

ORISA MARRIAGE ACT

CHAPTER 45:04

Act
22 of 1999
Amended by
*8 of 2017

(*See Note on page 2)

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Note on Act No. 8 of 2017

Amendments made to this Act by Act No. 8 of 2017 took effect on 2nd October 2017 by LN 109/2017.

CHAPTER 45:04

ORISA MARRIAGE ACT

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SCHEDULE.

CHAPTER 45:04

ORISA MARRIAGE ACT

An Act to make provision for the solemnisation and registration of Orisa Marriages. 22 of 1999.

[16TH AUGUST 1999]

Commencement.

1. This Act may be cited as the Orisa Marriage Act.

Short title.

2. In this Act—

Interpretation.

“district” means an Orisa marriage district constituted under section 3;

“Marriage Officer” means a person licensed as such under section 5;

“Minister” means the Minister to whom responsibility for the administration of Legal Affairs is assigned.

3. The President may by Order divide Trinidad and Tobago into Orisa marriage districts for the purposes of this Act and may from time to time by like Order alter the districts either by change of boundaries or by union or sub-division of districts or by the formation of new districts.

Orisa Marriage Districts.

4. The President may designate—

(a) the Registrar General as the Registrar of Orisa Marriages for Trinidad and Tobago; and

Designation of Registrar and District Registrar.

(b) a Revenue Officer in charge of a District Revenue Office as District Registrar of Orisa Marriages for each district.

*5. (1) The President, or any person duly authorised by him, may grant a licence to be a Marriage Officer to such a person, being a Priest or Priestess of the Orisa religion, as the President or such authorised person may, in his discretion, think fit.

Orisa Marriage Officers.

(2) The President may cancel a licence provided for in subsection (1) without assigning a reason for so doing.

*See LN 33/2001.

Form A.
Schedule.

(3) Any Marriage Officer may act as such in any district.
(4) A licence under this section shall be in the form set out in Form A of the Schedule.

(5) The grant or cancellation of a licence shall be notified in the *Gazette* and shall take effect from the date of the publication.

Application for
licence as
Marriage
Officer.

6. (1) Any Orisa Priest or Priestess who desires to be licensed as a Marriage Officer shall make an application in writing to the Minister.

(2) An application made under subsection (1) shall state the dwelling place of the applicant, the place of public worship at which the applicant acts as Priest or Priestess and shall be accompanied by a certificate from the Head of a recognised Orisa organisation to the effect that the applicant is a fit and proper person to be licensed as a Marriage Officer.

(3) An Orisa organisation shall be designated as a Recognised Orisa Organisation by the Minister in accordance with prescribed criteria.

(4) If an application under subsection (1) is received from an organisation, notice of the application shall be advertised in the *Gazette* and any one who wishes to object to the application shall do so in writing to the Minister within one month of the publication of the notice.

District
Registrars to
keep list of
Marriage
Officers.

7. Every District Registrar shall keep affixed in a conspicuous place in his office a list containing the names and addresses of all Marriage Officers licensed under this Act.

Requisites of
valid marriage.

8. The requisites of a valid Orisa marriage under this Act are that—

- (a) at least one of the parties shall belong to and profess the Orisa faith or religion;
- (b) both parties shall, as regards age, mental capacity and otherwise, be capable of contracting a valid marriage;

- (c) the parties shall not be within the prohibited degrees of consanguinity and affinity according to Form B of the Schedule;
- (d) the parties understanding the nature of the contract, shall freely consent to marry one another in the presence of the Marriage Officer who solemnises the marriage.

Form B.
Schedule.

9. (1) The age at which a person, being a member of the Orisa faith or religion, is capable of contracting a marriage is eighteen years.

Age at which a
person may
contract
marriage.
[8 of 2017].

(2) A marriage shall not be solemnised by a Marriage Officer if either of the parties to the marriage is under eighteen years of age.

(3) Where a marriage is contracted by proxy, the parties on whose behalf the proxy is contracting shall be in compliance with subsection (1).

