

3. The sanction of the Supreme Civil Court to any such settlement or contract for a settlement may be given upon petition presented by the infant or his or her guardian in a summary way without the institution of a suit, and if there be no guardian, the Court may require a guardian to be appointed or not as the Court shall think fit; and such Court also may if they shall think fit require that any persons interested or appearing to be interested in the property should be served with notice of such petition.

Sanction of
Supreme
Civil Court
may be given
upon petition
of infant or
guardian.

4. Provided always that nothing in this Ordinance contained shall apply to any male infant under the age of twenty years, or to any female infant under the age of seventeen years.

Proviso not to
extend to
infants under
certain ages.

Passed in Council this sixteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five.

DAVID B. HORSFORD,
Acting Clerk of the Council.

No. 13.—1865.

1st June.

AN ORDINANCE to alter in certain particulars the provisions of an Ordinance entitled "An Ordinance to amend the law with regard to the Solemnization and Registration of Marriages."

L.S.) J. H. T. MANNERS-SUTTON.

1 June, 1865.

WHEREAS an Ordinance was passed in Council on the first day of August one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, entitled "An Ordinance to amend the law with regard to the Solemnization and Registration of Marriages": And whereas it is expedient to alter the said Ordinance in certain particulars: Be it enacted by His Excellency the Governor with the

Preamble
Cites Ordinance No. 11
of 1863.

advice and consent of the Legislative Council as follows:

Marriage notices to state if the parties are related by consanguinity or affinity within the prohibited degrees.

1. In every case of a marriage intended to be solemnized upon any notice to be given after the passing of this Ordinance the party giving notice of such intended marriage shall state in addition to the particulars mentioned in the Clause marked 7 of the said Ordinance whether the parties are or are not related to each other by consanguinity or affinity within the degrees within which marriages are prohibited by the law of England, and if so related the nature of such relationship: And it shall not be lawful for any District Registrar to issue his certificate on any notice of marriage delivered to him after the passing of this Ordinance in which the statement hereby required to be made shall not be made; or if it shall appear by such notice that the parties intending marriage are within the prohibited degrees of consanguinity or affinity according to the law of England.

Notices of marriage and certificates of registrars.

2. Every notice of marriage to be given after the passing of this Ordinance shall be in the form of Schedule A, and the certificate to be granted by the District Registrar on any such notice shall be according to the form in Schedule B to this Ordinance.

Persons wilfully signing false notices to suffer the penalties of perjury.

3. Every person who shall knowingly and wilfully sign any false notice required by this Ordinance for the purpose of procuring any marriage shall suffer the penalties of perjury.

District registrars wilfully issuing certificates to persons within the prohibited degrees guilty of felony.

4. Every District Registrar who shall knowingly and wilfully issue any certificate for the marriage of any persons being within the prohibited degrees of consanguinity or affinity according to the law of England shall be guilty of felony, and being convicted thereof shall be imprisoned with or without hard labour for any term not exceeding three years.

Marriages may be solemnized between 7 a.m. and 5 p.m.

5. So much of the Clause marked 17 of the said Ordinance as directs that all marriages shall be solemnized between the hours of eight in the forenoon and five in the afternoon shall be and the same is hereby repealed; but no marriage shall be solemnized except

between the hours of seven in the forenoon and five in the afternoon of the same day.

6. No clergyman or minister who shall perform the ceremony of marriage between any persons without notice given of the intended marriage of such persons, or without a certificate duly issued of such notice having been given, or before the issue of such certificate, or after the expiration of three months from the entry of notice of such marriage, or in any place or building not licensed for the solemnization of marriages, or not being the church, chapel or building mentioned in the certificate, shall be deemed guilty of felony within the provisions of the said Ordinance; provided that both the parties between whom such ceremony of marriage shall be performed shall at the time of the performance thereof be legally competent to contract marriage and of full age, and members of the religious communion or denomination to which such clergyman or minister shall belong; and provided also that the clergyman or minister performing such ceremony if a clergyman or minister of the Roman Catholic Church shall within seven days next after the performance of such ceremony deliver to the Roman Catholic Archbishop or Bishop or Vicar-General or Administrator in this Island, or if such clergyman or minister shall be a member of any other communion or denomination then to the Governor, a certificate in the form in Schedule C to this Ordinance signed by such clergyman or minister and one other witness of full age present at the performance of such ceremony, stating at length the Christian, and surnames of the persons between whom, and the time and place at which, such ceremony was performed, and certifying that the persons between whom such ceremony was performed were at the time of the performance thereof legally competent to contract marriage and of full age, and members of the religious communion or denomination to which such clergyman or minister shall belong, and that one at least of such persons to the best of the knowledge and belief of such clergyman or minister, and of the other person signing such certificate was at the time of the performance of such ceremony in a dying state; but the performance of such ceremony shall be and be deemed to be totally void and of no effect as a marriage in law.

Clergyman celebrating marriages without notice &c., not liable to penalties under certain conditions.

But such marriages to be of no effect in law.

Certificate to be given by archbishop or administrator of Roman Catholic Church.

7. The Roman Catholic Archbishop, or Bishop or Vicar-General or Administrator to whom any such certificate shall be delivered shall certify in writing under his hand at the foot of such certificate that the person performing such ceremony is a priest of the Roman Catholic Church, and that the signature to such certificate is of the proper handwriting of such person, and shall within one calendar month after the receipt by him of such certificate transmit such certificate to the Governor.

