

**LAWS OF TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO**

**COUNTRY MARKETS ACT**

**CHAPTER 68:02**

**Act**  
**30 of 1905**  
Amended by  
33 of 1928  
2 of 1940  
29 of 1944

**Current Authorised Pages**  
*Pages*                      *Authorised*  
*(inclusive)*                  *by L.R.O.*  
1-19                      ..                  1/1980

*L.R.O. 1/1980*

**Index**  
**of**  
**Subsidiary Legislation**

	Page
Public Markets Order (for references see Order) .. .. .	6
Public Markets Bye-Laws (189/1953) .. .. .	9

**Note**  
**on**  
**Adaptation**

Under paragraph 6 of the Second Schedule to the Law Revision Act (Ch.3:03) the Commission amended certain references to public officers in this Chapter. The Minister's approval of the amendments was signified by L.N. 120/1980, but no marginal reference is made to this Notice where any such amendment is made in the text.

## CHAPTER 68:02

## COUNTRY MARKETS ACT

## ARRANGEMENT OF SECTIONS

## SECTION

1. Short title.
2. Minister may by Order declare markets.
3. Power to charge rent for stalls, etc.
4. Bye-laws and Regulations.
5. Recovery of rents, fees, and charges.
6. Sale of fresh meat and fish in Princes Town prohibited except in market.

---

**An Act to provide for the regulation of certain public markets.**
1950 Ed.  
Ch.40 No.4.

30 of 1905.

[16TH OCTOBER 1905]

Commencement.

1. This Act may be cited as the Country Markets Act. Short title.
2. (1) The Minister may by Order declare any premises, not being within the limits of any borough, to be a public market. Minister may by Order declare markets.  
 (2) Every such Order may at any time be revoked, and thereupon the premises specified therein shall cease to be a public market.
3. The person in charge of any market declared under this Act may from time to time demand and take from every person occupying or using any stand, stall, table, shed, pen, or place, or using any weighing instrument in any such market, such rents, fees, and charges as may be fixed by Bye-laws made under this Act. Power to charge rent for stalls, etc.
4. (1) The Minister may make bye-laws and regulations with regard to markets declared under this Act for all or any of the following purposes: Bye-laws and Regulations.
  - (a) for regulating the use of markets, and of stalls, tables, and places therein;
  - (b) for preventing nuisances or obstructions in markets or in the immediate approaches thereto;
  - (c) for fixing the times during which markets shall be open;

- (d) for excluding and removing all persons suffering from contagious disease, or from any skin or other disease rendering the person, in the opinion of the person in charge of a market, unfit to sell in the market;
- (e) for regulating the use of weighing instruments belonging to or used in or in connection with the market, and preventing the use of false or defective weights, scales, or instruments by any person selling in a market;
- (f) for prescribing the conditions subject to which stalls, tables, and places shall be held or occupied or used by any person hiring or using, or desirous of hiring or using, the same;
- (g) for maintaining order and preventing any disturbance in such market by fighting or disorderly behaviour;
- (h) for fixing the rents, fees, and charges to be made for the use of stalls, tables, and places;
- (i) for regulating the sale of marketable commodities;
- (j) for prescribing the areas in the vicinity of any market within which it shall not be lawful to sell or offer for sale any marketable commodity; and
- (k) generally, such other bye-laws and regulations as may be considered necessary for the good government of markets.

(2) The bye-laws and regulations may impose pecuniary penalties not exceeding one hundred dollars in respect of breaches of any of the bye-laws or regulations.

(3) Penalties for breaches of the bye-laws and regulations may be recovered on summary conviction before a Magistrate or Justice, upon complaint made in the name of the person in charge of the market; and the penalties, together with all rents, fees, and charges received, shall be paid to the Comptroller of Accounts.

(4) In this section "marketable commodity" means meat, fish, turtle, game, livestock, eggs, ground provisions, vegetables, fruit and such goods and articles as may be notified by Order of the Minister.

Recovery of  
rents, fees, and  
charges.

