

BILLS OF SALE ACT

CHAPTER 82:32

Act

33 of 1925

Amended by

45 of 1979

6 of 1993

4 of 2020

119/2020

293/2020

*26 of 2020

52/2021

149/2021

287/2021

85/2022

150/2022

220/2022

86/2023

347/2023

(*See Note on page 2)

Current Authorised Pages

<i>Pages (inclusive)</i>	<i>Authorised by L.R.O.</i>
1-13	..

Note on Subsidiary Legislation

This Chapter contains no subsidiary legislation.

Note on Adaptation

Certain fees in this Chapter were increased by the Commission under paragraph 4 of the Second Schedule to the Law Revision Act (Chap. 3:03). Where this occurs, a marginal reference in the form normally indicating an amendment is made to LN 51/1980 (the Legal Notice by which the President's approval was signified).

Note on Act No. 26 of 2020

The amendments made to this Act by Act No. 26 of 2020 took effect on 22nd December 2020 by LN 410/2020.

Note on sections 9A and 17A

The Bills of Sale (Extension of Time) Orders made under sections 9A and 17A have been incorporated into the respective sections as at 31st December 2023. These Orders however, are frequent and numerous and will therefore not be further updated. For further Bills of Sale (Extension of Time) Orders, *see* the Current Edition of *The Consolidated Index of Acts & Subsidiary Legislation* for reference to the above Subsidiary Legislation.

CHAPTER 82:32

BILLS OF SALE ACT

ARRANGEMENT OF SECTIONS

SECTION

1. Short title.
2. Application of Act.
3. Interpretation.
4. Certain instruments giving powers of distress to be subject to this Act.
5. Fixtures or growing crops not to be deemed separately assigned.
6. Bill of sale to have schedule of property attached.
7. After-acquired property.
8. Exception.
9. Bill of sale to be void unless attested and registered.
- 9A. Validity of unregistered bills of sale, etc., during specified period.
10. Power to seize chattels.
11. Form.
12. Execution and registration.
13. Bill of sale under one hundred dollars.
14. Chattels not to be removed or sold.
15. Rates and taxes.
16. Avoidance of certain duplicate bills of sale.
17. Renewal of registration.
- 17A. Validity of lapsed bills of sale, etc., during specified period.
18. Rectification of register.
19. Entry of satisfaction.
20. Affidavits.
21. Time for registration.
22. Fees.
Application of fees.

FIRST SCHEDULE.

SECOND SCHEDULE.

THIRD SCHEDULE.

CHAPTER 82:32

BILLS OF SALE ACT

An Act relating to Bills of Sale.

1950 Ed.
Ch. 31, No. 8.
33 of 1925.

Commencement.

[18TH JUNE 1925]

Short title.

1. This Act may be cited as the Bills of Sale Act.

Application of Act.

2. This Act shall apply to every bill of sale (whether the same be absolute, or subject or not subject to any trust) whereby the holder or grantee has power, either with or without notice, and either immediately or at any future time, to seize or take possession of any personal chattels comprised in or made subject to such bill of sale.

Interpretation.

3. In this Act—
“bill of sale” includes bills of sale, assignments, transfers, declarations of trust without transfer, inventories of goods with receipt thereto attached, or receipts for purchase moneys of goods, and other assurances of personal chattels, and also powers of attorney, authorities, or licences to take possession of personal chattels as security for any debt, and also any agreement, whether intended or not to be followed by the execution of any other instrument, by which a right in equity to any personal chattels, or to any charge or security thereon, is conferred; but does not include the following documents, that is to say, Deeds whereby any live stock or dead stock or other chattels are conveyed or mortgaged together with any plantation or lands, assignments for the benefit of the creditors of the person making or giving the same, marriage settlements, assignments of any ship, vessel, boat, or craft of any description or any share thereof, transfers of goods in the ordinary course of business of any trade or calling, bills of sale of goods not in Trinidad and Tobago, bills of lading, India warrants, warehouse-keepers’

certificates, warrants or orders for the delivery of goods, or any other documents used in the ordinary course of business as proof of the possession or control of goods authorising or purporting to authorise either by endorsement or by delivery the possessor of such document to transfer or receive goods thereby represented;

“mortgage bill of sale” means any bill of sale given by way of security for the payment of money;

“personal chattels” means goods, furniture, and other articles capable of complete transfer by delivery, and (when separately assigned or charged) fixtures; but does not include chattel interests in real estate, nor fixtures when assigned together with a freehold or leasehold interest in any land or building to which they are affixed, nor growing crops, nor shares or interests in the stock, funds, or securities of any government or in the capital or property of incorporated companies, nor things in action, nor any live or dead stock or produce upon any plantation which by virtue of any covenant or agreement ought not to be removed from the plantation where the same are at the time of the making or giving of such bill of sale;

“Registrar” means the Registrar General.

