

TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO.

No. 30.—1896.

14th December.

AN ORDINANCE to amend "The Summary Conviction Offences (Procedure) Ordinance, 1895."

[L.S.]

C. C. KNOLLYS,

ACTING GOVERNOR.

23rd December, 1896.

BE it enacted by the Governor of Trinidad and Tobago with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof as follows:—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as "The Summary Conviction Offences (Procedure) Amendment Ordinance, 1896." Short title and construction.

It shall be read as one with "The Summary Conviction Offences (Procedure) Ordinance, 1895," hereinafter called the Principal Ordinance.

2. The second column of Schedule II. of the Principal Ordinance is hereby repealed, and in lieu thereof shall be read the following:— Repeal and Amendment.

- (1.) Simple larceny, where the value of the whole of the property alleged to have been stolen,

in the opinion of the Court, exceeds twenty pounds but does not exceed fifty pounds.

- (2.) Offences declared by any statute for the time being in force to be punishable as larceny, where the value of the whole of the property alleged to have been stolen, destroyed, injured, or otherwise dealt with by the offender, in the opinion of the Court, exceeds twenty pounds but does not exceed fifty pounds.
- (3.) Larceny from or stealing from the person, where the value of the whole of the property alleged to have been stolen, in the opinion of the Court, exceeds twenty pounds but does not exceed fifty pounds.
- (4.) Larceny as a clerk or servant, where the value of the whole of the property alleged to have been stolen, in the opinion of the Court, exceeds twenty pounds but does not exceed fifty pounds.
- (5.) Embezzlement by a clerk or servant, where the value of the whole of the property alleged to have been embezzled, in the opinion of the Court, exceeds twenty pounds but does not exceed fifty pounds.
- (6.) Stealing any animal, or killing any animal with intent to steal the carcass or any part of the animal so killed, in any case where such stealing or killing is an indictable offence, and where the value of the animal, in the opinion of the Court, exceeds twenty pounds but does not exceed fifty pounds.

- (7.) Receiving stolen goods, in any case where such receiving is an indictable offence, and where the value of the whole of the property alleged to have been received, in the opinion of the Court, exceeds twenty pounds but does not exceed fifty pounds.
- (8.) Aiding, abetting, counselling, or procuring, the commission of any offence hereinbefore in this column specified, where the value of the whole of the property which is the subject of the alleged offence, in the opinion of the Court, exceeds twenty pounds but does not exceed fifty pounds.
- (9.) Attempt to commit any offence hereinbefore in this column specified, where the value of the whole of the property which is the subject of the alleged offence, in the opinion of the Court, exceeds twenty pounds but does not exceed fifty pounds.

3. The repeal by this Ordinance shall not affect the validity or invalidity of anything done or suffered, or any right accrued or liability incurred before the commencement of this Ordinance, or any proceeding pending or uncompleted at the commencement of this Ordinance. Saving.

Passed in Council this Fourteenth day of December, in the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-six.

C. J. ROOKS,
Acting Clerk of the Council.