5. If any person liable under this Act for the payment of any rent, fee, or charge does not pay the same when required to do so by the person in charge of a market, the same may be recovered by distress and sale of a sufficient part of the goods in respect of which such rent, fee, or charge is payable, or of any other goods in the

market belonging to or under the charge of the person liable to pay such rent, fee, or charge; or such rent, fee, or charge may be recovered as a debt due to the person in charge of the market in any court of competent jurisdiction.

6. (1) Any person who sells or offers or exposes for sale fresh meat or fresh fish within the limits of Princes Town as defined in and by the Liquor Licences Act, except in the market established in Princes Town under this Act may be arrested without warrant by any member of the Police Service, and, on summary conviction, is liable to a fine of two hundred dollars.

Sale of fresh  
meat and fish in  
Princes Town  
prohibited  
except in  
market.  
Ch. 84:10.

(2) In this section, the expression "fresh meat" means fresh meat of any cattle, sheep, goat, pig, or turtle slaughtered for sale, and includes imported fresh meat.

Interpretation.

SUBSIDIARY LEGISLATION

PUBLIC MARKETS ORDER

*made under section 2*

Citation.

1. This Order may be cited as the Public Markets Order.

Declaration of public markets. Schedule

2. The places set out in Part A of the Schedule and the premises described in Part B of the Schedule have been declared to be public markets.

SCHEDULE

PART A

Scarborough	..	..	..	..	..	G.12.7.1906
Princes Town	..	..	..	..	..	9.4.1908
Sangre Grande	..	..	..	..	..	5.3.1931
La Brea	..	..	..	..	..	21.1.1932
Tunapuna	..	..	..	..	..	14.7.1932
Curepe	..	..	..	..	..	3.2.1944
Chaguanas	..	..	..	..	..	30.9.1944
San Juan	..	..	..	..	..	30.9.1944
Siparia	..	..	..	..	..	G.N. 83/1946
Point Fortin	..	..	..	..	..	..84/1946
Rio Claro	..	..	..	..	..	245/1947
Couva	..	..	..	..	..	..18/1949

PART B

158/1951.

The premises situate at Wellington-Debe Road in the Ward of Naparima in the County of Victoria and bounded as follows:  
 North—by the Wellington-Debe Road and an access road;  
 South—by an access road;  
 East—by an access road;  
 West—by the Wellington-Debe Road.

88/1952.

The premises situate at Palo Seco Junction, Palo Seco, in the Ward of Erin, in the County of St. Patrick comprising 0a. 1r. 6p.

leased by the State from Messrs. Trinidad Petroleum Development Company Limited and bounded as follows:

North—By lands of Trinidad Petroleum Development Company Limited, formerly Paul Friedrich Collignon;

South—By the San Fernando-Siparia-Erin Road;

East—By lands of Messrs. Trinidad Petroleum Development Company Limited, formerly Paul Friedrich Collignon;

West—By lands of Messrs. Trinidad Petroleum Development Company Limited, formerly Paul Friedrich Collignon,

and more particularly referred to on plan signed by the Director of Surveys dated 11th April 1952, and filed in the Lands and Surveys vault as No. XE 16.

The premises situate at Gasparillo in the Ward of Pointe-a-Pierre, in the County of Victoria, within a parcel comprising 22,000 superficial feet of land acquired by the State from Ramdial Sawh and Boodiah and bounded as follows: <sup>157/1952.</sup>

North—By lands of the Trustees of the Church of England;

South—By lands of Ramdial Sawh and Boodiah;

East—By State lands;

West—By Gasparillo Road.

All that parcel of land comprising 51,965 superficial feet acquired by the State from Marabella Union Development Syndicate and situate East of the Southern Main Road and North of the Traffic Roundabout at Marabella in the Ward of Naparima, in the County of Victoria, and bordered on the North and East by lands of the said Syndicate, on the South by Lots 78 and 80 and by lands of the said Syndicate, and on the West by a road reserve, all as the same is more particularly shown and delineated and coloured raw sienna on a plan of survey signed by the Director of Surveys, dated 17th June 1952, executed under Survey Order No. 28 of 1952 and filed in the office of the Director of Surveys in Book 859 at folio 195. <sup>166/1955.</sup>

The premises situate at Roxborough in the Parish of St. Paul in the Island-Ward of Tobago and bounded as follows: <sup>3/1957.</sup>

North—Windward Main Road;

South—Lands of Roxborough Estate;

East—Lands of Roxborough Estate;

West—State lands and lands of Roxborough Estate.