(4) Nothing in subsection (1) affects the validity of a marriage solemnised before the commencement of the Miscellaneous Provisions (Marriage) Act, 2017, and any such marriage is valid or becomes valid in any case where, if the Act had not come into force, it would be or would have become valid.

10. (1) Each of the parties shall give notice of the intended marriage to the District Registrar of the district within which he or she has respectively resided for not less than seven days immediately preceding the date of such notice.

Notice to
District
Registrar.

(2) Notwithstanding subsection (1), when each of the parties to the intended marriage has resided for the required period in the same district, a single notice shall be sufficient.

(3) Notice of the intended marriage shall be given in the appropriate form set out in the Schedule.

Form C.
Form D.
Schedule.

(4) On the receipt of a notice of an intended marriage, the District Registrar shall forthwith enter the particulars set forth

in the notice and also the date of the receipt of the notice, in a book to be called the “Marriage Notice Book”, and shall place a copy of such notice in a conspicuous place in his office for a period of not less than seven days from the time of its receipt.

(5) For every entry made in the Marriage Notice Book, the District Registrar shall be entitled to be paid the prescribed fee and such Marriage Notice Book shall be opened at all reasonable times, without fee, to all persons desirous of inspecting the same.

District Registrar to send copies to Registrar.

11. Every District Registrar shall forthwith transmit to the Registrar a copy of every entry made by him as provided in section 10 and the Registrar shall on the receipt of such entry, file and preserve the same among the records of his office.

Issue of District Registrar's Certificate.

12. (1) Where—

- (a) no lawful impediment to the issue of the certificate is shown to the satisfaction of the District Registrar; or
- (b) no caveat is entered against the issue of the certificate in accordance with section 13,

the District Registrar may, at any time not more than six months or less than seven days after the entry of the notice, upon being requested to do so, by or on behalf of the party who gave notice, issue a certificate in the form set out as Form E of the Schedule.

Form E. Schedule.

(2) A certificate issued under subsection (1) shall state—

- (a) the particulars set forth in the notice;
- (b) the date on which the notice was entered;
- (c) the fact of the absence of any caveat against the issue of such certificate; and
- (d) the fact of the passage of seven days since the entering of the notice in the Marriage Notice Book.

(3) The fee for the issue of the certificate under this section shall be prescribed.

13. (1) Any person who may know of any just cause why a marriage should not take place, may on payment of the prescribed fee enter a caveat against the issue of a certificate by the District Registrar.

Objections to marriage.
[8 of 2017].

(2) A caveat may be entered at any time before the issue of the District Registrar's certificate by—

- (a) the writing of the word "Forbidden" opposite to the entry of the notice in the Marriage Notice Book; and
- (b) the inclusion of a statement of the name, address and grounds upon which the caveat is lodged in the Marriage Notice Book.

(3) No District Registrar shall issue a certificate until any caveat has been removed in the manner prescribed in section 15.

14. (1) Where a caveat is entered against the issue of a District Registrar's Certificate, the District Registrar shall inform the Registrar and the Registrar shall refer the matter to the High Court.

Where caveat entered, matter to be referred to High Court.

(2) Where the High Court is of opinion that no legal ground has been disclosed in the caveat for forbidding the issue of the certificate, it may remove the caveat in the manner hereinafter provided.

(3) Where legal grounds for the caveat have been disclosed, the High Court shall summon the parties to the intended marriage and the person by whom the caveat has been entered, and shall require such person to show cause why the District Registrar, as the case may be, should not in due course issue his certificate.

(4) Every such matter shall be heard and determined in a summary manner, and the High Court may award compensation and costs to the party against whom a caveat was entered on insufficient grounds.

15. (1) The Court may by order direct the Registrar to cause the caveat to be removed.

Removal of caveat.

(2) On the removal of the caveat, the District Registrar, may issue his certificate in due course, and the marriage may proceed as if the caveat had not been entered.

Marriages
before Marriage
Officer.
[8 of 2017].

16. (1) On the delivery of the certificate of a District Registrar, or in case the parties have given notice to the District Registrars of different districts, then on the delivery of the certificate of each such District Registrar to any Marriage Officer, the Marriage Officer may solemnise a marriage between the parties named in the certificate or certificates.

