICULARS OF OFFENCE.

*A.B.*, on the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, in the County of \_\_\_\_\_, uttered a certain forged will purporting to be the will of *C.D.*, knowing the same to be forged and with intent to defraud.

## 18.

## STATEMENT OF OFFENCE.

Uttering counterfeit coin, contrary to Section 13 of the Coin Ordinance, No. 18.

## PARTICULARS OF OFFENCE.

*A.B.*, on the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, at \_\_\_\_\_ in the County of \_\_\_\_\_, uttered a counterfeit half-crown, knowing the same to be counterfeit.

## 19.

## STATEMENT OF OFFENCE.

Uttering counterfeit coin, contrary to Section 13 of the Coin Ordinance, No. 18.

## PARTICULARS OF OFFENCE.

*A.B.*, on the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, at \_\_\_\_\_ in the County of \_\_\_\_\_, uttered a counterfeit sovereign, knowing the same to be counterfeit.

*A.B.* has been previously convicted of a misdemeanour under Section 13 of the Coin Ordinance, No. 18, on the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_ at \_\_\_\_\_

## 20.

## STATEMENT OF OFFENCE.

Perjury, contrary to Section 3 of the Criminal Offences Ordinance, No. 22.

## PARTICULARS OF OFFENCE.

*A.B.*, on the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, in the County of \_\_\_\_\_, being a witness upon the trial of an action in the \_\_\_\_\_ Court \_\_\_\_\_, in which one \_\_\_\_\_, was plaintiff, and one \_\_\_\_\_, was defendant, knowingly falsely swore that he saw one, *M.N.*, in the street called Frederick Street, Port-of-Spain, on the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_

## 21.

## STATEMENT OF OFFENCE.

Libel.

## PARTICULARS OF OFFENCE.

*A.B.*, on the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, in the County of \_\_\_\_\_, published a defamatory libel concerning *E.F.*, in the form of a letter [book, pamphlet, picture, or as the case may be].  
[Innuendo should be stated where necessary.]

## 22.

*First Count.*

## STATEMENT OF OFFENCE.

Publishing obscene libel.

## PARTICULARS OF OFFENCE.

*E.M.*, on the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, in the County of \_\_\_\_\_, sold, uttered, and published and caused or procured to be sold, uttered, and published an obscene libel the particulars of which are deposited with this indictment.  
[Particulars to specify pages and lines complained of where necessary, as in a book.]

*Second Count.*

## STATEMENT OF OFFENCE.

Procuring obscene libel [or thing] with intent to sell or publish.

## PARTICULARS OF OFFENCE.

*E.M.*, on the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, in the County of \_\_\_\_\_, procured an obscene libel [or thing], the particulars of which are deposited with this indictment, with intent to sell, utter or publish such obscene libel [or thing].

## 23.

## STATEMENT OF OFFENCES.

*A.B.*, undischarged bankrupt obtaining credit contrary to Section 124 of the Bankruptcy Ordinance, 1907.

*C.D.*, being accessory to same offence.

## PARTICULARS OF OFFENCES.

*A.B.*, on the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, in the County of \_\_\_\_\_, being an undischarged bankrupt obtained credit to the extent of \_\_\_\_\_ pounds from *H.S.* without informing the said *H.S.* that he then was an undischarged bankrupt.

*C.D.* at the same time and place did aid, abet, counsel, and procure *A.B.* to commit the said offence.

## 24.

*First Count.*

## STATEMENT OF OFFENCE.

Falsification of accounts, contrary to Section 46 of the Larceny Ordinance, No. 15.

## PARTICULARS OF OFFENCE.

*A.B.*, on the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, in the County of \_\_\_\_\_, being clerk or servant to *C.D.*, with intent to defraud, made or concurred in making a false entry in a cash book belonging to the said *C.D.*, his employer, purporting to show that on the said day 100*l.* had been paid to *L.M.*

*Second Count.*

## STATEMENT OF OFFENCE.

Same as first count.



## Form 27.

REPLICATION TO THE PLEA OF JUSTIFICATION OF A.B. (See Form 26.)  
H.S., Clerk of Assize, joins issue on behalf of our Lord the King.

## Form 28.

*First Count.*

## STATEMENT OF OFFENCE.

Bankruptcy Offence contrary to Section 119 (1) of the Bankruptcy Ordinance, 1907.

## PARTICULARS OF OFFENCE.

A.B. has been adjudged bankrupt, and on the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, in the County of \_\_\_\_\_, did not fully and truly discover to the trustee all his property, and how and to whom and for what consideration and when he had disposed of a piano, part thereof.

*Second Count.*

## STATEMENT OF OFFENCE.

Bankruptcy offence contrary to Section 119 (5) of the Bankruptcy Ordinance, 1907.

## PARTICULARS OF OFFENCE.

A.B. has been adjudged bankrupt, and on the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, in the County of \_\_\_\_\_, did not deliver up to the trustee a book called a ledger, relating to his property or affairs.

*Third Count.*

## STATEMENT OF OFFENCE.

Bankruptcy offence contrary to Section 119 (6) of the Bankruptcy Ordinance, 1907.

## PARTICULARS OF OFFENCE.

A.B., on the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, and within six months next before the presentation of a bankruptcy petition against him upon which he was adjudged bankrupt, in the County of \_\_\_\_\_, fraudulently removed a piano, value £20, part of his property.

## Form 29.

## STATEMENT OF OFFENCE.

Obstructing Coroner in the execution of his Duty. (Common Law Misdemeanour.)

## PARTICULARS OF OFFENCE.

A.B. and G.C., on the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, in the County of \_\_\_\_\_, intending to prevent the Coroner of \_\_\_\_\_ from holding an inquest in the execution of his duty upon view of the dead body of S. C., who died a violent or an unnatural death or a sudden death of which the cause was unknown, or intending to obstruct the said Coroner in the holding of such inquest, did bury the said dead body in a certain place called \_\_\_\_\_.

## Form 30.

## STATEMENT OF OFFENCE.

Conspiracy to incite women to procure their own miscarriage.

## PARTICULARS OF OFFENCE.

A.B. and C.D. on divers days between the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_ and the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, in the County of \_\_\_\_\_, conspired together and with other persons unknown to incite women being with child to administer to themselves noxious things with intent to procure their own miscarriage.

## SECOND SCHEDULE.

No. or No. and Year.	Short Title.	Extent of Repeal.
13	... The Criminal Procedure Ordinance	Sections 14, 18, 19, 20, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 31, 32, 33, 42, 43, 49, 50, 64 (from the commencement of the seventh line to and including the word "felony" in the twelfth line thereof) 68 and 69, Schedule A.
15	... The Larceny Ordinance	Section 34 (from the words "and in any indictment" in the seventh line to the end of the section); Section 38 (the words "and in either case to lay the property in the owner or person letting to hire.") Sections 41, 45, and 63.
8-1907	... The Bankruptcy Ordinance, 1907	Section 127.