- 107/1957. The premises situate in Penal, in the Ward of Siparia, in the County of St. Patrick, and bounded as follows:  
 North—By the San Fernando-Siparia-Erin Road;  
 South—State lands and Private Road;  
 East—Ramlall Street;  
 West—Private Road.
- 179/1958. The premises situate in La Brea, in the Ward of La Brea, in the County of St. Patrick, and bounded as follows:  
 North—Reserve 25 feet wide;  
 South—Road Reserve 25 feet wide, State lands and lands formerly of L. F. Ambard;  
 East—La Brea Road;  
 West—State lands.
- 12/1963. The premises situate at Barataria in the Ward of St. Ann's, County of St. George and bounded as follows:  
 North—Second Street;  
 South—Lands now or formerly of Aranguetz Estate and lands now or formerly of J. Soo Chan;  
 East—Sixth Avenue;  
 West—Lands now or formerly of Aranguetz Estate, which boundaries are more particularly shown and delineated and coloured raw sienna on a survey plan filed at folio 123 of Book 937 in the vault of the Lands and Surveys Department, Red House.
- 36/1963. The premises situate at Fyzabad in the Ward of Siparia, in the County of St. Patrick, and bounded as follows:  
 On the North—By the Gower Well Road;  
 On the South—By lands of Noorsingh, now or formerly Frank Vivian Eckel;  
 On the East—By lands originally granted to Isaree;  
 On the West—By lands of Noorsingh, now or formerly Frank Vivian Eckel;  
 which premises are more particularly shown and delineated and coloured raw sienna on a survey plan filed E.C. 103 in the vault of the Lands and Surveys Department, Red House.
- 96/1963. The premises situate at Mayaro in the Ward of Guayaguayare in the County of Mayaro and bounded as follows:  
 North—Naparima-Mayaro Road;

South—A drain;

East—Mayaro-Guayaguayare Road;

West—Lands now or formerly of Ching Hong, and which premises are more particularly shown and delineated and coloured raw sienna on a survey plan filed at folio 122 of Book 937 in the vault of the Lands and Surveys Department, Red House.

The premises situate at Scarborough in the parish of St. Andrew <sup>260/1971.</sup> in the Ward of Tobago and bounded as follows:

North—State lands;

South—Lands of Brewster Romeo;

East—State lands;

West—Wilson Road.

---

## PUBLIC MARKETS BYE-LAWS

### ARRANGEMENT OF BYE-LAWS

#### BYE-LAW

1. Citation.
2. Interpretation.
3. Clerk to be in charge of market.
4. Wholesale market.
5. Opening and closing.
6. Remaining in market.
7. Selling fresh meat or fish.
8. Clean clothes or garment.
9. Infectious or contagious disease.
10. Certificate.
11. Applications.
12. Occupying table or stall.
13. Renting table or stall.
14. Dues.
15. Use of stall, table, etc. in market.
16. Rent or toll ticket.
17. Immediate occupier, etc.
18. Placing of marketable commodity.
19. Selling, etc. of marketable commodity.
20. Marketable commodity in front or projecting beyond.
21. Book.
22. No pecuniary interest by Clerk.
23. Carcase of animal.

## BYE-LAW

24. Weighing of article.
25. Less weight, measure, number.
26. Scales.
27. Tampering with scale, etc.
28. Wrapping paper.
29. Hawking, carrying about, etc.
30. Instruments for cutting bones.
31. Chopping meat.
32. Table, stall, etc. not to be damaged.
33. Spitting, throwing, etc.
34. Stall, table, etc. to be kept clean.
35. Cleaning, washing market.
36. Violence, obscene language, etc.
37. Obeying orders of Clerk or Chief Executive Officer.
38. Molesting, hindering, etc.
39. Fires or cooking.
40. Singing, whistling, etc.
41. Loitering, etc.
42. Dog.
43. Intoxicating liquor.
44. Animal, cart, etc.
45. Bicycle.
46. Radius not to sell.
47. Penalty.
48. Complaints.
49. Returns.