(2) A marriage shall be solemnised with open doors between the hours of six o'clock in the forenoon and nine o'clock in the evening of the same day, and in the presence of two or more credible witnesses and the said Marriage Officer.

Solemnisation.

17. (1) An Orisa marriage shall be solemnised by a Marriage Officer in accordance with the rites of the Orisa religion and under the authority of a District Registrar's certificate.

(2) The parties to the marriage shall sign or mark the marriage certificate drawn up by the said officer in accordance with section 22.

Notice void
unless marriage
takes place
within six
months.

18. Where a marriage has not taken place within six months after the entry of the notice in the Marriage Notice Book, the notice and all other proceedings shall thereupon be void, and no Marriage Officer shall proceed to solemnise the marriage, nor shall the marriage be contracted before a District Registrar, until a new notice has been given and a certificate issued in the manner aforesaid.

Use of English
Language.

19. All prescribed applications, certificates, forms, declarations and entries in the appropriate Registers shall be in the English Language.

Proof of certain
matters not
required after
marriage.
[8 of 2017].

20. After any marriage has been solemnised or contracted in the manner provided in this Act it shall not be necessary in support of the marriage to give any proof of the actual dwelling or period of dwelling of either of the marriage parties in the

district mentioned in a notice of marriage previous to the giving of the notice, nor of the consent of any person whose consent thereunto was, at the time of the marriage, required by law, nor shall any evidence be given to prove the contrary.

21. (1) No Marriage Officer shall be compelled to accept notice of marriage from, or to enter or publish the banns of, or to solemnise marriage between persons, neither of whom is a member of the Orisa faith or religion, nor otherwise than according to the rules or custom of such faith or religion nor unless he is satisfied by the declaration of the parties or otherwise that the proposed marriage is consistent with such rules or custom.

When Marriage Officer not compellable to marry.

(2) No Marriage Officer shall be compelled—

- (a) to publish the banns of marriage or to solemnise the marriage of any person whose former marriage has been dissolved by a judicial decree, where the other party to the former marriage is still living; and
- (b) to permit the use of any place of worship under his control for publishing any such banns or solemnising the marriage of any such person.

(3) No Marriage Officer shall be liable to any suit, proceeding or penalty for refusing to publish any such banns or for refusing to solemnise any such marriage or for refusing to permit the use of any such place of worship for any such purposes aforesaid.

(4) No Marriage Officer is liable to any suit, proceeding or penalty for the publication of any such banns or solemnising the marriage of any such person as mentioned above or for permitting the use of any such place of worship for any of those purposes.

22. (1) Immediately after an Orisa marriage has been solemnised by a Marriage Officer, the officer shall enter in English in a book to be supplied by the District Registrar and kept by the Marriage Officer for that purpose, a certificate in the form set out as Form F of the Schedule.

Completion of Marriage Certificate by Marriage Officer. [8 of 2017].

Form F.
Schedule.

(2) The book in which the certificate is kept shall be referred to as the Orisa Marriage Certificate Book.

(3) The Certificate entered in the Orisa Marriage Certificate Book shall be signed by the parties to the marriage, by two witnesses and by the Marriage Officer who shall enter in the counterfoil of the Book the prescribed particulars and sign the Book.

(4) Where a party to the marriage is unable to sign the certificate, he shall affix his mark in the presence of the Marriage Officer and of the two witnesses.

(5) A Marriage Officer shall, within seven days of an Orisa marriage being solemnised by him, transmit to the District Registrar a duplicate of the certificate referred to in subsection (1) which shall be transmitted to the Registrar for filing after a copy is retained for the records of the District Registrar.

(6) A Marriage Officer who—

(a) fails to comply with subsection (1); or

(b) without reasonable cause or excuse, fails to transmit to the District Registrar of Orisa Marriages any certificate in accordance with this section,

commits an offence and is liable on summary conviction to a fine of five thousand dollars and to imprisonment for six months.

Filing of
certificate of
marriage by
District Registrar.

Form G.
Schedule.