4. Every attornment, instrument or agreement whereby a power of distress is given or agreed to be given by any person to any other person by way of security for any present, future or contingent debt or advance, and whereby any rent is reserved or made payable as a mode of providing for the payment of interest on such debt or advance, or otherwise for the purpose of such security only, shall be deemed to be a bill of sale within the meaning of this Act of any personal chattels which may be seized or taken under such power of distress. However, nothing in this section shall extend to any mortgage of any estate or interest in any lands or tenements which the mortgagee, being in possession, has demised to the mortgagor as his tenant at a fair and reasonable rent.

Certain instruments giving powers of distress to be subject to this Act.

Fixtures or growing crops not to be deemed separately assigned.

5. No fixtures shall be deemed, under this Act, to be separately assigned or charged by reason only that they are assigned by separate words, or that power is given to sever them from the land or building to which they are affixed without otherwise taking possession of or dealing with such land or building, if by the same instrument any freehold or leasehold interest in the land or building to which such fixtures are affixed is also conveyed or assigned to the same persons or person.

Bill of sale to have schedule of property attached.

6. Every bill of sale shall have annexed thereto or written thereon a schedule containing an inventory of the personal chattels comprised in the bill of sale; and such bill of sale, save as hereinafter mentioned, shall have effect only in respect of the personal chattels specifically described in the said schedule, and shall be void, except as against the grantor, in respect of any personal chattels not so specifically described.

After-acquired property.

7. Save as hereinafter mentioned, a bill of sale shall be void, except as against the grantor, in respect of any personal chattels specifically described in the schedule thereto of which the grantor was not the true owner at the time of the execution of the bill of sale.

Exception.

8. Nothing contained in this Act shall render a bill of sale void in respect of any fixtures separately assigned or charged, where such fixtures are used in, attached to, or brought upon any land, plantation, factory, workshop, shop, house, warehouse or other place in substitution for any of the like fixtures specifically described in the schedule to such bill of sale.

Bill of sale to be void unless attested and registered.

9. Every bill of sale and every transfer or assignment thereof shall be duly attested and shall be registered within seven clear days after the execution thereof, or if it is executed in any place out of Trinidad and Tobago, then within seven clear days after the time at which it would in the ordinary course of post arrive in Trinidad and Tobago if posted immediately after the execution thereof; and shall truly set forth the consideration for which it was given; otherwise such bill of sale, transfer, or assignment shall be void in respect of the personal chattels comprised therein.

9A. (1) Notwithstanding section 9, every bill of sale and every transfer or assignment thereof, which is executed prior to or during the period 27th March 2020 to 14th February 2024 or such longer period as the Minister may, by Order, specify, but not registered within seven clear days after the execution thereof, shall be deemed to be valid until 14th February 2024 or such later date as the Minister may, by Order, specify.

Validity of unregistered bills of sale, etc., during specified period. [4 of 2020 119/2020 293/2020 26 of 2020 52/2021 149/2021 287/2021 85/2022 150/2022 220/2022 86/2023 347/2023].

(2) The preservation of validity granted under subsection (1) shall not affect the obligation of a person to register a bill of sale and a transfer or assignment pursuant to section 9.

(3) Where a person fails, on or before 14th February 2024 or any later date specified under subsection (1), to register a bill of sale or a transfer or assignment thereof which is executed prior to or during the period specified in or under subsection (1) and which is required to be registered within seven clear days under this Act, the penalties that would have arisen in respect of such failure shall be revived and become applicable as if the waiver in subsection (1) had not been granted.

10. Personal chattels assigned under a mortgage bill of sale shall not be liable to be seized or taken possession of by the grantee for any other than the following causes:

Power to seize chattels.