## SCHEDULE.

---

**PUBLIC MARKETS BYE-LAWS**

*made under section 4*

189/1953  
[57/1973].

Citation.

1. These Bye-laws may be cited as the Public Markets Bye-laws.

Interpretation.

2. (1) In these Bye-laws—  
 “the Clerk” means the Clerk of the market appointed by the Statutory Service Commission to be in charge of and to keep the market and includes any assistant or other person appointed by the Chief Executive Officer to act for the Clerk;  
 “the Chief Executive Officer” has the meaning assigned to it by the County Councils Act;

Ch.25:04.

“County Council” means the County Council for the County in which the market is situated;

“District” means the rural sanitary district in which the market is situated;

“fresh meat” means fresh meat of any cattle, sheep, goat, pig or turtle slaughtered for sale, and includes imported fresh meat;

“the market” means any public market declared as such by Order of the Minister;

“sale” and “sell” include offering and exposing for sale.

(2) The Island-Ward of Tobago shall for all purposes of these Bye-laws be deemed to be a County.

3. (1) The Statutory Service Commission shall appoint a Clerk to be in charge of the market. Such Clerk shall be under the control and direction of the Chief Executive Officer, shall cause the market to be opened and closed at the approved times and shall be in attendance every day during the hours when the market is open.

Clerk to be in charge of market.

(2) The Chief Executive Officer may appoint a fit and proper person to act as Clerk whenever the Clerk is ill or absent or there is a vacancy in the office of Clerk arising from any other cause. The person so appointed shall perform the duties of the Clerk.

4. The County Council shall in their discretion set aside such part of the market as to them may seem proper for use as a wholesale market.

Wholesale market.

5. (1) The market shall be opened at 6 a.m. and shall be closed at 4 p.m. daily, except on Sundays and Public Holidays when it shall be opened at 6 a.m. and closed at 9 a.m. However, the Clerk may permit any licensed vendor of fish to use the market after the closing hour in order to dispose of any fresh fish brought to the market after the closing hour.

Opening and closing. [57/1973].

(2) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (1), the Scarborough Central Market shall be opened at 5 a.m. on Saturdays and Public Holidays.

6. (1) Otherwise than as provided in bye-law 5, no person shall remain in the market after the closing hour. Every person who is in the market after the closing hour, and who after being requested to leave by the Clerk or by any constable, does not leave immediately, may be removed therefrom by the Clerk or by any constable.

Remaining in market.

(2) Every person when leaving the market shall carry away all unsold goods and all articles whatsoever which he has placed within the market. Any such goods or articles left in the market after closing shall be at the sole risk of the person leaving the same.

(3) No fresh meat or fish offered for sale on any one day in the market shall be brought back to, or offered for sale in the market on the next or any subsequent day.

Selling fresh  
meat or fish.

7. (1) No person shall sell fresh meat or fish in the market unless he is in possession of a licence to do so issued by the Clerk. Every application for a licence shall be in writing addressed to the Clerk and signed by the applicant, and shall state the name and address of the applicant in full and be accompanied by satisfactory evidence of the good character of the applicant and by a certificate from a registered medical practitioner stating that the applicant is free from infectious or contagious disease.

(2) The Clerk shall, on the production of such evidence and certificate and on the payment by the applicant of the sum of twenty-five cents, issue a fresh meat, game or fish salesman's licence stating that the holder is authorised to sell fresh meat, game or fish in the market for six months from the date of issue of the licence.

(3) No licence shall be granted to any person under the age of seventeen years; and no female shall sell or assist in selling as a meat or game vendor or perform any other office equivalent to that of a meat or game vendor or meat or game vendor's assistant in the market.

(4) Tripe and other offal meat shall be sold at such places in the market as the Clerk shall appoint.

(5) The County Council may, on the representation of the Chief Executive Officer, cancel the licence of any person who conducts himself in a disorderly or improper manner within the precincts of the market.

Clean clothes or  
garment.