23. (1) The Registrar shall file in his office all certificates and declarations of Orisa marriages which shall be transmitted to him in accordance with the provisions of this Act and shall forthwith register in a form set out as Form G of the Schedule the particulars of every such certificate and every entry shall be dated on the day on which it is so made and shall be signed by the Registrar.

(2) All entries shall be kept in the Orisa Marriage Register Book.

(3) Upon the registration by the Registrar and upon payment of the prescribed fee by the Marriage Officer, the Registrar shall issue and transmit to the parties to the marriage a certificate of registration of the marriage in the form set out as Form H of the Schedule.

Form H.
Schedule.

24. (1) If any person knowingly and wilfully marries under the provisions of this Act, without—

Marriage which
may not be
registered.

- (a) due notice given in accordance with section 10;
or
- (b) a certificate under section 12 having been duly issued, or without a licence issued under this Act,

the marriage of such person shall be null and void.

(2) If any parties to any marriage are within the prohibited degrees of consanguinity or affinity according to the laws of Trinidad and Tobago the marriage of such persons shall not be registered under this Act.

25. The Registrar may correct any clerical error in any Certificate or declaration of Orisa marriage filed in his office and the Orisa Marriage Register Book and shall authenticate every such correction by his signature and the date of the correction.

Correction of
clerical errors in
registers.

26. (1) Upon payment of the prescribed fees, the Registrar shall at all reasonable times allow searches to be made in the Orisa Marriage Register Book and shall give certified copies therefrom.

Searches in
registers and
copies of
entries.

(2) Any copy certified under the hand of the Registrar to be a correct copy of any entry in the Orisa Marriage Register Book shall be admissible as evidence of the registration of the marriage to which it relates in all Courts or before any person now or hereafter having by law or consent of parties authority to hear, receive and examine evidence.

27. Any person who knowingly and wilfully makes any false declaration or signs or marks any false application, notice or certificate, required by this Act, for the purpose of the registration

False
declaration.
[8 of 2017].

of any marriage and any person who wilfully makes, or causes to be made, for the purpose of being inserted in any register of marriages any false statement with regard to any of the particulars required by this Act to be known and registered, commits an offence and is liable on conviction on indictment to a fine of fifty thousand dollars and to imprisonment for seven years.

Forging or altering register book, notice. [8 of 2017].

28. Any person who knowingly and wilfully forges or alters or falsely makes, or procures to be forged or altered or falsely made, or offers, utters or disposes of, knowing the same to have been forged or altered or falsely made, any register book or any notice, certificate, entry or statement mentioned in this Act, or any certified copy thereof respectively, or wilfully inserts or causes to be inserted in any register book or certified copy thereof any false entry of marriage or wilfully gives any false certificate, or certifies any writing to be a copy or extract of any register, knowing the same to be false in any part thereof, or forges or counterfeits the seal of the Registrar commits an offence and is liable on conviction on indictment to a fine of fifty thousand dollars and to imprisonment for seven years.

Destroying or damaging register. [8 of 2017].

29. Any person who unlawfully and maliciously destroys or damages, or causes to be destroyed or damaged, any register or any licence, certificate, declaration, entry or statement mentioned in this Act, or any certified copy or translation thereof respectively, commits an offence and is liable on conviction on indictment to a fine of fifty thousand dollars and to imprisonment for seven years.

Losing or damaging register, book or certified copy. [8 of 2017].

30. (1) Any person having the custody of any register or book, or any part thereof, who negligently loses or damages the same or negligently allows the same to be damaged or lost whilst in his keeping, commits an offence and is liable on summary conviction to a fine of forty thousand dollars and to imprisonment for five years.

(2) Any person having the custody of any certified copies of any register or book or any part thereof, who negligently loses or damages the same or negligently allows the

same to be damaged whilst in his keeping, commits an offence and is liable on summary conviction to a fine of fifteen thousand dollars and to imprisonment for two years.

31. A District Registrar or Marriage Officer who knowingly and wilfully issues a certificate for the marriage of any persons being within the prohibited degrees of consanguinity or affinity according to the law of Trinidad and Tobago commits an offence and is liable on conviction on indictment to a fine of forty thousand dollars and to imprisonment for five years.