This ordinance and the Ordinance No. 11 of 1863 to be read as one Ordinance.

8. This Ordinance and the beforementioned Ordinance of the first day of August one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three shall be read and construed together as one Ordinance.

Passed in Council this first day of June in the Year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five.

DAVID B. HORSFORD,

Acting Clerk of the Council.

SCHEDULE (A.)

NOTICE OF MARRIAGE.

TRINIDAD.

To the District Registrar of Marriages for

I hereby give you notice that a Marriage is intended to be had within three calendar months from the date hereof, between me and the other party herein named and described (that is to say)—

Name and Surname (if any) at full length.	Con- dition.	Pro- fession.	Age.	Dwelling Place.	Relationship by Consanguinity or Affinity (if any) of the Parties within the degrees within which Marriages are prohibited by the Law of England.	Place in which mar- riage is to be solemnized.	Consent, if any, by whom given.
<i>John Thompson</i>	<i>Widower</i>	<i>Carpenter</i>	<i>Full Age</i>	<i>Port of Spain</i>	<i>None, or Uncle and Niece (as the case may be</i>	<i>St. Mary's Church.</i>	<i>None required</i>
<i>Mary Cox</i>	<i>Spinster</i>	<i>None</i>	<i>Minor</i>	<i>Tacarigua</i>		<i>Tacarigua.</i>	<i>Henry Cox, her Father</i>

Witness my hand this

day of
(Signed),

18

John Thompson.

TRINIDAD.

SCHEDULE (B.)

REGISTRAR'S CERTIFICATE.

I, District Registrar of Marriages for in the Island of Trinidad, do hereby certify, that on the day of notice was duly entered in the Marriage Notice Book of the said District, of the Marriage intended between the parties hereunder named and described.

Delivered under the hand of *John Thompson*, one of the parties, that is to say—

Name and Surname (if any) at full length.	Condition.	Profession.	Age.	Dwelling Place.	Place in which Marriage is to be solemnized.	Consent, if any by whom given.
<i>John Thompson</i>	<i>Widower</i>	<i>Carpenter</i>	<i>Full Age</i>	<i>Port of Spain</i>	<i>St. Mary's Church</i>	<i>None required</i>
<i>Mary Cox</i>	<i>Spinster</i>	<i>None</i>	<i>Minor</i>	<i>Tacarigua</i>	<i>Tacarigua</i>	<i>Henry Cox, her Father.</i>

Date of notice entered day of 18

Date of Certificate given day of 18

The issue of this Certificate [when the Certificate is issued under License from the Governor insert is authorised by License of the Governor and] has not been forbidden by any person authorised to forbid the issue thereof.

Witness my hand this day of 18

(Signed),

Registrar for District of

N.B.—This certificate will be void unless the Marriage is solemnized on or before the day of next.

TRINIDAD.

SCHEDULE (C.)

We, the undersigned A. B., Roman Catholic Curé of (or as the case may be) and C. D. of (place of residence and profession) being of the age of twenty-one years and upwards do hereby certify that on the day of the month of in the year (state the day, month and year in words at length) at the hour of in the noon, the Ceremony of Marriage was performed by me the said A. B. in the presence of me the said C. D., between E. F. of (state place of residence) Bachelor (or Widower as the case may be) and G. H. of (state place of residence) Spinster (or Widow as the case may be) at (state the name or other local description of the House, or the number of the Street in the Town or Ward where the Ceremony was performed): and that both the said E. F. and G. H. at the time of the performance of such Ceremony were legally competent to contract Marriage, and of full age and members of the (specify the Communion or denomination to which the parties belong)

of which the said A.B. is (*Priest, Deacon, or Minister as the case may be*), and that at the time of the performance of such Ceremony, the said E. F. or G. H. as the case may be,) was, to the best of our knowledge and belief in a dying state.

(Signatures) { _____

Form of Certificate to be granted by the Roman Catholic Archbishop, or Bishop or Vicar-General or Administrator.

I do hereby certify that A. B., whose name is subscribed to the above Certificate, is a Priest of the Roman Catholic Church and that the Signature A. B. to the above Certificate is of the proper handwriting of the said A. B.

Signature of
Roman Catholic Archbishop, or Bishop, }
or Vicar-General or Administrator.

*No. 16 of 1865 Repealed
by No. 9 of 1883*

No. 17.—1865.

1st August.

AN ORDINANCE for facilitating the discharge of jurors and altering the law with regard to Costs.

(L. S.) J. H. T. MANNERS-SUTTON.

August 5, 1865.

BE it enacted by His Excellency the Governor with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council as follows :

Jury not agreeing after being enclosed for six hours to be discharged.

1. On any trial or inquiry before the Supreme Criminal Court or before the Supreme Civil Court or any judge thereof where the jury empannelled for such trial or inquiry after having been enclosed for the space of six hours shall not agree upon their verdict, it shall be lawful for the Court or Judge before whom such trial or inquiry shall be had if they or he shall see fit to order the jury to be discharged, and thereupon to cause another jury to be sworn immediately or to postpone such trial or inquiry as the Court or Judge shall see fit.

Judge may order refreshment to be supplied to any jury.

2. Whenever any jury sworn to try any issue or to inquire of any damages in any action, information or other proceeding depending before the Supreme Civil Court, or to try any issue of fact at any sessions of the Supreme Criminal Court shall be inclosed for the purpose of considering of their verdict, it shall be lawful