8. Every person selling in the market shall be dressed in clean clothes and in addition, every person selling fresh meat, game or fish in the market shall be properly shod and shall wear a clean apron or other protective garment which shall be replaced every morning by another clean garment.

Infectious or  
contagious  
disease.

9. (1) If the Clerk suspects that any person selling in the market is suffering from infectious or contagious disease he shall make

a report to the Chief Executive Officer, and the Chief Executive Officer may require such person to obtain a certificate from the Medical Officer of Health of the District stating whether the person is free from infectious or contagious disease. The Clerk shall refuse admittance to the market, or remove or cause to be removed from the market, any such person failing to produce such certificate.

(2) The Clerk shall refuse admittance to the market, or remove or cause to be removed from the market, any person suffering from any infectious or contagious disease or from any skin or other disease which in the opinion of the Clerk renders the person unfit to sell in the market.

10. (1) No person shall bring into the market the meat of any animal (other than game) unless the meat is accompanied by a certificate from the Clerk of a Government or Municipal Abattoir stating that the animal was slaughtered in such abattoir or, in case the animal is slaughtered outside a Government or Municipal Abattoir, by a certificate from a Medical Officer of Health or registered veterinary surgeon or, in case of inability to obtain such certificate, from a sanitary inspector of the District, stating that the animal was examined by the Medical Officer of Health, registered veterinary surgeon or sanitary inspector, as the case may be, before and after being slaughtered.

(2) Every such certificate shall, in every case, state whether the meat of the slaughtered animal is free from disease and fit for human consumption and shall be handed over to the Clerk.

(3) No person shall bring fresh meat imported into Trinidad and Tobago into the market unless the meat is accompanied by a certificate from a Medical Officer of Health or a registered veterinary surgeon stating that the meat is fit for human consumption.

(4) No person shall bring into or keep for sale in the market any fresh meat unless the meat is properly protected by clean cheese cloth or other material approved by the Chief Executive Officer.

(5) The Clerk shall remove or cause to be removed from the market any marketable commodity which is unfit for human consumption.

11. All applications for tables, spaces, or stands in the market shall be dealt with by the Clerk, and the Clerk may refuse applications the granting of which would tend unduly to exclude other sellers of similar articles.

Occupying table or stall.

12. No vendor shall occupy any table or stall without the consent of the Clerk having been first obtained, and in the case of two or more vendors applying for the same table or stall the Clerk shall decide to whom the table or stall shall be let.

Renting table or stall.

13. (1) No vendor of any marketable commodity in the market shall be allowed to rent more than one table or stall for his own use unless there are vacant tables or stalls not rented.

(2) Every person to whom any meat table inside the market is allotted is entitled, without any fresh application being made by him, to continue to be the occupier thereof, and is liable to pay the rent for the same, from day to day until he formally notifies the Clerk in writing or verbally, that he no longer desires to be the hirer or until the expiration of two clear days notice given him in writing by the Clerk.

Dues.

14. There shall be paid by every person who sells any marketable commodities or other articles in the market, dues according to the Schedule; and such dues shall be paid to the Clerk for the use of the County Council previous to sale of any marketable commodities in respect of which the same are payable. Every person who removes or attempts to remove from the market or who sells any marketable commodity in respect of which the dues have not been paid in manner aforesaid is guilty of an offence against these Bye-laws.

Use of stall, table, etc. in market.

15. No person shall, except with the consent of the Clerk, use any stall, table, stand or space in the market except as the immediate occupier thereof. No person shall be allowed to stand behind the tables or stalls of the market, except the vendor and his assistants, the owners of the commodities, the Clerk, the Chief Executive Officer or member of the County Council duly authorised, or any of the staff of the market.

Rent or toll ticket.

16. Every person selling any article in the market, who fails to produce his rent or toll ticket when required to do so by the Clerk shall, in addition to any penalty for the breach of this bye-law which he may incur, pay the rent or toll payable, according to the Schedule in respect of the stall, table, stand or space occupied by him.

Schedule.

Immediate occupier, etc.