- (a) if the grantor makes default in payment of the sum or sums of money thereby secured at the time therein provided for payment, or in the performance of any covenant or agreement contained in the mortgage bill of sale and necessary for maintaining the security;
- (b) if the grantor becomes a bankrupt, or suffers the said goods or any of them to be distrained for rent, rates, or taxes;
- (c) if the grantor, fraudulently either removes or suffers the said goods, or any of them, to be removed from the premises;
- (d) if the grantor, without reasonable excuse, upon demand in writing by the grantee, fails to produce to him his last receipts for rent, rates, and taxes;

- (e) if execution has been levied against the goods of the grantor under any judgment at law.

However, the grantor may, within five days from the seizure or taking possession of any chattels on account of any of the above-mentioned causes, apply to the High Court or to a Judge thereof, and such Court or Judge, if satisfied that by payment of money or otherwise the said cause of seizure no longer exists, may restrain the grantee from removing or selling the said chattels, or may make such other order as may seem just.

Form.

First Schedule.

11. A mortgage bill of sale shall be void, except as against the grantor, unless made in accordance with the form set out in the First Schedule. However, no variation of such form shall render a bill of sale void if the Court is satisfied that such variation was accidental or due to inadvertence or to some other sufficient cause and is not of a nature to prejudice the rights of third parties.

Execution and registration.

12. Every bill of sale shall be executed, attested, and registered under this Act in the following manner:

- (a) such bill of sale shall be executed by the grantor in the presence of such persons and attested and subscribed in such manner as by the law for the time being in force is necessary to render it capable of registration as a Deed;
- (b) every schedule or inventory annexed to a bill of sale or referred to therein shall be registered with such bill of sale, otherwise the registration shall be void;
- (c) if the bill of sale is made or given subject to any defeasance or condition or declaration of trust not contained in the body thereof, such defeasance, condition, or declaration shall be deemed to be part of the bill, and shall be written on the same paper or parchment therewith before the registration, otherwise the registration shall be void.

In case two or more bills of sale are given, comprising in whole or in part any of the same chattels, they shall have priority in the order of the date of their registration respectively as regards such chattels.

13. Every mortgage bill of sale made or given in consideration of any sum under one hundred dollars shall be void.

Bill of sale under one hundred dollars. [51/1980].

14. All personal chattels seized or of which possession is taken under or by virtue of any mortgage bill of sale shall remain on the premises where they were so seized or so taken possession of, and shall not be removed or sold until after the expiration of five clear days from the day they were so seized or so taken possession of.

Chattels not to be removed or sold.

15. A mortgage bill of sale to which this Act applies shall be no protection in respect of personal chattels included in such bill of sale which but for such bill of sale would have been liable to distress for the recovery of rates or taxes.

Rates and taxes.

16. When a subsequent bill of sale is executed within or on the expiration of seven days after the execution of a prior unregistered bill of sale and comprises all or any part of the personal chattels comprised in such prior bill of sale, then if such subsequent bill of sale is given as a security for the same debt as is secured by the prior bill of sale, or for any part of such debt, it shall, to the extent to which it is a security for the same debt or part thereof, and so far as respects the personal chattels or part thereof comprised in the prior bill, be absolutely void, unless it is proved to the satisfaction of the Court having cognisance of the case that the subsequent bill of sale was *bona fide* given for the purpose of correcting some material error in the prior bill of sale, and not for the purpose of evading this Act.

Avoidance of certain duplicate bills of sale.

17. The registration of a bill of sale must be renewed once at least every three years, and if a period of three years elapses from the registration or renewed registration of a bill of sale without a renewal or further renewal (as the case may be), the registration shall become void. The renewal of a registration shall be effected by

Renewal of registration.

registering an affidavit stating the date of the bill of sale and of the last registration thereof, and the names of the parties thereto as stated therein, and that the bill of sale is still a subsisting security.

Every such affidavit may be in the form set out in the Second Schedule.

Second
Schedule.

Validity of
lapsed bills of
sale, etc., during
specified period.
[4 of 2020
119/2020
293/2020
26 of 2020
52/2021
149/2021
287/2021
85/2022
150/2022
220/2022
86/2023
347/2023].

17A. (1) Notwithstanding section 17, the registration of a bill of sale which is not renewed and lapses during the period 27th March 2020 to 14th February 2024 or such longer period as the Minister may, by Order, specify, shall be deemed to be valid until 14th February 2024 or such later date as the Minister may, by Order, specify.