Issuing of Certificate to person within prohibited degrees. [8 of 2017].

32. A person who, without being duly licensed as a Marriage Officer—

Offences by unlicensed Marriage Officer. [8 of 2017].

- (a) knowingly and wilfully solemnises any marriage purporting to be a marriage under this Act; or
- (b) knowingly and wilfully makes or signs any certificate or signs any declaration required by this Act to be made or signed by a Marriage Officer,

commits an offence and is liable on summary conviction to a fine of forty thousand dollars and to imprisonment for five years.

32A. (1) A person who knowingly and wilfully solemnises the marriage of a person who is under eighteen years of age commits an offence and is liable on conviction on indictment to a fine of fifty thousand dollars and to imprisonment for seven years.

Solemnising the marriage of a person under eighteen years of age. [8 of 2017].

(2) A person who is convicted under subsection (1) shall cease to be eligible to hold a licence or to solemnise any marriage.

(3) The Registrar General shall publish a notice of the names of persons who are no longer entitled to hold a licence in the *Gazette*.

(4) A notice published under subsection (3) shall take effect on publication.

Prosecution of offences.
[8 of 2017].

33. No prosecution for any offence under this Act shall be commenced after the expiration of five years from the commission of the offence without the written consent of the Director of Public Prosecutions.

Marriage Officer to send copies of entries to District Registrar.

34. (1) Every Marriage Officer shall immediately after solemnising a marriage transmit to the District Registrar a copy of every entry which is made by him as provided in section 22, and the District Registrar shall, on the receipt of such entry transmit it to the Registrar who shall file it among the records of his office.

(2) A Marriage Officer or District Registrar who, without reasonable cause or excuse, fails to transmit to the District Registrar or Registrar, as the case may be, a copy of any entry in accordance with this section is liable on summary conviction to a fine of two hundred dollars.

Disposal of fees.

35. All fees received by the Registrar and District Registrar under this Act shall be paid into public funds.

Regulations.
[8 of 2017].

36. (1) The President may make such Regulations as may be necessary for the proper carrying out of this Act and more especially may prescribe—

- (a) the place or places at which shall be situated the offices of the several District Registrars;
- (b) the form of any certificate, declaration, register or other document required for the purposes of this Act;
- (c) the conditions under which registers or other documents may be inspected;
- (d) the fees to be paid in respect of anything required or permitted to be done under this Act, and provision for their remission on account of the poverty of the parties or for other good reason.

(2) Regulations made under subsection (1) shall be laid before Parliament.

(3) Regulations made under this section may provide that a breach thereof shall constitute a summary offence punishable by a fine not exceeding three thousand dollars and to imprisonment not exceeding six months.

37. Nothing contained in this Act shall be construed to prevent or disable any Orisa adherent from contracting a civil marriage before the Registrar according to the provisions of the Marriage Act.

Civil marriage permissible.

38. (1) The forms set out in the Schedule shall be forms to be used in respect of the matters there specified.

Amendment of Schedule.

(2) The Minister may by Order amend the Schedule.

39. The repeal of any provision of this Act by the Miscellaneous Provisions (Marriage) Act, 2017 shall not affect any document made or any thing whatsoever done under the provision so repealed, and every such document or thing, so far as it is subsisting or in force at the time of the repeal and could have been made or done under this Act, shall continue to have effect.

Savings.
[8 of 2017].

SCHEDULE

FORMS

REPUBLIC OF TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO

Section 5.

FORM A

ORISA MARRIAGE ACT

LICENCE TO BE A MARRIAGE OFFICER

A.B., being a priest/priestess of the Orisa Religion
residing at and acting as priest/priestess at
..... is hereby licensed as a Marriage Officer for the
purposes of the Orisa Marriage Act.

REPUBLIC OF TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO

Section 8(c).