17. No person not being the immediate occupier, or a servant of the immediate occupier of any stall, table, stand or space in the market shall sell or deposit for sale or otherwise, any article in or upon such stall, table, stand or space.

18. No person resorting to the market for the sale of any marketable commodity shall place the marketable commodity for the purpose of sale in any part of the market other than such part as has been set apart for the reception, deposit or exposure for sale of the marketable commodity.

Placing of marketable commodity.

19. No person shall sell, or deposit for sale or otherwise, any marketable commodity in the market, or in any part thereof, other than in, at, or upon a stall, table, stand or space which at the time of the sale or of the depositing, is let and allotted to such person by the Clerk.

Selling, etc. of marketable commodity.

20. The occupier of any stall, table or stand shall not cause or allow any marketable commodity to be deposited or exposed for sale in or upon the stall, table or stand so that the marketable commodity or any part thereof remains in front of, or project beyond, the stall, table or stand; and no goods shall be allowed to stand or to be piled upon any stall, table, stand or space beyond a maximum height of four and a half feet from the floor.

Marketable commodity in front or projecting beyond.

21. (1) There shall be kept by the Clerk a book in which shall be entered daily a statement of the amount of fresh meat, game and fish brought to the market for sale, the names of the persons by whom the same have been brought, the weight thereof, and the number of tables or stalls used, the names of the persons by whom the same were used, and the amount paid and payable for the use thereof. The book shall be exhibited daily to and the correctness thereof certified by the Chief Executive Officer or his Chief Clerk; and all moneys collected by the Clerk shall be paid daily to the Chief Executive Officer in accordance with the terms and conditions laid down by the Chief Executive Officer.

Book.

(2) Any person who introduces any commodity into the market with a view to defraud the revenue by not reporting the same, is guilty of an offence against these Bye-laws.

22. The Clerk shall not have any pecuniary interest in the sale of any marketable commodity or in any animal slaughtered for sale in the market.

No pecuniary interest by Clerk.

23. No carcase or part of the carcase of any animal shall be sold in the market as the carcase or part of any other animal, or as being a description of meat other than the true and proper description thereof.

Carcass of animal.

Weighing of  
article.

24. Every article retailed by weight shall be properly weighed and in all cases of dispute in respect of weight, the seller shall, if required to do so by the purchaser or intended purchaser, cause the article about which the dispute arises to be weighed in the presence of the Clerk or his Assistant or a constable.

Less weight,  
measure,  
number.

25. No person shall sell or deliver any articles in the market of less weight, measure, or number than has been bargained for.

Scales.

26. All scales used or intended to be used for weighing any articles sold in the market shall be hung at least four inches above the tables.

Tampering with  
scale, etc.

27. No person shall by any contrivance or device, or in any manner whatever tamper with any scale, balance, beam or weight in the market, whether the scale, balance, beam or weight be the property of, or in the possession of, or under the control of, such person or not.

Wrapping  
paper.

28. The paper used by every vendor in the market for the purpose of wrapping up any article sold by him shall be clean paper, not previously used for any purpose.

Hawking,  
carrying about,  
etc.

29. No person shall hawk, carry about or cry any articles whatever for sale in the market, or cry out the price of any meat or other article for sale at any stall, table or stand, but shall have the same marked on a label or price list hung in front of his stall. No person shall use any bell or other instrument in the market, and no goods shall be sold by auction in any part of the market.

Instruments for  
cutting bones.

30. No person shall use any other instruments than saws, knives and hatchets, for cutting bones in the market.

Chopping meat.

31. No meat shall be chopped on any table, stall or other place in the market except on the block provided for the purpose.

Table, stall, etc.  
not to be  
damaged.

32. No person shall in any way damage any table, stall, bench or furniture, appliance or thing in the market.

Spitting,  
throwing, etc.

33. No person shall spit on the floor or walls of the market, or in or upon anything in the market, or throw or drop on the floor or ground of the market any offal, garbage or any refuse whatsoever; nor shall any person smoke in the market.

