

No person to
be twice tried
on the same
facts.

such embezzlement, fraudulent application or disposition; and no person so tried for embezzlement, fraudulent application or disposition or larceny as aforesaid shall be liable to be afterwards prosecuted for larceny, fraudulent application, or disposition or embezzlement upon the same facts.

Passed in Council this first day of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five.

R. LECHMERE GUPPY,

Clerk of the Council.

No. 7.—1865.

16th May.

AN ORDINANCE for confirming certain Deeds made by Married Women, and for extending the provisions of an Ordinance entitled "An Ordinance with regard to Deeds made by Married Women."

J. H. T. MANNERS-SUTTON.

May 22, 1865.

Preamble.
Cites Ordinance No. 21
of 1855.

WHEREAS by an Ordinance passed in Council on the second day of July, in the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five, entitled "An Ordinance with regard to Deeds made by married Women," authority is given to married women to make certain deeds in respect of lands in this Colony, and when such deeds are executed in Great Britain or Ireland to acknowledge the same before a judge of some superior Court of Record or Master in Chancery, or before two of the perpetual commissioners appointed or to be appointed under the provisions of an Act passed in the Session of Parliament held in the third and fourth years of his late Majesty King William the Fourth, and entitled, "An Act for the abolition of Fines and Recoveries, and for the substitution of more simple modes of Assur-

ance:" And whereas since the passing of the said Ordinance several deeds made by married women under the authority of the said Ordinance have been executed in Ireland, and have been acknowledged by such married women before two of the perpetual commissioners appointed under the provisions of another Act passed in the Session of Parliament held in the fourth and fifth years of his late Majesty King William the Fourth, and entitled "An Act for the abolition of Fines and Recoveries, and for the substitution of more simple modes of Assurance in Ireland," instead of two of the perpetual commissioners appointed under the provisions of the said Act passed in the Session of Parliament held in the third and fourth years of his late Majesty King William the Fourth: And whereas it is necessary that provision should be made for making good and valid the said deeds, and also for extending in respect of deeds which shall hereafter be executed in Ireland under the authority of the said Ordinance of the second day of July to any two of the perpetual commissioners appointed or to be appointed under the provisions of the said Act passed in the Session of Parliament held in the fourth and fifth years of his late Majesty King William the Fourth, the same powers and authority as are given by the said Ordinance of the second day of July to any two of the perpetual commissioners appointed or to be appointed under the provisions of the said Act passed in the Session of Parliament held in the third and fourth years of his late Majesty King William the Fourth: Be it therefore enacted by His Excellency the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council, as follows:

1. Every deed executed in Ireland by a married Woman under the authority of the said Ordinance of the second day of July, and which since the passing of the said Ordinance has been acknowledged by her before two of the perpetual commissioners appointed under the provisions of the said Act passed in the Session of Parliament held in the fourth and fifth years of his late Majesty King William the Fourth in the manner directed by the said Ordinance of the second day of July, shall be and be held to be good and valid in law in the same manner as it would have been if acknowledged

Gives validity to certain deeds executed in Ireland by married women.

by such married woman before two of the perpetual Commissioners appointed under the provisions of the said Act passed in the Session of Parliament held in the third and fourth years of his late Majesty King William the Fourth.

Perpetual
commissioners
appointed
under Act
passed in 4th
and 5th years
of William IV.
to have and
exercise all
powers and
authority
vested in
commissioners
appointed
under
Act of 3rd
and 4th years
of William IV.

2. From and after the passing of this Ordinance all and every the powers and authority given by the said Ordinance of the second day of July to any two of the perpetual commissioners appointed or to be appointed under the provisions of the said Act passed in the Session of Parliament held in the third and fourth years of his late Majesty King William the Fourth, shall in respect of all deeds which shall have been or shall be executed in Ireland under the authority of the said Ordinance of the second day of July be vested in and may be exercised by any two of the perpetual commissioners appointed or to be appointed under the provisions of the said Act passed in the Session held in the fourth and fifth years of his late Majesty King William the Fourth.

Passed in Council this sixteenth day of May, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five.

DAVID B. HORSFORD,

Acting Clerk of the Council.

No. 8.—1865.

16th May.

AN ORDINANCE for facilitating the despatch of business in the Supreme Criminal Court.

[L.S.]

J. H. T. MANNERS-SUTTON.

May 22, 1865.

WHEREAS it would tend to the shortening of the sessions of the Supreme Criminal Court, and to the relief of jurors and witnesses attending such sessions if provision were made for the holding of several trials