FORM B

ORISA MARRIAGE ACT

**PROHIBITED DEGREES OF CONSANGUINITY AND
AFFINITY**

A man shall not marry his:

Mother

Daughter

Father's mother—grandmother

Mother's mother—grandmother

Son's daughter—granddaughter

Daughter's daughter—granddaughter

Sister

Wife's mother—mother-in-law

Wife's daughter—step-daughter

Father's wife—step-mother

Son's wife—daughter-in-law

Father's father's wife—grandfather's wife

Mother's father's wife—grandfather's wife

Wife's father's mother—wife's grandmother

Wife's mother's mother—wife's grandmother

FORM B—*Continued*

Wife's son's daughter—wife's granddaughter
Wife's daughter's daughter—wife's granddaughter
Son's son's wife—grandson's wife
Daughter's son's wife—grandson's wife
Father's sister—*aunt*
Mother's sister—*aunt*
Brother's daughter—*niece*
Sister's daughter—*niece*

A woman shall not marry her:

Father
Son
Father's father—*grandfather*
Mother's father—*grandfather*
Son's son—*grandson*
Daughter's son—*grandson*
Brother
Husband's father—*father-in-law*
Husband's son—*step-son*
Mother's husband—*step-father*
Daughter's husband—*son-in-law*
Father's mother's husband—*grandmother's husband*
Mother's mother's husband—*grandmother's husband*
Husband's father's father—*husband's grandfather*
Husband's mother's husband—*husband's grandfather*
Husband's son's son—*husband's grandson*
Husband's daughter's son—*husband's grandson*
Son's daughter's husband—*granddaughter's husband*
Daughter's daughter's husband—*granddaughter's husband*
Father's brother—*uncle*
Mother's brother—*uncle*
Brother's son—*nephew*
Sister's son—*nephew*.

REPUBLIC OF TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO

Section 10.
[8 of 2017].

FORM C

ORISA MARRIAGE ACT

(Applicable to the case of parties residing in different districts or giving separate notices)

NOTICE TO DISTRICT REGISTRAR

To the District Registrar of the district of

I, (here insert the name of the person giving notice) give you notice that a marriage is intended to be had between me and the other party herein named and described, that is to say —

Name and Surname	Marital Status	Profession/ Occupation	Age	Home Address	Length of Residence at this address

And I give this notice with the assent of the other party herein named and described. And I solemnly declare that I have for seven days, immediately preceding the date of this notice, had my usual place of abode within the above-mentioned district of and that I believe there is no impediment of kindred or alliance or other lawful hindrance to the said Marriage.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set and subscribed my hand this day of 20.....

.....
Signature

REPUBLIC OF TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO

FORM D

Section 10.
[8 of 2017].

ORISA MARRIAGE ACT

(Applicable to the case of parties residing in the same district and giving a single notice)

NOTICE TO DISTRICT REGISTRAR

To the District Registrar of the district of

We, *(here insert the name of the person giving notice)* give you notice that a marriage is intended to be had between us, the parties herein named and described, that is to say—

Name and Surname	Marital Status	Profession/ Occupation	Age	Home Address	Length of Residence at this address

And we solemnly declare that we have for seven days, immediately preceding the date of this notice, had our usual place of abode and residence within the above-mentioned district of and that we believe there is no impediment of kindred or alliance or other lawful hindrance to the said Marriage.

In witness whereof we have hereunto set and subscribed our hand this day of 20.....

.....
Signature

REPUBLIC OF TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO

Section 12.
[8 of 2017].

FORM E

ORISA MARRIAGE ACT

DISTRICT REGISTRAR'S CERTIFICATE

I, District Registrar of Marriages for
do hereby certify that on the day of 20.....,
notice was duly entered in the Marriage Notice Book of the said District, of
the marriage intended between the parties hereunder named and described.

Name and Surname (if any at full length)	Marital Status	Profession/ Occupation	Age	Home Address	Length of Residence at this address

Date of Notice entered day of 20.....

Date of Certificate given day of 20.....

No *caveat* has been entered against the issue of this certificate

or (as the case may be)

A *caveat* was entered against the issue of this certificate on the day of
....., 20....., but was removed on the day of
....., 20....., by the Chief Justice. Witness my hand this
day of 20.....

NB.—This certificate will be void unless the marriage is solemnised on or
before the day of 20....., next.