(2) The preservation of validity granted under subsection (1) shall not affect the obligation of a person to renew the registration of a bill of sale under section 17.

(3) Where a person fails, on or before 14th February 2024 or any later date specified under subsection (1), to renew the registration of a bill of sale, the provisions of section 17 shall apply.

Rectification of
register.

18. Any Judge of the High Court, on being satisfied that the omission to register a bill of sale or an affidavit of renewal thereof within the time prescribed by this Act was accidental or due to inadvertence, may, in his discretion, extend the time for such registration on such terms and conditions (if any) as to security, notice by advertisement or otherwise, or as to any other matter, as he thinks fit to direct.

Entry of
satisfaction.

19. On the production of a receipt or memorandum signed by the grantee, his executors, administrators, or assigns, acknowledging that the debt for which any mortgage bill of sale was made or given has been satisfied or discharged, the signature or signatures of such grantee, his executors, administrators, or assigns, being duly attested by one witness at least and verified by the affidavit or solemn declaration of such witness, the Registrar shall endorse upon or annex to such mortgage bill of sale an entry to the effect that such bill of sale is discharged and the same shall be deemed to be discharged accordingly.

20. Every affidavit or solemn declaration required by or for the purposes of this Act may be sworn before any person empowered to take affidavits or solemn declarations required for the registration of Deeds by the law for the time being in force in Trinidad and Tobago.

Affidavits.

21. When the time for registering or renewing the registration of a bill of sale expires on a Saturday, Sunday, public holiday or other day on which the Registrar's office is closed, the registration shall be valid if made on the next following day on which the office is open.

Time for registration.
[45 of 1979].

22. (1) The fees set out in the Third Schedule shall be paid to the Registrar.

Fees.
Third Schedule.

(2) All fees received by the Registrar under this Act shall be accounted for in the same manner as any other fees received by him by virtue of his office.

Application of fees.

Section 11.

FIRST SCHEDULE

MORTGAGE BILL OF SALE

THIS DEED made the day of
20....., between *A.B.* of of the one part and *C.D.* of
of the other part WITNESSETH that in consideration of the sum of \$.....
now paid to *A.B.* by *C.D.*, the receipt of which the said *A.B.* hereby
acknowledges (*or whatever else the consideration may be*), he the said *A.B.*
doth hereby assign unto *C.D.*, his executors, administrators, and assigns, All
and singular the several chattels and things specifically described in the
Schedule hereto by way of security for the payment of the sum of \$.....
and interest thereon at the rate of per cent (*or whatever else may be
the rate of interest or without interest as the case may be*). And the said *A.B.*
doth further agree and declare that he will duly pay to the said *C.D.* the
principal sum aforesaid (*if interest provided for, add*), together with the
interest then due by equal
payments of \$..... on the day of 20.....
(*or whatever else may be the stipulated times or time for payment*). And the
said *A.B.* doth also agree with the said *C.D.* that he will (*here insert terms as
to insurance, payment of rent, or otherwise, which the parties may agree to for
the maintenance or defeasance of the security*).

Provided always, that the chattels hereby assigned shall not be liable to
seizure or to be taken possession of by the said *C.D.* for any cause other than
those specified in this behalf in the Bills of Sale Act.

In witness, etc.

Section 17.

SECOND SCHEDULE

AFFIDAVIT OF REGISTRATION

I, *A.B.* of do
swear that a bill of sale, bearing date the day of
20....., and made between (*insert the names of the parties in the original bill
of sale*), and which said bill of sale was registered on the day
of..... 20..... (*insert date of registration*), is still a
subsisting security.

Sworn, etc.

THIRD SCHEDULE

Section 22.
[45 of 1979
6 of 1993].

FEES

The following fees shall be paid to the Registrar, namely:

On registering any bill of sale, transfer, or assignment by which any property is sold, mortgaged or assigned, when the consideration money expressed to be paid does not exceed \$300.00	\$20.00
And when such consideration money exceeds the sum of \$300.00 and does not exceed the sum of \$500.00	\$40.00
And when such consideration money exceeds the sum of \$500.00	\$60.00
On the affidavit or instrument used for the purpose of re-registering or discharging a bill of sale or bills of sale, in respect of each bill of sale so re-registered or discharged—	
When the consideration money does not exceed the sum of \$300.00	\$20.00
When the consideration money exceeds the sum of \$300.00 ...	\$40.00