

## TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO.

## No. 4—1930.

I ASSENT,

[L.S.]

S. M. GRIER,  
*Acting Governor.*

19th March, 1930.

AN ORDINANCE to amend the Public Health Ordinance,  
Cap. 98.

[19th March, 1930.]

**B**E it enacted by the Governor of Trinidad and Tobago with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof as follows :—

Short title.  
Construction.  
Cap. 98.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Public Health (Amendment) Ordinance, 1930, and shall be read as one with the Public Health Ordinance, hereinafter called the Principal Ordinance.

Amendment  
of s. 36 of  
Cap. 98.

2. Section 36 of the Principal Ordinance is hereby repealed, and in lieu thereof shall be read the following :—

Building  
areas.  
Notice of  
utilization.

36. No owner shall utilize any area of land for the erection of buildings, or shall let, sell or lay out as building lots any area of land, without giving to the local authority two months notice and submitting a plan of the area of land showing the access thereto, the streets to be laid out therein and the course of the

proposed drainage ; and any owner who so utilizes any such area of land or lets, sells or lays out as building lots any such area of land without giving such notice and submitting such plan, or who, having given such notice and submitted such plan, begins to carry out such work or lets, sells or lays out as building lots any such area of land before the approval of the local authority has been given, shall be guilty of an offence under this Ordinance.

**3.** Section 67 of the Principal Ordinance is hereby amended by the addition thereto of the following paragraph :—

(11) For prescribing that the owner or occupier of any premises from which faecal or offensive matter or liquid is at any time carried or removed by a person who has not a permit from the local authority shall be guilty of an offence.

**4.** Paragraph (b) of sub-section (1) of section 83 of the Principal Ordinance is hereby amended by adding the words “ and for preventing the keeping of tuberculous cows in such places.”

**5.** Sub-section (2) of section 88 of the Principal Ordinance is hereby amended by deleting the words “ sale thereof ” and substituting the words “ transport, storage and sale (whether wholesale or retail) thereof.”

**6.** Paragraph (3) of section 141 of the Principal Ordinance is hereby amended by inserting the words “ shower bath,” after the word “ privy ” in the first line.

**7.** Section 142 of the Principal Ordinance is hereby repealed, and in lieu thereof shall be read the following :—

142.—(1) If it appears to the local authority that, in the case of a common lodging house or barrack yard, default is made in complying with any bye-laws made under the last preceding section or with any of the provisions of this Ordinance, the local authority may, by notice in writing specifying the default, require the keeper of such common lodging house or the owner of such barrack yard to remedy the default within such time as may be specified in such notice.

Amendment  
of s. 67 of  
Cap. 98.

Amendment  
of s. 83 (1) of  
Cap. 98.

Amendment  
of s. 88 (2) of  
Cap. 98.

Amendment  
of s. 141 of  
Cap. 98.

Amendment  
of s. 142 of  
Cap. 98.

Common  
lodging houses  
and barracks.

Default in  
complying  
with bye-laws  
or Ordinance.

Recovery of  
expenses  
incurred by  
local  
authority.

(2) If, within the time specified in the notice, the default is not remedied to the satisfaction of the local authority, they may themselves do the work required to be done, and the expenses incurred in so doing may be recovered in the manner hereinafter prescribed, and until paid shall be a charge on the premises in respect of which the work was done.

Cep. 287.

(3) Where a local authority have incurred any expenses in doing any work as aforesaid, such expenses may be recovered by the local authority, together with interest thereon at the rate of five per centum per annum computed from the date of the completion of the work, under the Rates and Charges Recovery Ordinance or by action in the Petty Civil Court of the District, without limit of amount, at the discretion of the local authority.

(4) Whenever it shall be made to appear to the local authority on any representation by the keeper of a common lodging house or the owner of a barrack yard, and on due investigation of the circumstances, that such keeper or owner is from poverty or other inability unable to defray the expenses of any work done by the local authority under this section, the local authority may by order or in agreement with such keeper or owner declare such expenses to be payable by annual instalments within a period not exceeding fifteen years with interest at five per centum per annum until the whole is paid; and such instalments or interest or any part thereof may be recovered by the local authority in the manner provided by the last preceding sub-section.

(5) If at any time any of the instalments or the interest thereon or any part thereof respectively shall be in arrear and unpaid for the period of three months after the time appointed for the payment thereof, the whole amount of the expenses charged on such common lodging house or barrack yard remaining unpaid shall forthwith become payable, together with interest thereon computed from the date of the payment of the last instalment, or if no instalment has been paid, from the date when the expenses charged on such

common lodging house or barrack yard first became due and payable by the keeper or owner, and may be recovered by the local authority in the manner provided by sub-section (3) of this section.

8. Section 160 of the Principal Ordinance is hereby amended by inserting the following as sub-section (1A):— Amendment of s. 160 of Cap. 98.

(1A) The local authority of any rural district may, if they think fit, provide a slaughter house for the whole or for any special area in such district. From and after the provision of any such slaughter house it shall not be lawful for any person to slaughter any animal intended for the food of man in any place within any such area except in the slaughter house provided therefor, and any person acting in contravention of the provisions of this section shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding ten pounds for each animal slaughtered. Slaughter houses in rural districts.

9. Section 169 of the Principal Ordinance is hereby amended by inserting at the end thereof the following words:— Amendment of s. 169 of Cap. 98.

Such charge shall be deemed to be prior and preferential to all existing or future charges or encumbrances thereon, save and except charges for debts due to His Majesty and charges thereon in respect of other rates, charges, or sums of money due to the Corporation of any City or Borough.

10. The following shall be inserted as section 170A of the Principal Ordinance:— New s. 170A.

170A. Any person who does any act in contravention of any of the provisions of this Ordinance, or of any bye-laws made under this Ordinance, or who fails, neglects, or refuses to execute any work or to do anything which he is required to do by virtue of any of the provisions of this Ordinance or of any such bye-laws or of any order or notice served upon him by a local authority by virtue of this Ordinance, shall, unless some other penalty is provided therefor, be Penalties

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liable to a penalty not exceeding ten pounds, and, in case of a continuing offence, to a further penalty of two pounds for each day that such offence is continued after written notice thereof from the local authority.

Passed in Council this seventh day of March, in the year of Our Lord one thousand nine hundred and thirty.

J. W. DAY,  
*Acting Clerk of the Council.*