.....
District Registrar

REPUBLIC OF TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO

FORM F

Section 22.
[8 of 2017].

ORISA MARRIAGE ACT

No. No.

Orisa Marriage
Certificate Book

ORISA MARRIAGE CERTIFICATE BOOK

Counterfoil	Certificate					
Marriage district	Date and Place of Marriage	Husband's name, age and sect	Occupation of husband and address	Wife's name age and sect, occupation and residential address	Name of parents of husband and address	Name of parents of wife and address
Date of marriage						
Place of marriage						
Husband's name and age						
Wife's name and age						
Witnesses' name —						
(1)						
(2)						
<i>Signature of Marriage Officer</i>						

Certificate
forwarded to District
Registrar at
on the day of
, 20

Signature or mark of parties to the marriage—

(1)

(2)

*Signature of
Marriage Officer*

Signature of witnesses (1)

(2)

Registered on the
day of , 20

I, of , an Orisa Marriage Officer certify that a marriage between the above-mentioned parties in accordance with the Orisa Law of Marriage and the Orisa Marriage Act was solemnised by me on the day of , 20

.....
Signature of Marriage Officer

Signature of District Registrar for

Marriage District of

.....
District Registrar

Date

REPUBLIC OF TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO

Section 23.

FORM G

ORISA MARRIAGE ACT

ORISA MARRIAGE REGISTER BOOK

Registered No.

Marriage District

Date and Place of Marriage	Husband's name, age and religion	Occupation of husband and residential address	Wife's name, age and occupation/ religion/ residential address	Name and address of parents of husband	Name and address of parents of wife	Marriage Officers shrine licence No.	Signature of witnesses, parties and Marriage Officer

Registered this day of , 20

Registrar of Orisa Marriages

REPUBLIC OF TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO

FORM H

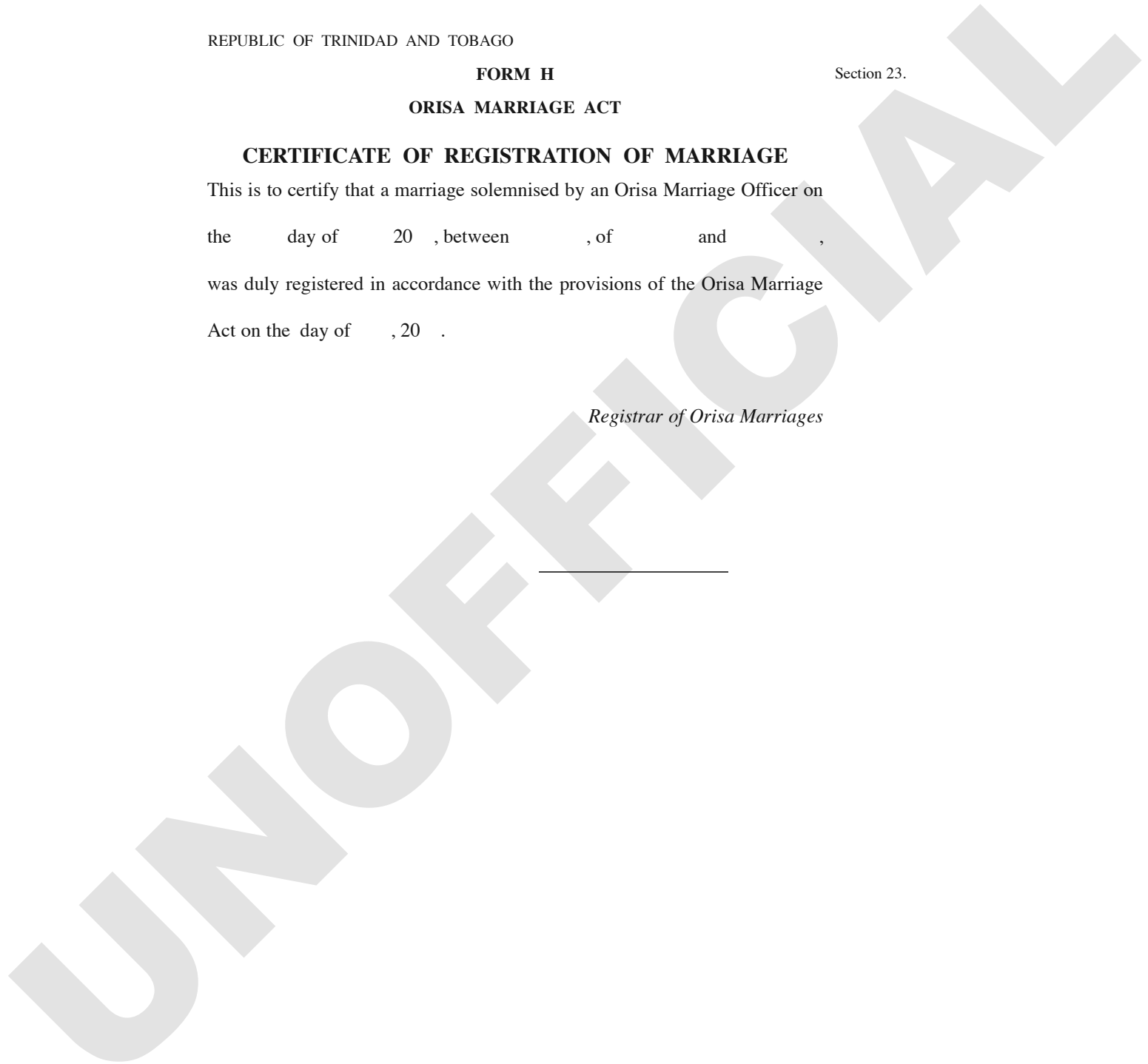
Section 23.