34. Every occupier of any stall, table or stand in the market shall keep the same in a thoroughly clean condition and shall not allow any refuse or garbage to remain on or about it, but shall deposit the same in the receptacle provided for that purpose. Stall, table, etc to be kept clean.
35. Every vendor of any marketable commodity, as soon as he has finished for the day, shall thoroughly clean the table, scales, weights, appliances and other articles which he has used, to the satisfaction of the Clerk. So soon as the selling of any marketable commodity shall cease, the Clerk shall cause the whole market to be cleaned and washed. Cleaning, washing market.
36. If any person uses violence or obscene language or misbehaves or misconducts himself in the market, such person is guilty of an offence against these Bye-laws. Violence, obscene language, etc.
37. All persons selling in the market shall obey the lawful orders of the Clerk or Chief Executive Officer; and any person who in the opinion of the Chief Executive Officer conducts himself in a disorderly or improper manner shall not be allowed to sell in the market until such time as the County Council determines. Obeying orders of Clerk or Chief Executive Officer.
38. No person shall molest, hinder or obstruct the Clerk or any other officer of the market in the performance of his duties. Molesting, hindering, etc.
39. No fires or cooking shall be allowed in the market. Fires or cooking.
40. No person shall sing or whistle or play any musical instrument in the market. Singing, whistling, etc.
41. No person shall loiter in the market, or stand in the passages of the market or its immediate approaches to the annoyance or obstruction of any other person. Loitering, etc.
42. No person shall bring a dog or permit any dog to follow him into or be with him in the market. Dog.
43. No person shall introduce any intoxicating liquor within the precincts of the market. Intoxicating liquor.
44. No animal of draught or burden, and no cart or vehicle shall be allowed to remain within the market premises longer than the time necessary for loading and unloading. Animal, cart, etc.
45. No bicycles shall be parked within the market. Bicycle.

Radius not to sell.

46. It shall not be lawful to sell any marketable commodity within a radius of one mile and a half of the market except within, or on the land of, the market, but the provisions of this bye-law shall not be held to apply in relation to—

- (a) any marketable commodity sold within the aforesaid area in any shop premises (excluding any gallery or other open place occupied in connection with the shop);
- (b) any ground provisions, vegetables or fruit sold by wholesale within the area aforesaid, to a registered co-operative society, by any of its members, or by a registered co-operative society, in any building occupied by any such society for the purpose of such business with the prior approval of the County Council;
- (c) any marketable commodity sold on any land within the aforesaid area when such commodity has been produced on such land.

Penalty.

47. Every person who commits any offence against any of these Bye-laws is liable to a fine of forty dollars.

Complaints.

48. Any person having complaints about the administration of the market may make these in writing addressed to the Clerk of the County Council. The County Council or the appropriate Committee thereof shall consider the representation and subject to these Bye-laws the County Council shall give such instructions to the Chief Executive Officer of the County as they think necessary or desirable.

Returns.

49. The Chief Executive Officer shall submit quarterly returns of all business transacted at each market in the County, along with any other relevant information, to the County Council. The County Council may take such returns and information into consideration and subject to these Bye-laws may issue such instructions as seem to the Council to be necessary or desirable.

---

## SCHEDULE

Bye-laws 14,  
16.

## MARKET DUES

				\$ c.
1. Table or stall for sale of beef or veal	..			.50 per day.
do. do. do.	..			2.00 per week, payable in advance.
do. do. do.	..			5.00 per month, or \$2.50 per half month, payable in advance.
2. Table or stall for sale of pork, mutton, goat, venison, or turtle	..			.25 per day
do. do. do.	..			.72 per week, payable in advance.
do. do. do.	..			2.50 per month, payable in advance.
3. Stall for fish	..	..	..	.10 per day.
do. do. do.	..	..	..	.25 per week, payable in advance.
do. do. do.	..	..	..	.40 per month, payable in advance.
4. Permission to sell tripe or offal	..			.15 per day.
do. do. do.	..			.75 per month, payable in advance.
5. Table or stall for marketable commodity not mentioned above	..			.10 per day.
do. do. do.	..			.25 per week, payable in advance.
do. do. do.	..			.40 per month, payable in advance.
6. Permission to sell turtle, livestock, ground provision or fruit on land of market, but outside the precincts of market building	..			.05 per day.