ORISA MARRIAGE ACT

CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRATION OF MARRIAGE

This is to certify that a marriage solemnised by an Orisa Marriage Officer on
the day of 20 , between , of and ,
was duly registered in accordance with the provisions of the Orisa Marriage
Act on the day of , 20 .

Registrar of Orisa Marriages



SUBSIDIARY LEGISLATION

164/2000.

**ORISA MARRIAGE (RECOGNISED ORISA
ORGANISATION) (PRESCRIBED CRITERIA)
REGULATIONS**

made under section 6(3)

Citation.

1. These Regulations may be cited as the Orisa Marriage (Recognised Orisa Organisation) (Prescribed Criteria) Regulations.

Interpretation.
[22 of 1999].

2. In these Regulations, “Act” means the Orisa Marriage Act.

Criteria.

3. The criteria set out in the Schedule shall be the criteria for the designation of an Orisa organisation as a Recognised Orisa Organisation pursuant to section 6(3) of the Act.

Regulation 3.

SCHEDULE

**CRITERIA FOR DESIGNATION AS A RECOGNISED
ORISA ORGANISATION**

1. Orisa organisations incorporated by statute are designated as Recognised Orisa organisations.

2. An application by an Orisa organisation not incorporated by statute, for designation as a Recognised Orisa Organisation, shall be in writing and shall be signed by the Head and Vice Head of the Organisation and at least two elders.

3. An Orisa organisation referred to in paragraph 2 shall comprise at least twenty-five members on the date of application.

ORISA MARRIAGE (PRESCRIBED FEES) REGULATIONS 170/2000.

made under section 36

1. These Regulations may be cited as the Orisa Marriage (Prescribed Fees) Regulations. Citation.

2. The fees set out in the Schedule shall be payable in respect of the matters therein specified. Fees. Schedule.

SCHEDULE

Regulation 2.

FEES

For every entry made in the Marriage Notice Book	...	...	\$10.00
On the issue of District Registrar's Certificate	...	...	\$10.00
On entry of a caveat against the issue of a District Registrar's Certificate			\$25.00
On issue of Certificate of Registration of Marriage	...	...	\$10.00
On application for issue of a Marriage Officer's licence	...	...	\$50.00
On issue of a Marriage Officer's licence	...	...	\$200.00
For every certified copy of any entry (including a search up to one year)			\$25.00
For each additional year searched in relation to the issue of a certified copy			\$12.50